St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1884. NO. 306.

NUNES-JALKUT MILLINERY CO.,

705-707 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Too Many Goods on Hand! We must Unload.

Read Carefully a few of the Bargains we are offering.

SILKS.

24-inch Black Gros-Grain Silk, $1 and $1 25 a yd; worth $1 50 and $1 75.
Extra quality 19-in Silk, 65c a yd.
Extra heavy 20-inch Silk, 80c a yd.
Check Silks 50c, formerly 75c a yd.
Satins, all shades, 45c a yd.; worth 75c.
Black Satins 50c a yd.
Black Crape, in large variety, all reduced.

RIBBONS.

100 Cartons No. 12 Ottoman Ribbon, 15c a yd; former price 25c.
30 Cartons all Silk Black Watered, 3 and 4 inches wide, 10c a yard.

CORSETS.

Our 75c Corset reduced to 50c.
Our $1 Corset reduced to 75c.
Our $1 25 Corset reduced to $1.

LACES.

In this department you will find goods offered at enormous sacrifices. Full assortment White and Black Laces, Lace Collars, Fichus and Vellings.

FANS.

Expecting warm weather we bought too many. Our former prices are cut in half.

LEATHER BAGS.

Large Assortment, 50c and up.

MILLINERY!

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS.

No old stock. Everything new and fresh. Ladies' and Misses' Round Hats and Bonnets, Ostrich Tips and Plumes, Flowers, Ornaments and our Choice stock of Trimmed Hats.

Nunes-Jalkut Millinery Company,

705-707 Franklin Avenue.

Orders from the Country Carefully filled.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS.
FOR SALE BY
EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR

French Balbriggan, Plain or Fancy Gauze Merino for Men, Women and Children, in great variety of Styles and Prices.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

GO TO THE

Best Place in Town!

And Leave Your Orders for

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Wire Screens, Etc.

CHAS. DAUERNHEIM,

214 North Broadway, between Pine and Olive Streets, East Side.

10,000 YARDS MISFIT BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPET.
This week at 25 per cent below the lowest prices our immense stock of Furniture, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages, Etc., at a sacrifice, all on MONTHLY PAYMENTS or our extra discount for cash at

C. FARNER Stove, Furniture and Carpet Company,
N. W. COR. 14TH ST. AND CLARK AV.
...d Iron's specialty. Estimates solicited. Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

WHAT IS THE MATTER NOW?

Some folks waste columns with tedious descriptions of

Millinery & Fancy Goods

At high prices, and wonder how it is WE ARE DOING ALL THE BUSINESS. A desire of others to maintain prices upon a falling market does not influence us; AS WE BUY SO WE SELL.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.,

"Famous Millinery Department."

White and Black Cart-wheel Hats, this week.....20c
Best Quality Clear White French Chips, all shapes.....75c
Ladies' Fine Milan Picadilly Hats, all colors.....25c

Jerseys! Jerseys!

Thousands upon thousands have been sold, and still they come; and still the reduction in prices continues. Every lady should examine our extensive stock. We offer you a real Glossy Worsted Jersey for $1 50; positively cheap at $2.

$1.65

For the Finest Colored Cashmere Jersey, with bow and pleated back; cost to manufacture, $2 50.
20 dozen Imported Jerseys, elaborately trimmed, $3, $3 40 and $3 75, that have been retailed this season for $4 to $6.

CORSETS.

50 dozen French, German and American manufacture. We guarantee the stays of all our Corsets to be composed of first quality of Arctic whalebone.

Wendt's double front and side steel, extra length, real whalebone.....$ 49
The Health Corset, 5-hook, real bone, silk embroidery, elevated bus.....69
The Triumph Abdominal Corset, side lacing and corded hips.....1 25
The R. and G. Molded Corsets, the most perfect and easy Corset made.....1 25
The Sensible Corset, full bone, extra long, double steel.....1 00
500 Bone Woven Corsets, 90c; worth.....1 25

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO., FAMOUS MILLINERY DEP'T,
FIFTH AND MORGAN STREETS.

THE MISSOURI STEAM WASHER,

Is the Best Washing Machine in the World.

PRICE, $10.

Saves Time and Labor without a particle of wear on the Clothes. It washes perfectly the most delicate fabric absolutely without injury.

SUCCESS IS THE BEST EVIDENCE OF MERIT!

Notwithstanding the general trade is dull and money close we sold for cash from our two Factories the past week, Eleven Hundred of our Steam Washers.

JOHNSTON BROS.,

OFFICE AND FACTORY,

300 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

For Sale at Retail by SIMMONS HARDWARE CO. and WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO., St. Louis.

REMOVAL.

On and after June 28, 1884, I will be permanently located at the old corner on

TENTH STREET and FRANKLIN AVENUE

in the NEW and ELEGANT SHOWROOMS, which for convenience, light and space are equal to any in the city. Special care has been taken in the selection of our stock and I shall offer only such goods that I can recommend for superior quality and good workmanship, which will be displayed in such a manner that everything may be easily examined. I will have as complete a stock of all kinds of FURNITURE as ever before. Everything in the line of Pedestals, Easels, Desks, Music Stands, Fancy Stands, Screens, Bric-a-Brac, Fine Art Goods, Etc.
NEW BUILDINGS! NEW STOCK! NEW STYLES! LOW PRICES! AHEAD OF ALL COMPETITION!

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS,

810 NORTH SIXTH STREET.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Corner Fifth and Olive Sts.

Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.

ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College Pharmacy.

BACKED BY THE BEARS.

The Resolution of "Anything to Down Jay Gould."

Extent of the Decline in Railway and Telegraph Stocks Since March 1—Vanderbilt and Gould's Share of the Losses—An Exciting Day on Wall Street.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The day on Wall street yesterday was one of feverish excitement, caused by a determined onslaught by the bears on every class of security, this being followed by a heavy break in prices. That the day closed without any disasters, and with an improved feeling and somewhat steadier prices, is indicative of the strength of the leading operators, who were made the objects of the chief attacks, and the subject of the most injurious lies. The net result of the day indicates a decline in every active security except six. Chicago and Alton declined 7 per cent; Manhattan, 6; Northwestern, 4¼; Oregon Navigation, 3½; Rock Island, 2⅝; St. Paul, 4; Union Pacific, 1; Western Union, 3¾; Wabash and Louisville and Nashville, 2⅝; Illinois Central, 3⅝; Denver, 2¼; Lake Shore, 2¾; Canada Southern, 2½; Delaware and Hudson, 1½; New York Central, 1⅜. These figures are extraordinary when it is considered that that they are in addition to a decline that has been going on for ten months or more. Since March 1 the decline has been enormous. The depreciation in stocks since that date has been about as follows: Vanderbilt, $50,000,000; Gould to $70,000,000; Huntington stocks to $30,000,000—six other acting securities nearly $40,000,000. The depreciation in New York Central stock since March is about $18,000,000; in Lake Shore, $15,000,000; Michigan Central, $ 800,000; Northwestern, $119,600,000; Lackawanna, $7,500,000; Louisville and Nashville, $6,000,000; Kansas and Texas, $3,7000,000; Texas Pacific, $4,100,000; Union Pacific, $27,000,000; Wabash, $2,4000,000; Western Union, $10,300,000; Central Pacific, $16,800,000; Chesapeake and Ohio, $1,800,000; Denver and Rio Grande, $4,900,000; Erie, $9,200,000; Northern Pacific, $14,000,000; Pacific Mail, $3,200,000; Reading, $10,700,000; Rock Island, $8,800,000. The decline really began with the assassination of Garfield in 1881. Since then, there has been a decline in the price of every security. Taintor & Holt, the bankers, in their careful analysis of the prices of railroad stocks estimate the total depreciation in the value of all quotable railroad securities from July 1, 1881, to March 1, 1884, at $1,180,580,181. The depreciation since March 1, must make the total over one and a half million of dollars. The decline yesterday, after the big upward turn of Saturday morning, was achieved, if the bull operators are to be believed, by the most

EXTRAORDINARY AND WICKED TACTICS

ever resorted to. The market, they say, was largely oversold by the bears and the street interest, in order to save themselves, put forth a succession of reports calculated to unsettle public confidence and cause a panic. This, it is asserted, was begun Saturday afternoon by the attack on the name of the cool and breezy C. P. Huntington, and was continued all day yesterday. The rumors had the desired effect on prices and certainly caused a most feverish and nervous feeling in financial circles. The bears assert in their behalf that, as a matter of fact, every rumor for the last six months has proven true after the most vigorous denials. Yesterday the report about C. P. Huntington was repeated. It was said that there was a lapse of payment on the purchase by Mr. Huntington and others of the Morgan Railroad and Steamship Company. It is unnecessary to say that this was promptly denied. "Every payment on the purchase has been promptly met, the next payment matures next month and will be paid in cash." So said Mr. Huntington. Then, early in the day it was reported on the street, with an earnestness that seemed to admit of no disbelief, that the Union Trust Company or some other trust company—for they were all mentioned in connection with the story—had called a loan on Mr. Gould for $2,000,000, to which Mr. Gould did not respond, and to prevent the sale of the securities deposited as collateral he had applied for an injunction against the Trust Company. Mr. Gould denied the story to a reporter, in every shape in which it could be put.

THE CONTRADICTION WAS COMPLETE

and emphatic. "I have no loans out," said Mr. Gould. As a clincher Mr. Gould remarked, in reply to a question, that he thought prices had struck bed rock. Certainly prices looked very cheap. Mr. Connor, in also denying the report, said that he would be willing to give $5,000 for evidence to convict the author of the rumor. The cry on the street yesterday seemed to be "anything to break Gould." The entire bear crowd, headed by Woerishoffer, appears ready to jump on him at every opportunity. Other rumors were circulated calculated to injure the credit of individuals and destroy public confidence. Among others a prominent dry goods house was mentioned, but they all proved untrue. The following are some of the stories told yesterday: Mr. Gould appealed to Mr. Vanderbilt for aid in sustaining the market. The latter refused and is selling his stocks. Mr. Vanderbilt denies that he has sold any shares of Central, Lake Shore and the rest. It is said that he has only $32,000,000 of Government bonds in his name now as against $58,000,000 a year ago. The decline is attributed to the younger Vanderbilt's having bought "long" while their father was in Europe, and having been obliged to sell when he returned. Cornelius, on the other hand, is said to have been 30,000 shares short of Missouri Pacific and to have been caught by the squeeze Gould gave the stock. A correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH yesterday visited the principal men of the street on the cause of the decline.

"To what do you attribute these sensational rumors affecting the credit of the heavy men of the street?"

WAS ASKED OF AN OPERATOR.

"To the desire of those who wish to depress prices to force them still lower, and much capital is made of the fact that when it was first reported that Garrison had made an assignment it was strenuously denied, and yet it afterwards turned out to be true. So every day there are more or less rumors that Mr. Gould and his holdings, and his denials and those of his friends do not have the force which they would have under opposite circumstances. Men say Garrison denied that he had made an assignment, and yet it turned out that at the time of his denial he had done so. But I think the reaction will come very shortly, and you will see an advance that will be far more rapid than the decline has been. There has been, and is going on, a great deal of quiet purchasing for investment. Men who have watched the market carefully for years have made up their minds that the bottom has been about reached, and that it will be safe to buy and hold stocks for a rise. These men will, I think, make a great deal of money by and by when the tide turns."

Mr. W. E. Connor said: "I can't call the present feeling one of distrust so much as one of fright. Men have confidence enough in the value of securities but they are frightened at the course of the market."

"What reason is there for New York Central selling below par?"

"Well, New York Central has been hurt by the West Shore, and the Lake Shore has been injured by the Nickle Plate. I can see a reason for the decline of these stocks and I don't look for their immediate recovery."

"What effect has the assignment of Commodore Garrison had?"

"None. Why should it? He owes some $2,000,000, but he has five times that amount of assets. You would not

FEEL MUCH ALARMED

if a man owed you money if you felt certain that he had plenty of property to pay you with, would you? Now, if his liabilities were greater than his assets it would be another matter, but this is not the case so far as Mr. Garrison is concerned."

"Will there be other assignments similar to this?"

"It is possible. Men with large holdings may find it necessary for the protection of their properties to call a halt for a time, but if people will get over their present insane alarm I think the market will recover. Just now Mr. Gould seems to be a common mark at which they all fire and rumors of his failure are plentiful. There is not the slightest basis for such rumors, but they have their effect and add to the general alarm."

Things looked very blue among the brokers at the Windsor Hotel last evening. The steady failing of the market, the rumored embarrassments of Jay Gould and the openly expressed fear that should he go under, he would drag almost everybody in Wall street down with him, served to make the brokers' faces as long as they were in Western Union or Missouri Pacific. It is not all exaggeration to say that had Jay Gould shown himself in the lobby of the hotel last evening he would have been pretty roughly dealt with by some of the workers there assembled.

Said one of them:

"Jay Gould offers $5,000 reward to any one who will tell him who is circulating rumors affecting his credit. He is after some small fry like Billy Green Souters, the clerk whom Wash Connor had arrested and taken to the Tombs some time ago. He can save his $5,000 if he wants to come here. I will

TELL HIM TO HIS FACE

what I think of his financial standing. Last Saturday I heard about the $300,000 loan being called on him by one of the banks, and he getting out an injunction to prevent it from selling the Missouri Pacific stock on which it had loaned the money. I wouldn't touch the stock."

Mr. Henry Rockafeller, president of the Standard Oil Company, said yesterday, touching the situation in the oil market: "The trouble with Jay is that it has been manipulated and speculated in as in the case of stocks, produce and everything else. It is fashionable nowadays to be a bear, and they have carried it to a point when a sharp reaction is the only natural result, and after all the best method of adjusting the market."

"Are the banks refusing all certificates?"

"No, there is no trouble in circulating the securities among the banks when the men have good accounts. Why, they are paying $3 per $1,000 for the use of certificates over to-morrow."

"Is the outlook, in your opinion, hopeful as regards the market?"

"Yes, oil can not be produced at any such prices, and it is only a matter of very short time when we will see it go up."

"It is reported that you have been affected by the general decline of the market and—"

"Yes," interrupted Mr. Rockafeller, with a laugh, "and that I am all broken up and am going to resign and all that sort of thing. Now, I have no intention of resigning, at least that I know of. Those reports that I am affected and that the Standard Oil Company and that the individuals managing it are affected are all infamous lies. We are not in the least affected unfavorably in our finances."

"Does this crisis affect the European market?"

"Not to any appreciable extent. The European trade is about equal this year to the shipments of any previous year."

"Had the Standard Oil Company anything to do with bringing about this crisis in the market?"

"Not that I know of."

"But it is rumored—"

"Oh, yes," interrupted Mr. Rockafeller, "the street is full of rumors, but in spite of them all the oil market is solid, and don't you forget it."

UNCLE'S WILL.

The Peculiar Behest of a Bridgeport, Conn., Merchant—A Plucky Girl.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., June 24.—The Evening Farmer of this city contained the following advertisement a few weeks ago: "Miss L. S. W. Cousin—I will try to find you no longer. If my presence would be distasteful, I shall not force it on you. Your father and mother unite with me in wanting you to return to carry on further instructions about the estate. Call at Post Office for a letter which will tell you. Sorrowfully, C. S. St. Q."

"It was learned that the initials "C. S. St. Q.," were those of Mr. Charles Schuyler St. Quintan, of New York. Before the war his grandfather, Mr. Charles Schuyler, a wealthy merchant residing on Forty-sixth street, near Madison avenue, New York. He had two daughters, Laura and Dora. Laura fell in love with George Wellington, who brought with him letters of recommendation from families in the best society in London. Mr. Schuyler, noticing how his daughters' affections were being centered on the young foreigners, wrote to his English acquaintances and learned that the letters of introduction were a forgery. He was about to close the doors to the young adventurer when the latter declared that he had secretly married Laura a week previous and that his father-in-law had better make the best of it. In a rage the father settled part of his estate on his daughter so that she might never suffer any want and then ordered the pair never to come into his presence again, whereupon they left the city and disappeared. Dora, the other daughter, married a young merchant, Mr. Theodore St. Quintan, who became his father-in-law's partner.

THE AUTHOR OF THE PERSONAL

now a handsome, dark-featured young man about 23 years old, is their only child. Last year Mr. Schuyler became ill, and before his death he asked to see all his children again. At this time the Wellingtons were living in this city under an assumed name. In some way Mr. Wellington had got hold of the property which Mr. Schuyler had intended to settle on his daughter alone, and had squandered it. Their one daughter, Laura Schuyler Wellington, was a maid for a family on State street. These facts were known to Mrs. St. Quintan, and she sent word to her sister of their dying father's wish. The Wellingtons went to New York, too late, however, to see Mr. Schuyler alive. In his will after making provisions for the two daughters, he bequeathed the rest of the estate to the two grand children, provided they married each other, otherwise to the one who was willing to marry. If both declined to marry the estate was to go to a charitable institution. Young Charles was willing to marry his pretty cousin, but she positively refused on grounds both of consanguinity and because she felt that her mother had been wronged. She returned to Bridgeport and continued her work as a maid. The attorney of the estate wrote to her several times informing her that she would lose a fortune unless she complied with the terms of the will. Still she refused, and the attorney was obliged to turn over the whole of the estate to Mr. St. Quinton. The thought that his cousin was passing her life in a menial position worried the young man, and he determined to voluntarily transfer one-half of the estate to her. He wrote to her to this effect several times, but received no answer. The mistress of the house where the young girl was at service returned the letters unopened, stating that she did not know where her maid had gone. Mr. St. Quinton finally determined to come to this city himself. He stopped at the Sterling House, and after unsuccessful searching for his cousin as a last resort inserted the advertisement. It is said that Miss Wellington saw this personal and called at the Post Office for the letter mentioned and then wrote him a touching letter thanking him for his generosity. Friends in this city who know both parties now say that it would not be strange if old Mr. Schuyler's wishes would be fulfilled.

BLAINE'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

The Paper Not Yet Ready For Publication—The Candidates' Movements.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

AUGUSTA, ME., June 24.—Reports are telegraphed from here about Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance which smack more of fiction than of fact. The letter has not yet been put in shape, and whatever about it that has been published has not come from Mr. Blaine or gone out with his consent. It is safe to say that he is in hearty accord with what is laid down in the National platform, because he has expressed himself. It will be given to the Associated Press as soon as it is proper that it should be published. Mr. Blaine goes to Lewiston on Wednesday to be present at the Bates College commencement exercises. A public reception will be given him at the City Hall during the evening of that day by the citizens of Lewiston and Auburn, without regard to their politics.

THE SPEECH THAT MR. BLAINE

will make will not be of a political character. At the commencement dinner the following day he, with Governor Robie and others, will speak. Next week Mr. Blaine will attend the commencement exercises at Colby University, and the following week he will go to Bowdoin. A committee waited on him to-day and invited him to go to Orono, to be present at the commencement exercises of the State Agricultural College, but he was obliged to decline on account of his engagement at Bates. In the preparation of Mr. Blaine's second volume of his history he will shortly be able to devote two hours daily. Mr. Sherman, his old secretary, is now organizing a corps of clerks to attend to his correspondence. Mrs. Blaine contemplates leaving here this week with her daughter and youngest son for Mount Desert, where Mr. Blaine has rented a cottage for the season.

CAME AROUND ALL RIGHT.

Walter Wilson Who Decamped on the Eve of His Wedding Day

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MONTREAL, June 24.—Walter Wilson, who left the city on the eve of his wedding and who has since been sojourning in New York, returned here yesterday. His departure caused a sensation in society circles at the time. During the carnival at Montreal a wedding had been arranged between Mr. Wilson and Miss McDougal, both representing well-known families. The Cathedral was lighted up and the bride was arrayed in her bridal toilet, when a dispatch was received announcing that Mr. Wilson would not appear, and the wedding was accordingly postponed. Mr. Wilson went immediately to New York and stopped at the Everett House. He refused to speak on the subject of the wedding, but his friends maintained that he had a good and valid excuse for not appearing at the wedding celebration. He has since remained away from Montreal, although he has a lucrative business. Now it is learned that the matter has been amicably settled. It is rumored here that the marriage will yet take place, but the ceremony will be strictly private and the newly wedded couple will go to Europe on a wedding tour.

EXTRA.

4:45 P.M.

THE WORK BEGUN.

The State Democratic Convention Permanently Organized.

Charles E. Peers Selected as Permanent Chairman.

Munford and O'Day Placed in Nomination.

Adjournment Till To-Morrow Without Election of Delegates at Large.

Statement of Preferences of the Entire State Delegation to Chicago.

Scenes in the Convention Hall—Cleveland Undoubtedly the Choice of the State—Mayor Ewing's Address of Welcome.

Our convention guests, being nearly all from the country, are very early risers, and as early as 7 o'clock this morning, the rotunda and sidewalk at the Laclede had resumed the same animated aspect that they wore up to nearly 12 o'clock last night. A great many of the delegates had not been in bed at all, preferring the night breezes in comfortable chairs to the six-in-a-room accommodations which the hotels were able to afford. The night had been one of excitement and ceaseless debate, and the men who felt rested with the coming of the morning were very few indeed. At daylight the temperature was nearly eighty, and at 7 o'clock it was nearly ninety, with a promise of a steady rise for five or six hours. Exertion meant actual suffering, but there were many canvassers early on the ground, determined to waste no part of the few hours yet remaining before the opening of the Convention. Most of the workers devoted their endeavors mainly to holding their forces together, it having been pretty generally conceded yesterday that O'Day, Munford and Crittenden had reached the safety point provided their strength could be husbanded. Whatever of an aggressive fight was made, was in the interest of Mansur and Francis against Crittenden and Priest. The friends of Francis this morning claimed to have made very decided gains by the night's work, while Gov. Crittenden had seemingly retrograded a little from the position of reasonably sure to doubtful. The logic, however, was in favor of Crittenden and Priest. In no convention for many years has the strength of railroad influence been so pronounced, as compared with all other influences, as in this. That influence favors Crittenden and Priest beyond all question, and since it is strong enough to give O'Day and Munford a certain victory, there is no very great probability that it will fail on the other two. The option-dealing feature of the Merchants' Exchange has been used

WITH A GREAT DEAL OF FORCE

in order to sway the gentle member from the country against Mr. Francis and in favor of Mr. Priest. The Mansur men have been arguing from all this that, since St. Louis is so divided in her choice of a delegate from her own territory, the best way to settle it will be to allow her no delegate at all, but to give the position over which they are contesting to Mansur.

By 8 o'clock the uproar that prevailed all day yesterday was exceeded at the Laclede, the crowd having been greatly augmented by arrivals on the morning trains. The distribution of badges by the chairman of the State Committee began soon after that hour, and the main stairway of the Laclede was constantly crowded by two throngs, one moving in each direction.

The Convention.

The Standard Theater was in its glory to-day, and until 10 o'clock its entrances were guarded as closely as though it were a house of parliament in a dynamite scare. At that hour the doors were opened, and a couple of stalwart policemen took charge of each portal. A band on the front balcony entered upon the discussion of an admirable series of selections about ten, and soon a procession set in toward that common point from both Laclede and Southern. Nearly every man in the entire crowd was equipped with a palm-leaf fan, and shirt-cuffs of varying degrees of stiffness and whiteness were uniformly displayed to the elbows. The rules of admission were very strict, and the man who presented a ticket or badge at the wrong door stood no more show of getting in than the man who was denouncing the entire Democratic party for his inability to get a ticket for any door at all.

THE THEATER.

Neatness rather than gaudiness or profusion was the characteristic of the decorations of the theater interior which, being itself quite ornate, needed but very little beautifying to make it aesthetically worthy of harboring so august and intellectual a body. The stage setting was a palatial apartment, about fifty very handsome arm-chairs upholstered in blue and old gold being placed for the comfort of the platform's occupants. One of the scene shifters arranged a winter scene, thinking that the combination of snow-laden fields, frosted trees and iced homesteads would have a refreshing effect, but his suggestion was overruled. In order to insure as cool an atmosphere as possible all entrances and exits were left open, but even with this done and before the delegates had arrived the atmosphere was anything but invigorating, and the promise of a red-hot day's work was very clear. In the body of the theater a number of handsome flags had been disposed in a pleasing manner. Two handsome flags hung from the right hand upper boxes and a third was spread across the front of the upper gallery. The lower pillars were crossed with flags, foreign nations being complimented in many instances, the most conspicuous being perhaps one which combined the Union Jack of Old England with the regulation banner of the United States. The seating places of the different delegations was designated by placards. No. 1 being placed in the northeast corner of the auditorium, the others running back in regular order, about three-fourths of the lower floor being thus occupied.

At a quarter before 11 o'clock the theater was well filled, and the band took up its position on the inside.

On the platform the elegantly upholstered chairs were, by this time, occupied by a large number of prominent citizens, besides the members of the State committee.

AMONG THOSE THERE SEATED

were noted: Mayor Ewing, Commodore L. A. Smith, Web. M. Samuel, Charles Gibson, Col. D. P. Dyer, Henry T. Kent, Mr. Bell, Hon. M. L. Clardy, Comptroller E. L. Adreon, Frederick Holmes, C. W. Knapp, Clarence Hobiltzelle, Commissioner Woodward, Hon. John Walker, M. W. Hogan, Geo. Bain, jr., Temple Henry Keevil, D. W. Wear, Gen. R. E. Bentley, Jas. Duross, Samuel Hays, J. C. McMinnies, Celaus Price, Henry Newman, Gov. Robert A. Campbell, Judge J. J. Lindly, H. Clay Sexton, D. Robert Barclay, C. M. Napton, R. G. Moran, C. E. Wells, David W. Caruth, F. J. Woodlock, William Mayo, J. H. McEntire, Thomas Ward, Ed Butler and Alex Garesche.

At precisely 11 o'clock the

CONVENTION WAS CALLED TO ORDER

by Chairman O'Day of the State Committee, who called upon the Rabbi Sonneschein to deliver the opening prayer, an innovation as remarkable as that of the National Republican Convention of Chicago when it called upon a Catholic priest to offer prayer.

The Reverend Dr. Sonneschein delivered, standing, the following invocation: He said: "Let us pray! Eternal Father, Thou who hereover rest the sacred peace in the heavenly spheres, sanctify thy name in this gathering. We beseech Thee, inspire the sons of this great and free State of Missouri, with wisdom and intelligence. The important questions of loyalty and statesmanship may they solve wisely. Let peace and harmony be the outcome of all discension and party strife. We are all thy children and we beseech thee give us wisdom and peace and harmony forever and ever, amen.

Mr. O'Day now delivered his

OPENING ADDRESS,

stating the object of the convention, the basis of representation, etc. He said he had no doubt from the character of the delegates present that the honor, dignity and Democracy of Missouri would be maintained by her delegates at large, or that the candidate whom they should assist in nominating at Chicago would received such support in this State as has in the past made the State of Missouri the brightest jewel in the national diadem. It was, he said, too warm for speech making, and without further delay he would introduce the temporary chairman agreed upon by the State Committee—the Hon. Martin L. Clardy. [Loud applause.]

The other temporary officers were as follows: Secretary, W. L. Fitzgerald; assistant secretaries, Thos. S. McPheeters, Walter T. McIntire, Sam'l Acton.

Sergeant-at-arms: Jno. W. Booth; assistants, P. C. Taylor, S. C. Cobb, Jno. H. Tracy, Ash W. Ewing, Lee Davidson, Capt. McGinniss.

Doorkeeper: Jno. O'Brien; assistants, Jas. Kirby, B. P. Bailey, Wm. Hodnett, P. J. Woodlock, Thos. Walsh, Jno. D. Miller, Thos. Brady.

HON. MARTIN F. CLARDY

was announced as the temporary chairman. He came forward to the chair amidst immense applause, and as soon as it had subsided he said:

"Gentlemen of the convention: Your duty is a high one, honorable, almost a holy one. You are here to select delegates who will name Chicago at the next president and vice-president of the United States. [Applause.] You will go there the representative of our party, filled with hope, inspired with the justice of our cause to meet and name, not the man who will use corrupt methods in a corrupt administration, but an honest man who, with honest methods, will give us an honest administration. Time and again we have been beaten, often fairly, frequently by the eloquence of money. Once were we robbed of a victory fairly won. Yet undismayed by defeat or by robbery, each four years has witnessed our earnest effort to give a good Government to the country. Never in the last twenty-four years has the bright star of hope beamed so brightly upon us. We only need to be true to ourselves and to the party to achieve a glorious victory in November next.

The dissatisfaction of the Republicans with their candidates cannot justly be ascribed to the distrust of their candidates alone. Thoughtful men recognize the absolute necessity of a change of administration to the end that the affairs of the Government be administered not for the monopolists and robbers but for the whole country. "Reform" was our watchword in 1876. It has been adopted by thousands of honest Republicans who do not believe in the plunder of the Treasury. The presentation of a name connected with schemes of doubtful honesty is a proclamation to the people that if reform is wanted, they must turn to our party. That mass of glittering generalities called a platform by the Republicans can impose on no one. There is a plank saying that there must be a restriction placed on the railroads, which is balanced by twenty-four years of favoritism to them. There is a public lands plank which is in juxtaposition to the sale and plunder of the National domain, and shows a change of heart indeed. While the words were being penned at Chicago members of Congress of the party were filibustering for a measure to give lands to railroads. An overshadowing centralization of power at Washington is the work of the party and nothing else. "Tariff reform," said the platform at Chicago. The Democrats long since claimed that the tariff laws were iniquitous long ago and this is the first any one knew of Republican belief on the subject. I would counsel delegates to seek a steadfast adherence to the principles of party; to work for a constitutional government as defined by Jefferson against the theory that the government means unlimited sovereignty. Jefferson told us of the danger of transforming our institutions by judicial decisions. His prophecy is being fulfilled. The danger is upon us. Let us follow in the path of our fathers, and we can neither wander nor stumble. I said our delegates were wedded to no man. There is one man standing out from our midst, and a patriot, the matchless luster of whose name is a beacon light to the lovers of good Government—a man whose name is held in reverence by more than one-half of the qualified voters of the country. We all indulged the fond hope that S. J. Tilden would assume our leadership in the coming campaign. The eternal fitness of things pointed him out as our natural leader. We knew he was feeble in health, but we hoped he would take up the baton of leadership. But there is a power before whom we must bow. Sooner or later comes the time when each man must say, as Gov. Tilden said: "I submit to the will of God in deeming my political career closed." But we are not without names. We are not dependent on any one man. There is that noble one, Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, whose record is known to all. [Applause.] There is old John McDonald. [Applause.] There is that great-hearted, noble gentleman, that big senator of the little state, Thos. F. Bayard. [Applause.] There is the Governor of that grand commonwealth of New York, Grover Cleveland. [Cheers, rising, falling and swelling again and again] whose record is only approached by that patriot statesman, Samuel J. Tilden. The nomination of any of these would revitalize the constitution, bring back the early days and better times of the Republic. I must give thanks to the Central Committee. I am sure I am not offending good taste in saying that these gentlemen without hope of reward made a record in the campaign of 1882, gaining fourteen Democratic Congressmen, a work unequaled by any record ever made by any campaign committee. I return to them the thanks of the Democracy of Missouri. I await the pleasure of the convention."

A Star Spangled Banner interlude followed Mr. Clardy's speech.

The full list of temporary officers was now announced by Mr. O'Day, after which Dr. Shields of Marion, moved that the convention proceed to the naming of its committees on permanent organization, order of business and rules.

Pending the motion Mayor Ewing was introduced, and, notwithstanding his Republicanism, was accorded a very enthusiastic greeting. He delivered the following address of welcome, which was interrupted frequently by applause:

THE MAYOR'S WELCOME.

Mayor Ewing spoke as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION—This is certainly a new departure in the history of the politics of Missouri; but it is one which meets my hearty approval and indorsement.

You have come here, gentlemen, the representative men of a great political party, in State convention assembled, to consult together, and take measures upon interests which affect, not only Missouri, but the entire country.

You are endowed with plenary powers, so far as Missouri is concerned, to act in regard to such interests.

In behalf of the people of St. Louis, regardless of party fealty and affiliations, I bid you welcome.

You will meet, at the hands of representative men of our city, with a cordial greeting and a hearty reception.

No political questions are involved in the arrangements which have been perfected for you pleasure and entertainment; it is a spontaneous desire of our whole people to express to you—our friends, our neighbors and our fellow citizens of the State—the kind and fraternal feelings which have prompted such a reception as it is proposed to tender to you; and every endeavor will be made to render your stay among us pleasant, and worthy of memory.

I trust you will receive these greetings and attentions as they are tendered—whole-souled, generous and hearty.

When you return to your homes, carry with you the pleasant memories of this hour; and remember that St. Louis, the metropolis, not only of Missouri, but of this great West, considers your interests co-extensive with her own; we are the people of a great commonwealth, responsible to each other, and we should be friends and brothers.

And now, gentlemen of the convention, again accept from me, in the name and in behalf of the people of St. Louis, a cordial, hearty and sincere greeting.

SENATOR ANDREW MACKEY

of Chariton came forward and delivered a response to the Mayor's address, thanking the Mayor for his hearty welcome. It was, he said, a pleasant omen when partisanship was forgotten and such a welcome could come from a Republican Mayor to a Democratic gathering. He spoke in high compliment of the city of St. Louis, and declared it to be the pride of all Missourians that they could claim a part proprietorship in such a metropolis. With a very neat compliment for Mayor Ewing on the character of his administration the gentleman closed a speech whose only fault was his lack of vocal power.

JUDGE LINDLEY

next took the platform, and disclaiming any intention to make a speech, stated that the citizens of St. Louis, desiring to foster warmer and more friendly relations with the representative people of the State at large, had arranged a programme of entertainment, the chief features of which he proceeded to descant upon in a very happy vein. His sallies provoked tears of laughter, and a very thorough exposition of the programme was made, as has been fully published in the POST-DISPATCH. When he had concluded there were cries for him to "go on!"

The committees were now announced as follows:

CREDENTIALS.

First District—J. B. Ripley.
Second District—W. H. Brownlee.
Third District—Col. Jos. Shelly.
Fourth District—Frank M. Lowe.
Fifth District—W. B. Steele.
Sixth District—B. F. Walker.
Seventh District—John A. Collins.
Eighth District—John B. O'Mara.
Ninth District—Freeman T. Barnum.
Tenth District—J. W. Bergmann.
Eleventh District—H. Z. Warren.
Twelfth District—J. B. Warren.
Thirteenth District—J. H. Naylor.
Fourteenth District—W. A. Burns.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

First District—Dr. J. G. Hart.
Second District—J. L. Merrick.
Third District—J. W. Alexander.
Fourth District—E. H. Daniels.
Fifth District—W. L. Shipp.
Sixth District—J. C. Gillespie.
Seventh District—E. B. Cook.
Eighth District—Richard N. Wray.
Ninth District—C. C. Rainwater.
Tenth District—A. DeMenil.
Eleventh District—P. T. Bailey.
Twelfth District—B. G. Boone.
Thirteenth District—Wm. Weaver.
Fourteenth District—R. T. Oliver.

RESOLUTIONS.

First District—Ed. McCabe.
Second District—R. A. DeHolt.
Third District—James H. Birch.
Fourth District—Henry M. Ramsey.
Fifth District—Wm. L. Shipp.
Sixth District—Hez. Purdoux.
Seventh District—W. W. Fry.
Eighth District—Thos. Morris.
Ninth District—L. A. Steber.
Tenth District—J. F. Green.
Eleventh District—J. W. Farris.
Twelfth District—C. W. Sloane.
Thirteenth District—M. E. Benton.
Fourteenth District—C. E. Stokes.

Immediately after the announcement of the committees the convention adjourned till 2 p. m.

AFTER RECESS

the Convention was not called to order again till half past 2 o'clock, when the Committee on Credentials reported that they had failed to receive any credentials from either the Second or the Third District, and hence were unable to report. The Third District submitted its papers, which had been withheld by oversight. It was learned that the Second District member of the Committee on Credentials had failed to appear in the committe, ann that he was still missing with the credentials in his pocket. It was agreed that each county delegation from that district should have the right to report individually to the committee the delegates who had been for their respective counties.

While waiting for the committe's report the convention was very restless, and speeches were called for from Moran, of St. Joe, from Father Betts, from Gov. Campbell, from Gen. Marmaduke, from Judge John F. Philips.

None of the gentlemen mentioned would respond, however, and by music and chatting the time was filled in till nearly 3 o'clock. The Committee on Credentials then reported a clean score, no contests, and recommended that in case any of the delegates were not in attendance, the members present be entitled to cast the votes of the entire delegation. The names of the delegates were not read, and the report was adopted.

The Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business was then called for, but strangely enough, its chairman and secretary were missing and a ten minutes wait failed to discover them.

One excited gentleman moved that the temporary organization be made permanent.

Three cheers for the old ticket, and three more for Governor Cleveland, gained two or three minutes, and at the juncture the chairman and secretary of the Committee on Permanent Organization put in an appearance with the report, which was read by A. N. DeMenil.

The names of Peers and Bell were received with loud applause.

The report which will be found elsewhere was adopted, a proposed amendment reducing the limit of speeches to five minutes being rejected.

Messrs. Easley, Noland and Shanklin were appointed a committee to escort Hon. C. E. Peers to the chair.

MR. PEERS

was loudly cheered. He made a brief speech of thanks. He said that he regarded his election not as a personal compliment, but as an indorsement of the active young Democrats of the State, whom he represented, and an expression in favor of a rapid dispatch of the convention's business. These auspices under which this convention met, he said, were most favorable, and boded the most admirable results. The party experienced no scarcity of presidential material of the finest character, he said, and he then made brief reference to each of the leading candidates, the name of Cleveland, as before, provoking the loudest applause, although the speaker manifestly favored Bayard. With a few words of thanks to the convention Mr. Peers announced that business was in order.

The announcement of the result of elections for congressional district delegates to Chicago was called for, and after a motion to adjourn till to-morrow morning in order to make the Fair Grounds trip had been voted down by an overwhelming majority, the delegates were announced as published in another column.

The chair announced that the next order of business would be the election of four delegates at large to the National Convention.

Col. Jackson took the platform and congratulating the Democracy of the State on the harmony and good feeling characterizing the convention, which were but typical of the conditions that will prevail in Chicago when the next President is nominated, he went into a brief review of the history of the Democratic party. His contrast between Samuel J. Tilden and the man who usurped the place that Tilden had won—Rutherford B. Hayes—was a very effective piece of oratory and was loudly cheered. Having made this review by way of preface, he placed in nomination with lavish praise, Morrison Munford, quoting in conclusion "None knew him but to love him, none named him but to praise."

Dr. Shields moved a recess till 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, but it was voted down.

Mr. Clark of Platte County seconded the nomination of Dr. Munford. His remarks were very complimentary and very brief.

Col. Benton of Newton County, next mounted the platform. He did not concede that the Democratic party owed anything to any man, but that it was the duty of all Democrats to give all their energy and all their efforts to the party. Yet when the party does determine to bestow honorary positions on men in its ranks, the recipients of those honors should be the men who have proved their faith by their works. Such a man was John O'Day. [Loud cheers.] The speaker gave a political biography of Mr. O'Day that was slightly colored by friendship, and it was made to appear that, but for John O'Day Missouri would to-day be without a Democratic party. A really eloquent passage which wound up with the declaration that O'Day was the sort of man to "stir thar Ely" provoked roars of laughter, and with the remark that he had forgotten the other half of his speech, but felt safe in trusting his man to the convention in its present humor.

Judge Shanklin of Grundy moved that the convention adjourn.

Mr. Dryden seconded, and with a howl the motion carried and the convention stood adjourned until nine o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Permanent Officers.

The committee on permanent organization had a very harmonious meeting in the ladies' parlor of the Laclede Hotel. Mr. R. B. Oliver of Cape Girardeau, was chosen chairman of the meeting and A. N. DeMenil secretary. The following were chosen to serve as permanent officers of the convention:

President, Chas. E. Peers of Warren county; Secretary, Nicholas Bell of St. Louis; Assistants, Wm. L. Fitzgerald of St. Louis, E. T. O'Meer of Saline, Walter L. McEntire of St. Louis, C. L. Horine of Jefferson County, and W. L. Mitchell of Cedar; Sergeant-at-arms, J. W. Booth, with power to appoint his own assistants.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

The following vice-presidents were appointed by the committee:

First District—George W. Easley of Marion County.
Second District—
Third District—T. T. Child of Ray County.
Fourth District—E. Mell, Coffey of Platt.
Fifth District—Cary Elliott of Johnson.
Sixth District—Eli Penter of Boone.
Seventh District—
Eighth District—Judge Hyatt of St. Louis County.
Ninth District—W. F. Beyle of St. Louis.
Tenth District—A. N. DeMenil of St. Louis.
Eleventh District—J. R. Edwards of Cole.
Twelfth District—
Thirteenth District—M. E. Benton of Newcome.
Fourteenth District—F. M. Wells of Bollinger.

Order of Business,

1. The Committee on Permanent Organization recommend that all resolutions be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate.
2. The election of district delegates will be announced.
3. The election of delegates at large.
4. Report of the Committee on Resolutions.

In General—The rules of the last General Assembly, as far as applicable, are to be made the rules of this convention. Nominating speeches shall not exceed ten minutes in length; seconding speeches, five minutes.

Counties shall be called in alphabetical order; in the city the wards shall be called in numerical order.

DELEGATES TO CHICAGO.

Meeting of the Various Congressional Delegations Held This Morning.

The delegates from the various Congressional Districts assembled at the appointed places this morning. There was considerable delay and some misunderstanding incident to confusion and erroneous announcements, but all of them finally met and chose their delegates. A few of the districts postponed the selection of members of the committees to the convention meeting. Following are the results of the district meetings:

FIRST DISTRICT.

In the First District caucus Dr. D. H. Shields was selected chairman, and after the usual amenities between the Second and Third District delegations, Howard of Cleveland and Sayers of Lewis were selected as delegates. Col. Tom Hawkins of Palmyra moved to instruct the delegates for Gov. Cleveland. C. C. Forest of Schuyler moved to substitute Tilden's name for Cleveland. It was eventually determined that the delegation should do all in its power to get the convention to instruct for Tilden first and Cleveland next, and that all should endeavor to force the adoption of the unit rule.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Col. Hanklin of Grundy was elected chairman of the Second Congressional District's caucus with John. Wilcox of Linn secretary. Delegates, Ed M. Harber of Grundy and J. H. Carmody of Moberly. Alternates, Col. J. B. Hale of Carroll and J. C. Wallace of Chariton. Following are the committeemen: Permanent organization, J. L. Hirrick of Carroll; resolutions, Wm. Brownlee of Linn; credentials, R. A. Debote of Grundy.

THIRD DISTRICT.

The Third Congressional District sends Josh Thomas of Gentry, and Thos. H. Frame of Clay to Chicago. The following alternates were selected: Jos. Shelly of Mercer and Dr. Tinsley Brown of Caldwell.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

The delegates from the Fourth Congressional District met at room 22 at the Lindell Hotel. Lafe Dawson of Nodaway was chosen chairman and Tom Collins of Platte, secretary. E. S. McCaffrey of Platte was selected as vice-president for the district. The delegates chosen were Walter Young of Buchanan and Levi Zook of Holt. Alternates: David Roy of Van Buren and John Rassfeld of Platte. The choice of members of the committees was postponed until the convention meeting.

THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

One of the most interesting of all the Congressional District Conventions held this morning was that of the Fifth or Kansas City District. Some time ago the Lafayette County and Johnson County people agreed with the Democrats of the eastern or Independence end of Jackson County that since Johnson County had no candidate for district delegate to Chicago, and since Lafayette had only one, it was only fair that the other delegates should be accorded to the east end of Jackson County, as the west end would have Van Horn for delegate at large. After the delegates arrived here, however, the Kansas City men, not satisfied with having one delegate at large, determined to claim a district delegate also. This rendered the Independence people very indignant, but they realized that it would not do to have a row, and after characterizing the action of the Kansas City folks as hoggish, determined to submit quietly. The district meeting was held in the gentlemen's parlor of the Laclede at 9 o'clock, Mr. W. Ferry of Kansas City being elected chairman. After the preliminary motions, an election of two delegates to Chicago was entered into. Capt. R. E. Collins of Lafayette was placed in nomination and Kansas City put E. L. Marten to the front as its candidate. Col. J. H. Slover, who had been selected by the Lafayette and Independence people as the proper man to represent Jackson County at Chicago, arose and made an admirable speech, in which he detailed the history above given. He stated that he believed the claims of the east end of Jackson County should be recognized, because Kansas City was the chairman and secretary of large in the first place, and because the east end of the county furnishes the majority which makes Jackson County Democratic. On the other hand he did not wish to be the occasion of any discord, and consequently would withdraw his name as a candidate and leave the meeting free of any embarrassment in the premises. If the best interests of the party were considered the meeting, he said, would yet select somebody from the east end of Jackson County. His remarks were applauded, and the meeting then proceeded to do what he had protested against, Messrs. Marten and Collins being elected without a dissenting vote. W. P. R. Williams of Johnson and Jas. McDaniels of Kansas City were elected alternates.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

The Sixth Congressional District delegates met in parlor No. 17 at the Lindell Hotel at 10 o'clock. Hon. John S. Elliott of Cooper called the meeting to order. J. H. Cornell was elected chairman, and A. W. Ravenel secretary. The following were chosen: Vice-president, J. S. Thompson of Howard; committee on credentials, R. F. Walker of Morgan; committee on permanent organization, J. C. Gillespie of Boone; committee on resolutions, Hez. Perdoux of Saline; delegates, B. F. Reavis of Moniteau, and T. H. Bascom of Saline; alternates, J. S. Thompson of Howard and E. W. Stephens of Boone. There were no instructions.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Hon. D. A. Ball of Pike, central committeeman, called the delegates of the Seventh Congressional District to order at 9 o'clock in the ordinary of the Planters' House. Col. T. G. Hutton of Lincoln was chosen chairman, and C. W. Jacks of Montgomery and Wm. Cullen of Ralls, secretaries; doorkeepers, Silas Carr and R. M. White. The following committeemen were selected: On credentials, John A. Collins, of Franklin; resolutions, W. W. Fry, of Audrain; permanent organization, Sam. B. Cook, of Warren. Delegates to the National Convention: Henry Clark, of Montgomery, and J. H. Garth, of Ralls. Alternates; James M. McClellan, of Lincoln, and Adam Wahl, of Pike. A resolution was passed unanimously declaring in favor of ex-Gov. Hardin for delegate at large and pledging the sixty-five votes of the district to him. Nat. Dryden was appointed to present his name.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Eighth district elected as delegates to Chicago Judge E. A. Noonan and Henry F. Harrington. Alternates, Chris. Von der Ahe and Frank Mahon.

NINTH DISTRICT.

The delegates from the Ninth District organized by the election of Judge W. F. Boyle as chairman and J. J. McCann secretary. Delegates: C. C. Maffitt and D. W. Caruth. Alternates: J. J. Capeley and Louis A. Steber. Committeemen were selected as follows: Credentials, Freeman Barnum; resolutions, L. A. Steber; permanent organization, C. C. Rainwater.

TENTH DISTRICT.

At the meeting of the Tenth Congressional District Wm. F. Broadhead was elected chairman and T. C. Walker secretary. Delegates chosen: Jasper Burk of St. Francois, and Paul Young of St. Louis. Alternates, Zach Mitchell of St. Louis County, and M. J. Brennan of St. Louis. The following are the committeemen: Credentials, J. W. Berryman of Iron; resolutions, J. J. Green of Jefferson County; and permanent organization, A. U. DeMenil of St. Louis.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

The Eleventh District elected E. B. Ewing, of Cole County, and W. M. Lenox, of Dnt, delegate s. The District Committee is called to meet at Hermann Wednesday, July 16.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

The Twelfth District was one of the first to meet this morning. It organized by putting Harvey Solman of Henry County in the chair. Judge Parkinson was named for the district vice-president of the Convention. J. B. Warren was appointed member of the Committee on Credentials, B. G. Boon on Permanent Organization, C. W. Sloan on Resolutions. After a quarter of an hour's consultation R. T. Railey of Cass, J. L. Pace of Bates, T. T. Loy of Cedar and W. E. Shelton of St. Clair were put in nomination for the place of district delegates to Chicago. Railey and Pace were elected delegates, Loy and Shelton alternates. No instructions.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

This district held its meeting yesterday and nominated O. D. Knox of Polk and W. H. Phelps of Jasper; also indorsed John O'Day for delegate at large.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

The Fourteenth District met in the Ladies' Ordinary and elected Dr. A. E. Simpson of Mississippi County, chairman. The committeemen chosen were as follows: Credentials—W. O. Burns of Mississippi; resolutions—C. E. Stokes of Stoddard. Permanent Organization—Senator Oliver of Cape Girardeau. Delegates to the Chicago convention—A. H. Livingston of Howell, and Newton Morrison of Wayne.

THEIR PREFERENCE.

How the Missouri Delegation Will Stand on the Presidency.

In order to make an authoritative statement of the preferences of the members of the Missouri delegation, the reporter of the POST-DISPATCH interviewed as many of them as possible, with the following result:

C. C. MAFFITT,

"My personal preference is for Thos. F. Bayard, but my intention is to vote for the man that I regard as the strongest before my people. My present impression is that Cleveland is that man, and unless my judgment changes on that point, I will support him. I may change my mind as to that, however, before the Chicago convention meets.

JUDGE R. A. NOONAN,

"Of course, all good Democrats favor Mr. Sam'l J. Tilden, but in case we cannot have him, Cleveland is the man. That is my view, and I think it is the view of nearly all the Missouri delegates."

Jasper Burks of the Tenth District said: "Wait until to-morrow and I will tell you who I am in favor of. I'll tell you this much, I am in favor of the man that the convention shouted loudest for." On close questioning Mr. Burks admitted that with Tilden out Cleveland would be his choice.

Capt. Dick Collins of the Fifth said that he was in favor of Tilden first, but with the old man out of the way Cleveland was his first choice.

Messrs. Bailey and Pace of the Twelfth are in favor of Cleveland for first place, with McDonald for second.

Messrs. Howard and Sayers of the First favor the old ticket if available, with Cleveland the favorite in case there is no chance of getting Tilden.

E. B. Ewing, of the Eleventh District, with his colleague Lennox, will vote for Cleveland first and hold Senator Bayard as second choice.

Thomas H. Frame of the Third, District said: "I am in favor of the man that New York, New Jersey and the other Eastern States think can win. I am for the winning man for the first place and the man who can aid him most for second. Personally I favor Senator Bayard after Tilden, but if New York is solid for Cleveland, I shall vote for him." Mr. Thomas from the same district agrees substantially with his colleague.

Member of the Second said: "Of course I would take Tilden if I could get him, but, with him out of the race, I personally favor Bayard. I do not say, however, that I will vote for him because I shall be governed by New York and the doubtful States. If New York is for Cleveland I will vote for him." Mr. Hoeber said his colleague, Pat Carmody, he was certain, was of the same opinion.

CENTRAL COMMITTEEMAN THOMAS.

"My personal preference," said State Central Committeeman Thomas, who is one of the delegates from the Third District to Chicago, "is Cleveland. I prefer, however, to say nothing as to what my vote will be, out of deference to the request of my delegation."

D. W. CARUTH.

"Mr. Caruth is not here just now," said Mr. M. A. Wolf, his particular friend, "but you can put him down as for Cleveland, beyond all question. I know what I am talking about." Mr. Caruth is of the Ninth District.

Henry F. Harrington of the Eighth said, "I am sick of this old ticket talk. We don't want fossils, but a representative man. I am in favor of Tom Bayard.

Levi Zook of the Fourth favors Cleveland after Tilden

Walter Young of the Fourth said: "I am for Tilden and if he won't run for his administrator, Cleveland of New York wants him."

J. H. Garth of the Seventh said he preferred Cleveland first and Bayard second choice.

E. L. Martin of the Fifth said his preferences were Tilden, then Cleveland, if presented in proper shape.

Henry Clark of the Seventh takes Cleveland next to Tilden.

J. B. Reavis of the Sixth, said: "I am for Cleveland and McDonald."

J. N. Morrison of the Fourteenth prefers Cleveland and Hoadly.

O. D. Knox of the Thirteenth District wants Cleveland.

P. J. Connelly is an old New Yorker and prefers Cleveland after Tilden.

In expressing their preferences, a large majority of the delegates said that the old ticket was their first choice, but most of them were of the opinion that it was out of the question after Mr. Tilden's letter.

SUMMARY.

First District	Howard	Cleveland
" "	Sayers	Cleveland
Second "	E. M. Harber	Bayard
" "	Carmody	Cleveland
Third "	T. H. Frame	Bayard
" "	Thomas	Cleveland
Fourth "	L. Zook	Cleveland
" "	W. Young	Cleveland
Fifth "	R. Collins	Cleveland
" "	T. L. Martin	Cleveland
Sixth "	J. B. Reavis	Cleveland
" "	Bassim	Cleveland
Seventh "	Garth	Cleveland
" "	Clark	Cleveland
Eighth "	E. A. Noonan	Cleveland
" "	H. J. Harrington	Bayard
Ninth District	C. C. Maffett	Cleveland
" "	D. W. Caruth	"
Tenth District	Jaspe Burks	"
" "	P. Young	Not Known
Eleventh District	E. B. Ewing	Cleveland
" "	Lenna x	"
Twelfth District	Railey	"
" "	Pace	"
Thirteenth District	O. D. Knox	"
" "	Phelps	"
Fourteenth District	J. N. Morrison	"
" "	Livingston	"

Convention Notes.

The statement that the Twentieth Ward elected three anti-administration delegates was erroneous. It elected only one of that class.

No spot in St. Louis is cool to-day, but the Standard Theater proved much less uncomfortable than was anticipated. The fan trade is just now at the height of the boom of the year.

The Democratic City Committee met this morning at its headquarters and received the primary returns from all of the wards. The only business transacted was the issuing of certificates to all the delegates chosen, there being no contests.

A very sultry spell at 1 o'clock precipitated a most refreshing rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning, which, while it threatened to spoil the Fair Grounds excursion, promised to alleviate some of the misery consequent on the great heat.

The mingling of prominent Republicans with the Democrats on the convention platform to-day was a very strange innovation, but was approved of on all sides; proving as it did that the hospitable spirit of St. Louis will assert itself regardless of all partisan feeling.

The following were appointed assistant sergeants-at-arms: G. T. King, Calloway; James Carroll, St. Louis; Thomas Ward, St. Louis, Mo.; Cunningham Carroll, Silas Carr, Montgomery; J. N. Kirby, Greene; Andrew Blong, St. Louis; Ashley Ewing, Cole.

Dr. F. J. Lutz, having been unable to induce any of the citizens of the Thirteenth Ward to run with him as delegates to the State Convention, was driven to the expedient of getting into the convention on a First Ward proxy, furnished him by Ed. Butler. The First Ward never was very particular as to its representatives, anyhow.

Mr. M. J. Moran, a conversation with whom appeared in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, was misunderstood as to the holding of two proxies. He did not hold them, but was offered a couple in other delegations since arriving here. The mention that a certain member of that delegation might have possible future aspirations was not made with the intention that it should be published, but was understood by him to be a part of a private conversation.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The World says: "Mr. Blaine will not write his letter of acceptance until the latter part of July. He has his weather eye on the Democratic National Convention. If any blunders occur there they will be duly commented upon by Mr. Blaine in his epistle to the voters of the United States.

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The gloomiest place in the country is Wall street, and the gloomiest men there are those who thought themselves beyond financial disaster two years ago. Neither would they be in any danger now if they had not continued their gambling. But probably by the autumn, or at least when spring comes again, even Wall street will be in a more cheerful mood.

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The Democratic party still seems tending to Governor Cleveland. It knows little of the man and does not admire him, but the party has no other candidate of whom it does not know too much. Shrewd Democratic leaders see that Cleveland would be weak, but they fear that any other man would be weaker. If nominated at all he will owe the selection not to any merit of his own but the more visible demerits of other candidates."

APPELLATE OPINIONS.

Several Important Decisions Handed Down by the Court of Appeals.

The following cases were decided by the Court of Appeals to-day: Holt vs. Simons, reversed and remanded; Strant vs. Rinkel, jr., affirmed; Foster vs. Mullanphy Planing Mill, affirmed; Young vs. Keller, affirmed; White vs. Wright, reversed and judgment for defendant; Edgar vs. C. B. & Q. R. R. Co., affirmed; O'Meara vs. Green, reversed and remanded; Holland vs. West End Narrow Gauge Railroad Company, reversed and remanded; Henley et al., vs. Henley et al., affirmed; Brown et al., vs. Wolf et al., reversed and judgment for defendant; State of Missouri vs. Charles Wilson, affirmed; St. Louis Gaslight Company vs. St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Company, decree modified and rehearing denied; Fox vs. Pullman Palace Car Company, affirmed, and Valle vs. Picton, reversed and remanded.

CRIME NEAR ST. JOSEPH.

William and James George, Brothers, Get Drunk and Commit Murder.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 24.—William and James George, farmers, went to Easton, sixteen miles east of here, yesterday afternoon, got drunk and shot Fred Markin through the arm, and his son Isaac in the right side. The George brothers were brought here this morning and held in $5,000 bail. Isaac Markin will not live.

New York Oil Market.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The oil market was decidedly better to-day. Certificates advanced from 59½ at the close last night to 60, broke to 58, sold up to 61¼, reacted to 59¾

Pongee, Pure Silk, Coats and Vests,

$9.

INDIA SEERSUCKER SUITS!

BUFF STRIPE, WIDE AND NARROW.

$12.

Both these Styles made from the best grades of these goods that are imported, and they are made up equal to the very best merchant tailor work.

Gray Diagonal Worsted Suits, Coats Skeleton, Only $8.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE,

CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

D. C. YOUNG, - Manager.

BROWNING, KING & CO., Proprietors, New York.

HEWITT'S TARIFF BILL.

The Ways and Means Committee Will Report a Portion of It Favorably.

Party Division on the Bill in Committee—The Trade Dollar Goes Over to December—The Mexican Pensions Bill in the Senate—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The House Committee on Ways and Means agreed to report favorably by a vote of 7 to 2 the administrative portion of the Hewitt tariff bill so far as it relates to custom duties. Messrs. Kasson, Russell and Blackburn were not present. The division on the bill was on party lines, the Democrats voting for and the Republicans against it.

CHANGED HIS TESTIMONY.

Judge John J. Key appeared before the Springer committee to-day and testified that Ker had never made any corrupt or improper suggestion in connection with Cosgrove, and that the latter in so testifying had misunderstood the witness entirely.

Colgrove was recalled, and said that upon talking with Judge Key he found he had misunderstood him and that the witness' former testimony to the effect that Judge Key had told him Ker would drop the matter upon the payment of $5,000 was an error.

Adjourned.

TRADE DOLLAR BILL.

The Senate Committee on Finance postponed further consideration of the trade dollar bill until next December for the reason that the House bill required an amendment and the concurrence of the House could not be obtained at this session.

THE CABINET MEETING

for the consideration of the Fitz John Porter bill was postponed till to-morrow.

THE SENATE.

It was agreed in the Senate to meet at 11 o'clock for the remainder of the session.

Consideration of the Mexican pension bill was resumed.

THE HOUSE.

Mr. Foran submitted the conference report on the bill establishing a bureau of labor statistics. Agreed to.

THE TREASURER THREATENED.

$25,000 Demanded of Rev. Charles Reilly of the Irish National League.

DETROIT, MICH., June 24.—Rev. Charles Reilly of this city, treasurer of the Irish National League, received a letter dated Dublin, mailed at Shanghai, China, threatening his life unless he immediately sends $25,000 to Ireland.

Board of Public Improvements.

The Board of Public Improvements met this morning. Leave of absence was granted to Commissioner Weigel, who goes to New York on private business. Messrs. Kennard, Houser and Scruggs, of the St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association Building Committee, waited upon the board and presented for inspection the plans and specifications of their building, and it appearing that the changes recommended by the special committee November 1, and approved by the board, had been made, it was ordered that said plans and specifications be approved.

Legal Notes.

Newell G. Larimore obtained judgment by default in Judge Adams' court to-day against the East St. Louis Elevator Company for $8,874 56.

Naturalization papers were granted William Martin, a native of Germany, in Judge Adams' court today.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Merchants' Exchange has issued a handsomely engraved complimentary ticket of admission to the Exchange Hall, which will be issued to visiting delegates, or may be had upon application to Secretary Morgan.

THIS afternoon Judge Van Wagoner adjourned the Criminal Court, as the regular panel was discharged early this morning before the accident to the Sanders jury. Cases will be taken up in their regular order to-morrow.

A CORRESPONDENT complains of a butcher shop and slaughter house at the corner of Fifteenth and Olive streets which he says infects the entire neighborhood with the most disagreeable odors, rendering it absolutely unhealthy to live in the vicinity.

MRS. DELIA GALLIHER, widow of the late Charles Galliher, a brakeman on the S. L. & S. F., who was killed while in the performance of his duty December 31, 1883, brought suit against the company today in the United States Circuit Court for $5,000 damages.

THE monster railroad and steamboat excursion takes place to-morrow, Wednesday, the steamers Chas. P. Chouteau and Helena being chartered for the occasion. The steamers, fastened together, leave the foot of Poplar street at 11 a. m., returning at 7 p. m.

CITY PERSONALS.

Dr. Elmer Lee is lying ill with intermittent fever at St. Luke's Hospital.

Harvey Willard, of the Southern, leaves for a month's trip to the East this week. Mr. Willard denies the soft impeachment, of course, but it is rumored that he will double himself before his return.

BLANK BOOKS!

Levison & Blythe Stationery Co.,

213 and 215 N. Third St.

WM. A. BUTLERSON. W. H. HOSTON.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

No. 707 Olive st. St. Louis, Mo.

E. S. ROWSE.

Successor to Budd & Wade,

Financial correspondent for Eastern capitalists. Money loaned in any amount on city property at lowest rates.

413 OLIVE STREET.

A. J. WEIL & CO.,

217 OLIVE STREET,

BANKERS.

Bills of Exchange on all parts of Europe. Delegations on Germany free of Government Stamp. Cable transfers, Commercial Credits, Stocks and Bonds.

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Stocks opened firm and advanced ½@1 per c., subsequently weaker and improvement lost. At 10:40 there was a marked change in speculation, owing to scare by shorts and to absence of unfavorable Lackawanna rose rapidly from 101¾ to 105¾, with difference of ¾ per cent between cash and regular. The remainder of the list advanced ½@2¾. Louisville and Nashville, the Grangers', the Vanderbilt's, Union Pacific and Missouri Pacific leading. Toward 11 o'clock Lackawanna fell off to 101¾; other stocks reacted ¼ to 1¾.

NEW YORK, NOON.—Paper 56@3; bar silver 110; exchange weak; 481@482 long, 483@483¾ short. Governments firm. Stocks dull. Bonds irregular. Stocks had an upward turn the past hour, when prices rose ½ to 1¾. The shorts were largest buyers. At midday the improvement was partially lost. Several sharp drives were made against Western Union and round amounts were sold. It is reported the raids were made for the purpose of breaking the stock below 80. Thus far the bears were not successful. It is rumored the bears have a pool on sale of this stock to-day are Swashers." Threes 100, 4½s 110, 4s 118¾; Pacific 6s 122.

WALL STREET, June 24, 1 P. M.—At this hour stocks were buoyant, and prices up to the highest point of the day for some shares. It is reported that a prominent railway capitalist has effected a loan for $5,000,000 in Europe. The Western Union sold up to 82¾, Rock Island 103¾, St. Paul 61¾, Northwestern 85¾, Lake Shore 73, Union Pacific 52¾.

NEW YORK, June 24.—After 1 o'clock the stock market was firm, but business weaker again, and dealings were attended with less excitement. A. W. Dimock & Co. are paying their obligations.

1:15 P. M.—Another attack was made on the share market, and prices declined ¼ to 1¾. Western Union was again the objective point, and it was forced down from 83¾ to 81, but all efforts to get it below the latter figure were unavailing. About 1 o'clock there was a reaction of ¼ to ¾, and the market became firm again.

NEW YORK, June 24.—3 P. M.—Stocks were irregular and feverish until near the close, when they became dull and buoyant, and the highest prices of the day were recorded. Lackawanna rose to 106, Lake shore 74¼, Missouri Pacific 86¾, Western Union 82¾, Pacific Mail 36¾. The market closed strong.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected daily by Tracy & Bell, bankers and brokers, 206 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Canadian Pacific	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
Central New Jersey	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
Central Pacific	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Chic., St. P., M. & O.	24	24¼	24	24¼
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	101¾	104	101	104
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	118¾	119¾	118¾	119¾
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	60¾	62¾	59¾	62¾
Chicago and Northwest	85	86¾	81	86
Del., Lack. & W.	101¼	106	101¼	106
Denver and Rio Grande	7	7¾	6¾	7¾
Erie	17¾	19¾	12¾	19¾
Illinois Central	111¼	111	111	111
Lake Shore	71¾	74¼	71	74
Louisville & Nashville	24¾	25	23¾	24¾
Missouri Pacific	86	94¼	86	86¾
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	16¾	17¾	16¾	17¾
New York Central	96¾	96¾	95¾	96
Northern Pacific	17¾	18	17¾	18
do pfd.	40¾	41¼	40¾	41¼
Oregon Transcontinental	30	30	30	30
Ohio & Mississippi	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Pacific Mail	37	38¼	36¾	36¾
Phil. & Reading	23	23	23¾	23¾
Pullman Palace Car	94¾	96	94	96
St. P., M. & Manitoba	133	133	133	133
Texas & Pacific	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Union Pacific	52¾	53¾	52¾	53¼
Wabash pfd	11¾	11¾	10¾	11
Western U. Te.	82¾	83¼	82¾	83¼
West S. Bonds	38¾	40¾	38¾	40¾

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ₰ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100¾	
4½ ₰ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & J.	110	110½
4 ₰ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	118¾	119

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	105	105¾
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	96	99
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July.	112¾	111
Mo. Pac. 3d	1906	May & Nov.		110¾
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	Jan. & July.	116	118
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	107	107¾
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1896	June & Dec.	107	
K. P. D. Ex. 6's	1899	May & Nov.	101	
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	80	
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	109¾	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1902	May & Nov.	100	102
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. & July.	10	102
City 5's sterling, 10-20s	1900	June & Dec	104¼	106
City 6's currency	1900	Jan. & July.	106¾	108
City 6's currency	1886–87	Various.	103¾	104¾
City 6's gold	1893–95	Various.	111	113¾
City 6's sterling	1838	June & Dec.	115	116
City 6's water	1897	June & Dec.	103¾	104¾
City 6's water	1894	June & Dec.	107	109
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	109	110¾
City 6's bridge approach	1892	June & Dec.	110¾	111¾
County 7's currency	1892	Feb. & Aug.	101	102
County 6's gold	1895–96	Jan. & July.	112¾	113
County Park	1905	April & Oct.	117	119

*Interest to seller.

Clearings	$ 2,851,115
Balances	363,719

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO—Wheat—June 85¾; July 86¼; August 87¾; September 88¾. Corn—June 54¾; July 55¾; August 56; September 56; year 47 b. Oats—June 31¾; July 31¾@¾; August 27¾; year 26¾. Pork—June $19 25; July $19 25; August $19 65; September ——. Lard—June 7.40; July 7.40; August 7.60; September 7.67½. Short ribs—June 7.70; July 7.80; August 7.70; September 7.77½.

TOLEDO—Wheat—July 84½; August 87¾; September 89¾; October 94¾. Corn—July 57; August 57½; September 56¾.

Afternoon Board—2 to 2:30 P. M.

Wheat higher and firm. Corn steady. Oats firmer.

Wheat—June 31 02¼ b.; July 92¾ to 92¾; August 90¾ to 90¾; September 86 b. October 85¾ to 85¾@85¾ to 85¾. Corn—June 53¾ b.; July 54¾; August 52¾ b.; September 52¾ b.; year 43¼. Oats—June 32 b.; July 29¼ to 29¾; year 25¾ b.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company rooms 208 and 210, Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—June 85¾; July 85¾; August 86¾; September 88. Corn—June 56; July 56¾; August 56¾; September 57¾; year 47¾. Oats—June 31¾; July 31¾; August 26; year 26¾.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—June —; July 99¾@90¾; August 89¾@89¾; September 81 01. Corn—June 53¾; July 53¾; August 53¾@53¾.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—June 86¾; July 86¾; August $1 01; September ——; October $1 05¾. Corn—June 61¾; July 62¾; August 63¾; September 64¾ b; October ——. Oats—June 32¾ b; July 30¾; August 24; September 30¾.

PROVISIONS—CHICAGO—Pork—June $19 10; July $19 10; August $18 80 a. Lard—June 7.45; July 7.45; August 7.52½; September 7.65. Short Ribs—June 7.60; July 7.80; August 7.70; September 7.77½.

COTTON—NEW YORK—Futures closed firm. June 10.97; July 11.01; August 11.15; September 11.02; October 10.80; November 10.47; December 10.47; January 10.54; February 10.67; March 10.79. Sales 18,200 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1:19 p. m. steady. June nominal; July 10.57; August 10.59; September 10.51; October 10.29; November 10.17; December 10.17; January ——; February ——. Sales 45,600 bales.

Week's Exports from New York.

	June 18, 1884.	June 11, June 20, 1884.	1883.
Flour, brls and sks	42,261	48,099	49,282
Wheat, bu	477,099	861,972	427,362
Corn, bu	364,461	210,822	347,932

Grain Inspections.

DTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—6 cars No. 2 red winter, 2 cars No. 3 do, 1 car No. 4 winter, 1 car no-grade; total 10 cars. Corn—18 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 17 cars rejected do, 40 cars No. 2 mixed, 31 cars rejected, 4 cars no grade; total, 107 cars. Oats—2 cars No. 2. Barley—1 car rejected spring. Rye—1 car rye. Total in, 121 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—5 cars No. 3 red winter, 2 cars No. 3 do, 1 car No. 4 do, 4 cars rejected do; total 12 cars. Corn—3 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 7 cars No. 3 mixed, 64 cars rejected, total, 73 cars. Rye—12 cars No. 2. Total out, 97 cars.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	8,940	82,510	6,568	42,176
Chicago	23,577	100,831	262,291	268,400
Milwaukee	58,508	440	77,510	1,500
Baltimore	53,647	19,614	53,333	1,647
Toledo	15,000	15,000	7,000	15,000
New York	14,700	67,680	8,115	126,678

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—88 cars spring wheat, 7 cars winter do, 226 cars corn, 178 cars oats, 18 cars rye, 3 cars barley. By canal 6,100 bu corn, 3,200 bu oats.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	3,307	7,024
Wheat, bu	6,940	4,568
Corn, bu	52,510	42,176
Oats, bu	11,916	425
Rye	862	530
Barley		
Hay, tons	378	56
Pork, brls	200	33
Hams, lbs		8,329
Meats, lbs	180,950	92,818
Lard, lbs	150	35,497
Grease, lbs	25,600	14,325

Leaf Tobacco.

[From Harker & Pritchard's Merchants' Exchange Price Current.]

Offerings more liberal, but no improvement to the demand or movement. Sales: 1 hhd common logs at $3; 5 do at $4 @6 10; 5 do at $7@7 70; 1 common leaf 7½; 30 do 8; 2 do do @9 50; 2 burley do at $12 and $13; 2 bozes Missouri wrappers at $28 50 and $40. Passed 1 hhd, and bids rejected on 1 hhd scraps at $2 @3; 1 hhd lugs at $6; 1 do at $7@7 80; 1 hhd common leaf at $5@5 60; 12 do do @$6@9 50; 4 burley do @$10@10 75; 2 at $11 25@11 75; 1 at $12 75; 3 at $13@13 75; 1 good do $16; 3 Missouri wrappers at $18, $20 and $38. Shipping sales 3 hhds lugs at $7 25; 1 common burley leaf at $9 and $12; 2 Missouri wrappers at $22 50 and $28 50.

We quote, ₰ 100 lb: Lugs—Common to good dark and red $5@7 50; do colory and burley $8 50@7 50. medium to good $7@7 50; do colory and burley $8@10. Leaf—Common dark and red $7 50@8 50; do colory and burley $8 50@10; medium dark and red $9@10; do colory and burley $11@13; good dark and red $10@12; do colory and burley $15@17; fine fillers dark and red $12@18; do colory and burley $18@20. Wrappers—Common $15@20; medium to good $40@60; fine to fancy $70@100. Trashy, light-weight and damaged sell at 25@50 less than above.

Chicago 'Change.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Visible supply of grain June 21, wheat, 15,470,300 bu; corn, 7,260,000 bu; oats, 3,381,000 bu; rye, 500,000 bu; barley, 309,000 bu. Wheat shows a decrease of about 1,400,000 and a decrease of about 4,000,000 as compared with same date last year.

The markets closed with a generally stronger feeling and at about the top prices of the day. Wheat 85¾ cash and June; 86¾ July; 87¾ August; 88¾ September. Corn 54½ cash and June; 55¾ July; 56 August and September. Oats 31¾ June and July; 27¼ August. Rye 65. Barley and flaxseed nominal. Whisky $1 10. Pork $19 25 June and July; $19 asked for August. Lard 7.40 June and July; 7.55 August.

CHICAGO, June 24, 10:15 A. M.—Markets generally stronger this morning. July wheat advanced to 86¾, receded to 86, August commanding 87¼; year opened at 88¾@88¾, while July pork $19 25; August lard 7.60. Stock of grain in Chicago elevators—Wheat 3,850,000 bu; corn 2,274,000 bu; oats 994,000 bu; rye 185,000 bu; barley 45,000 bu; total, 8,111,000 bu, against 10,427,000 bu a year ago.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Hogs—Receipts 13,000 head; fairly active at 5@10 higher; light $4 90@5 10; rough packing $4 90@5 15; heavy packing and shipping $5 20@5 45. Cattle—Receipts 5,000 head; no export order; big cattle neglected 25@50 lower; exports $5 40@6 50; good to choice steers at $6 00@6 55. Sheep—Receipts 2,000 head; dull; good to prime $4 00@5 00; common to fair $2 20@3 50.

Cables were dull, depressed and easier, the weather in this country was favorable and crop reports excellent. But while all this favored the bear side, the market held very right stiffly in price, having few sellers and the strength generally shown by wheat helping to sustain values. Trading was very light. July selling at 85¾ to 85¾@85¾c but with 85¾ asked at close; August at 85¾ to 85¾ and year at 85¾@85¾c to 43¾c. June was offered at 85¾c, bid 85¾; September at 85, no bid. Except that No. 2 mixed sold higher, the cash market was weak and declined, owing to a falling off in the demand and an extra pressure shown to sell. Some sales of white mixed were made to millers, but otherwise nearly all grades were taken to fill out Eastern shipments and Southern orders. No. 2 mixed 85¾ regular, 85¾ in St. L.; No. 2 white-mixed 86¾ in C, 86¾@86¾ in St. L., 86¾ in V, 40 in E; rejected do 86¾, bid for St. L; rejected 45 in C, 45½ in D, 46 in C and St. L, 48 in E; no grade 86¾ E side, 41¾ in St. L, 42 bid for E.

Oats—Stock 86,362 bu, against 86,823 yesterday; No. 2, 68,791 bu, increase of 3,968 bu. Elevator withdrawals 4,000 bu to city. An absolutely nominal market, so dead flat was it. Not an order was here, and local operators would not come together in their offers to sell and purchasing bids. The tone was firm and steady and rates were obtainable with 29¾ bid for July, and 25¾ for August and year, but no sellers at near these prices. Better prices were paid for cash No. 2, and the demand showed more urgency, though fully met by the offerings. Sales were at 30¾ in C and 30@30¾ in St. L., while 30¾ was bid for E. and 32¾ asked for regular; for rejected in St. L, 29¾ was bid.

Rye—Stock 44,704 bu, against 44,482 bu yesterday; No. 2, 38,326 bu; elevator withdrawals 6,558 bu to railroads. Nothing was done in either grades or samples, as none were offered. For No. 2 in St. L. 57¾ was bid.

Flour—Trade to day was exceedingly dull, there being no demand from any source, and the general market was weak, with prices in favor of buyers. Concessions asked by buyers, and in many instances acceded to. We quote (the inside prices on strong grades and outside lots between grades): Extra fancy $5 30@5 50; fancy $4 95@5 10; choice $4 30@4 45; family $3 60@3 75; XXX $3 20@3 35; XX $2 90@3 05; X $2 80@2 70; superfine $2 40@2 55; fine $2 15@2 25; patent $5 70@6 25. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and Levee; favorite brands 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Steady at $2 85@3 00 on orders; pearl-meal, grits and $3 50@3 75.

Rye Flour—Unchanged at $3 30@3 65 del.

Millfeed dull and unsettled, with a downward tendency. Sacked bran 61 on P. track, $2 at mill, 64@65½ E. track; bulk at country point 53@55.

Hay—As there were no orders here for the medium and low grades and to force sales prices would have to be accepted that would be a dead loss to the shipper, only choice and fancy timothy was sought after, for all the prairie here was out of condition and unsalable. Illinois and Iowa prairie $6@8 50, as in kind. Kansas prairie $6@8 for damaged, to $9@11 for prime to choice; clover mixed $8@12; prime to choice timothy $13@15; fancy do $16@17; "silk edge" $18.

Provisions were stupidly dull and about unchanged in price except that bacon did not bring the highest prices paid for it yesterday. At Chicago was firmer and better all through and local sellers were inclined to hold stiffly. There was barely any demand and business was confined to filling the few small orders that were received. Light sales of pork were made at $15 75 for repacked and $16 for new mess. The only public bid for prime steam lard was 7 this side; it was worth 7 20 K. side. In dry salt meats the only transactions were of loose summer at $7 70 for longs and $7 80 for cribs, both f. o. b. Sales of packed bacon were at 6¾ for shoulders, 8¾@8¾c for longs, 9¾@9¾c for cribs and 9¾@9¾c for shorts. Hams 12 for plain and canvased; fancy small 14@15. Breakfast bacon 10@11. Beef—Extra mess $11@14 ₰ brl according to brand; on orders higher; $6 50@7 50 ₰ ½ brl; dried 13@15, selected 18; smoked tongues $5 50@7 ₰ doz. Tallow—Strictly prime in oil brls 6¼ do in unpacked packages 5¾ do less No. 2 5@5¾c; tallow grease 5@5¾. Grease—Brown 4¼@4¾; yellow 5@5¾; white 6¼@6. Salt—Domestic $1 E side, $1 10 this side; ground alum $1 10 ₰ sack—small way 5@10c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1 08. Sales 167 brls. Cincinnati quiet at $1 07, Chicago $1 10, Peoria $1 08.

Lead—Quiet and firm; market about nominal. Refined and hard not quotable at over $5 40, though held higher. The financial outlook is so uncertain that it has its effect upon lead," remarked a dealer. "Now, I could sell all the lead I want to at $5 45, if I could give 30 to 60 day's time, but I won't do it.

Grass Seeds—Quiet, but steady. German millet 40@50, with sales of a car lot at 45; common do, 85@45; Hungarian, 40@50; clover $4 75@5; red-top $5@5; timothy $1 10@1 80.

Hempseed—Nominal at $1 65@2.

Flaxseed—Nothing doing; salable at $1 50 for spot.

Castor Beans—Steady; small sale at $2 25.

Cotton.

Cotton took another tumble to-day and prices were lower all along the line, spots at New York being ⅛ lower at 11¾ for middlings with sales of over 2,000 bales. New Orleans was nominal at 11¾, and the local market easy at ¼ off, while Liverpool was dull and generally in buyers' favor. In speculative circles values were weak and lower from the start, New York declining 4 to 10 points, which was 3 to 5 points better than the 2 p. m. call. At New Orleans prices were largely lower, and at 1:30 p. m. quotations were 10 to 22 points be-ow last night's closing. Liverpool was easy from the start, and closed weak at 3-64d off. The demand for yarns and fabrics at Manchester was poor and prices in buyers' favor.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 7¾; ordinary 9½; good ordinary 9¾; low middling 10¾; middling 11¼; good middling 11⅝; middling fair 11¾. Stained—Low middling 9¾; middling 9¾; good ordinary 8¼. Tinges—Low middling 9½; middling 10¼.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.—Gross receipts to-day bales, against 187 bales last year; since September, 1883, 2,99,300 bales, against 158,216 bales same time last year; shipments to-day 151 bales, against 293 bales last year; since September 1, 1883, 298,949 bales, against 442,082 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day 4,179 bales, against 18,410 bales.

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS—Net receipts at United States ports for 4 days 1,844 bales; same time last week 2,981; same time last year 5,829; exports 10,346; same time last year 16,516; stock 267,787; same day last year 404,483 net receipts since September 1, 4,779,244.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands 6 5-16d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 7,000 bales. Futures—Sales this week: June 6 4-64d; July and August 6 18-64d; August and September 6 18-64d; September and October 6 17-64d; October and November 6 4-64d; November and December 6 4-64d; December and January 5 63-64d.

Cotton-Belt Bulletin (Latest).

WAR DEPARTMENT SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

ST. LOUIS, June 23, 1884, 5 P. M.

DISTRICT	AVERAGE. Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rain fall
1 Wilmington	88	68	0.13
2 Charleston	90	72	0.65
3 Augusta	85	70	0.24
4 Savannah			
5 Atlanta	86	67	0.20
6 Montgomery	93	68	0.00
7 Mobile	90	68	0.01
8 New Orleans	94	70	0.00
9 Galveston	90	70	0.00
10 Vicksburg	94	70	0.00
11 Little Rock	95	68	0.09
12 Memphis	93	69	0.03
Means	90.4	68 6	0.14

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service, U. S. A.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Red June and Astrakan sell well at 50@60 ₰ ½-bu box, when large and good colored, but Early Harvest and other small and green fruit are slow at 25@30.

BERRIES—Strawberries rather light. Choice are generally in good order, as the later and better varieties are beginning to come foreward. Sales ranged 50@60 ₰ ½-bu box, mainly at 50@75.

PEARS—Scarce. Ripe salable at $1 25@1 50 ₰ ½-bu box; small and green 50@75.

PLUMS—Receipts increasing, but there is also a good inquiry for wild goose at 60@75c ₰ ½-bu box, and $1 25@1 50 ₰ 6-gal case. Chickasaw and yellow slow 25@50 ₰ box and 75@$1 ₰ case.

CHERRIES—Selling fairly at the rate of 25@30 ₰ gallon.

WATERMELONS—In demand; offerings light. Fancy large salable at $25@30, and medium at $15@20 ₰ 100.

STRAWBERRIES—No prices quotable. Season over.

BLACKBERRIES—Are in rather light supply, and sell well when sound; 6-qt 25 ₰ 6-gallon case for wild, and $2 50@3 ₰ cultivated.

RASPBERRIES—Portions continue liberal, and the demand good at $1 ₰ 8-qt case for red, and $1 75@2 ₰ 6-gal case for black.

WHORTLEBERRIES—Ripe salable at $2 50@3 ₰ 6-gallon case.

GOOSEBERRIES—Demand fairly active at $1 75 ₰ bu.

CURRANTS—Sell steadily at 35@40 ₰ gal.

OLD POTATOES—Steady; offerings and demand both light. We quote: Eastern Burbank 80@90; Northern Peachblows 85@90 and other varieties 40@50.

NEW POTATOES—Home-grown in free receipt and selling at $2@2 25 ₰ brl measure.

NEW ONIONS—Easy and quiet at $1 50@1 60 ₰ sack of half-brl and $2 25@3 50 ₰ brl.

TOMATOES—In good supply; dull and weak. Alabama range at 15@50 ₰ ½-bu box—a lot of 232 ½-bu boxes and baskets sold at 15@25. Arkansas and Mississippi 50@75.

CABBAGE—No sale for Southern—will not bring charges. Home-grown $2 75 ₰ crate on orders.

SQUASH—Selling moderately at $1 50@2 50 ₰ brl.

EGG PLANT—Choice salable 75@$1 ₰ dozen.

STRING BEANS—Shipments are not wanted, as home-grown are fully supplying demand.

BUTTER—Steady demand for choice and fancy stock, and a firm but quotably unchanged market. Other qualities in large offering and slow to move. We quote: Creamery—Choice 19@20; selections 21, and some favorite brands a shade more. Dairy—Choice to fancy 15@16; selections 17; fair 10@14; low 7@9. Near-by make dull at 8@9 for choice and 4@6 for low.

EGGS—Quiet and steady at 10@10½c for strictly fresh. Doubtful stock less.

LIVE POULTRY—Offerings of old chickens light, but demand also moderate and market steady. Hens quotable at $2 75@3 00; small at $2 25@2 50; cocks $2@2 25. Spring chickens—Offerings liberal of small and scrubby, which are very hard to sell at 75@$1 25; medium sized in fair request at $1 50@2, and large at $2 50@3.

GAME—Neglected. Mallard ducks $2; teal $1 50, and mixed $1; snipe $1 00; plover 30@$1 00.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Common dark 5@5½, fair to good 5½@6, prime quarters and sliced 6½@6¾, choice do do 6¾, fair to choice evaporated 7@9c. Peaches—Common 5@5½, fair to good 6½@6¾, prime 6¾.

WOOL—Market quiet and weak on all save choice clear medium and combing. Kansas stock in large receipts, and mainly in poor condition—hurry, dirty and low grade—consequently the bidding was languid and values easy. We quote: Tubwashed—Choice XF fair 29@29¾; dingy and low 26@28. Unwashed—Choice 24@; good average medium 19@20, selected lots of the 17@18; good average 16@17; heavy 15@15½, combing 14 blood, 24@27; combing, low grades 16@18. Kansas—Choice bright medium 15@16; good do 13@15; light fine 14@15; heavy do 12@13; low and coarse 11@12. Burry, black and off lots 9@10 less. Southern hard burry 10.

HIDES—Market quiet and easy, but quotably unchanged. We quote: Dry Flint 16@16½; damaged 12@13½; bulls or stags 10; dry salted 12; do damaged 9; green stock 8; kip and calf classed as damaged. Green—Salted 8; damaged do 6; calf skins 11½; damaged 10; bulls or stags 6½; green (uncured) 7½; damaged 5½; glue worth 4.

FEATHERS—In light demand and quiet. We quote: Prime live geese at 57 in large and 51 in small sizes; maripo, quality, sort, 42@45; mixed 40@43c tare 3 and 10 ₰ cent. Wet or damp stock not prime.

SHEEP PELTS—Weak. We quote: Green 70@80; dry 40 @70, as to amount and quality or wool; green shearings 15; dry do 10@15; green lamb skins 80@85.

DEERSKINS—Quiet and steady at 13 for prime dry.

BEESWAX—Firm at 28 for choice.

ROOTS—Ginseng $1 80@1 90. Senega 20; snake 12; blood 25c. May apple 2½; golden seal 12; black 6; angelica 4; pink 14.

HOPS—Choice 29@30; prime 24@28.

FINAL CLOSING OF THE

MOUND CITY SHOE STORE

NEXT SATURDAY.

The balance of the stock will be sold at FIFTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. We would particularly call the attention of Ladies, Misses, Boys and Children who have narrow feet—We have a large lot of Shoes that will fit them.

Our stock of MEN'S LOW-QUARTER SHOES is Complete. You can save $2 a pair on them. Remember, the genuine BURT & MEARS' LOW-QUARTER SHOE at $4 a pair.

Managers of Institutions will do well to lay in their Fall Supplies, as we can offer them some TREMENDOUS BARGAINS.

Don't Lose this chance. Remember, only one week more.

JOEL SWOPE,

FOR THE ASSIGNEE,

411 NORTH FOURTH ST.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & Mules.
Receipts	1,565	3,935	1,291	74
Shipments	22	933	—	48

CATTLE—Trade opened up well this morning, and during the earlier hours a brisk movement was had at about yesterday's rates. The offerings were of the same character and description as have comprised the arrivals of late, the bulk consisting of grass Texans and Indians, with a moderate sprinkling of native cattle, three last selling out early to shippers at the decline which went into effect before the close of yesterday's market, the range paid being from $6 15@6 50 for 1,176 to 1,299 lb steers and $5 35@5 for steers loads of 1,337 lbs. A very good trade was had in Texas and India cattle, and the very best qualities developed considerable strength under a brisk demand from local dealers and feeding planters, sales being made in the extreme at $4 00@4 75, for lots weighing from 830 to 997 lbs. Offerings were only fair, and from the manner in which buyers started in an early clearing up is looked for. We quote prices about steady for all descriptions, but especially grass cattle and light natives, which are just now showing more strength comparatively speaking, than heavy natives.

RULING QUOTATIONS—Exporters $6 50@6 80; good to heavy steers $6 30@6 60; light to fair steers $5 00@6 20; common to medium natives $4 00@5 30; fair to good Colorado steers $5 40@6 20; Southwest steers $4 25@5 60; light to good stockers $3 90@4 25; fair to good feeders $4 50@5 25; native cows and heifers, common to choice $3 25@5 00; corn-fed Texas steers $4 00@5 40; grass Texas steers $3 25@4 75; scal awags of any kind $2 75@3 40; milch cows and calves $28@45; veal calves $4@5.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES—National Yards—Cattle—15 Texas butchers averaging 832 lb at $4 10; 14 Texas butchers averaging 788 lb at $4 05; 18 Texas butchers averaging 752 lb at $4 10; 17 Texas butchers averaging 961 lb at $4 40; 19 Texas butchers averaging 857 lb at $4 00; 21 Texas butchers averaging 837 lb at $4 00; 20 Texas butchers, averaging 847 lbs, at $4 00; 50 Indian butchers, averaging 833 lbs, at $6 00; 75 Indian steers, averaging 960 lbs, at $4 70; 21 Indian steers, averaging 845 lbs, at $4 75; 22 Indian steers, averaging 937 lbs, at $4 75; 24 Indian steers, averaging 815 lbs, at $4 60; 63 Indian steers, averaging 851 lbs, at $4 25; 108 native steers, averaging 1,287 lbs, at $6 35@5; 15 native steers, averaging 1,176 lbs at $6 15; 14 native steers, averaging 1,269 lbs, at $6 30.

HOGS—A shade higher

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor on us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1884.

Subscribers leaving the city during the summer months, can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them regularly at the usual rates, by leaving their address at the counting-room, No. 515-17, Market street.

Do we hear of any representative German Democrat of St. Louis being named as a delegate to Chicago?

THIS is not a propitious season for a Democratic convention to go into the business of indorsing State administrations, especially of indorsing such as need it very, very badly.

THE rival forces of bummerism and of decent politics came into conflict in the Fifteenth Ward last night, and the bummers were badly left in spite of some slight assistance from the horse-car district and from the police in citizens' clothes.

IT IS a little rough on Mr. TILDEN to instruct for him with that letter still ringing in the public ear. But Mr. TILDEN is such a convenient blind and the Missouri politician is so fond of roosting under cover till the weather clears that the temptation will probably prove irresistible.

THE most recent instance of cheek is to find a Republican morning paper which defends the administration and which censures Congressman O'NEILL for failing to secure for St. Louis the fast mail which the Post Office Department refuses to give us. We presume the next step will be to censure O'NEILL for not correcting the abuses in the Navy Department.

THE *Globe-Democrat* this morning refers to MARMADUKE as the "Plumed Knight of the Confederate Democracy of Missouri." When the last vestige of the war shall have disappeared—the last G. A. R. disbanded, and the last pensioner paid off—the *Globe-Democrat* will still rejoice in the late war as a live issue, and "Poor Old Missouri" as a campaign watchword.

WE trust that the National Convention in Chicago will be as fortunate in the matter of weather as the State Convention is in St. Louis. While the cool breezes of the night here temper and subdue the summer heat, the dog day temperature in Washington paralyzes the energies of Congress and in New York the record of sunstrokes shows that the heat there is more intense and severe than it is here, and that all great cities are subject to "heated terms."

WALL STREET was in a feverish condition yesterday on account of an alleged combination to wreck JAY GOULD. That is dangerous sport and the boys who engage in it should be "well-heeled." If they had been out here yesterday and seen the bar-rooms placarded with notices to "delegates wanting return tickets," or seen how docile a Democratic Anti-Monopoly Convention is in the hands of Mr. GOULD'S recognized political agents, some idea of the extensive machinery required to wreck him would have dawned upon them.

THE position of CLEVELAND is not at all weakened by the attempt made to create an opposition to him. On the contrary, the weakness of the attempts merely show off his strength in greater contrast. While certain elements are trying to antagonize him he does not seek to antagonize any one. He stands very much in the same relation to all rival interests in his party as BLAINE did in his party. The opposition to him is as divided, as vacillating as uncertain, as acephalous, and it is much less determined and less bitter. There is no hostility in the opposition, no threat of bolting, nothing more serious than merely a sincere preference for some other candidate, which preference stands ready to subordinate itself to the preference of the party and to submit to the voice of the convention. In fact CLEVELAND is the second choice for nearly all those for whom he is not the first choice.

SENATOR SHERMAN supports the ticket, but he and a number of other Republican Senators jumped off the platform yesterday, kicked it over and smashed it all to pieces. They voted down the Ingalls amendment dating pensions from date of discharge or disability and extending time for applications. On being reminded by Senator INGALLS that Republican platforms promised such an amendment, Senator SHERMAN said the present Republican platform was made on a sweltering hot day, in a few hours time, by men suddenly called together who had never seen each other before, and, anyhow, he deprecated the recognition of party platforms as a guide to Senators in the performance of their sworn duties. "Away with it! So much for the platform," says the Republican Senate. The workingmen, the soldiers, the sheep men, bakers and candlestick makers can now see what that platform was made for.

THE cable report of the cholera in Toulon, like all cable reports, comes to us in a most unsatisfactory shape. Cholera does not break out and spread to alarming proportions in a day. Yet the Associated Press which had certainly not heard of a single case of cholera on Sunday, gives us a cheerful report on Monday of twenty deaths, of panic in Toulon and in Marseilles and all over France. An outbreak of Asiatic cholera in one of the great cities of Southern Europe would be a serious matter; it would certainly be an important item of news, and one which would justify some pains in reporting. The account we get of it shows that it is merely part of a daily budget of items collected mechanically, and without any idea of their value. The public have lost all confidence in cable news of all kinds, and would like to see a live American reporter sent to Europe to break up the present stupid agencies, and to organize news gathering on an intelligent basis.

LOGAN.

A letter from New Florence, Mo., asks us to state whether or not Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN was a secessionist at the beginning of the war; also if it is a fact that he raised a regiment for the Confederate service and afterward took it into the U. S. army.

If Logan was a secessionist he took a queer way of showing it. He became Colonel of the Thirty-First Illinois in time to engage in the first battles of the war on the Union side in 1861. We have never seen any well-authenticated report of a secession speech made by him, though it is no doubt true that, in the campaign of 1860 and until secession and war became stern realities, he was a "Southern sympathizer" and said a good deal that soon came to be regarded as "treason." He was always violent and never very clear-headed in his partisanism. He was an earnest advocate of the so-called "Black Laws" of Illinois, and a speech he delivered in Congress February 5, 1859, gained him the name of "Dirty Work LOGAN." The Republican papers never called him any other name till he became a member of their party. In that speech he denounced old JOHN BROWN as "a traitor, thief and scoundrel." He also denounced Republicans for their want of zeal in catching fugitive slaves and returning them to slavery; declared that he would never affiliate with that party so long as he had breath in his body, and added:

"Every fugitive that has been arrested in Illinois or in any Western States—and I call Illinois a Western State, for I am ashamed longer to call it a Northern State—has been made by Democrats. In Illinois the Democrats have all that work to do. You call it the dirty work of the Democratic party to catch fugitive slaves for the Southern people. We are willing to perform that dirty work. I do not consider it disgraceful to perform any work, dirty or not dirty, which is in accordance with the laws of the land and the Constitution of the country and calculated to assist men in recovering that which is their right, guaranteed to them under the Constitution and laws of the land.

Plenty of talk like this in Congress, and perhaps stronger talk on the stump or in the bar-rooms from LOGAN, prepared the people of Illinois to believe almost anything that was said about his Southern leanings when the secession trouble first began, and it is true that his name was, for a time, freely used in connection with proposed military organizations of rather disloyal tendencies. But the fact that, like DOUGLASS and the great mass of the Northern Democrats, he took the Union side as soon as it came to blows, entitles him to the benefit of all doubts in regard to the charges against his loyalty. Thousands of Union soldiers killed during the first years of the war had declared but a few months before that they would fight to defend the South from an abolition war. Their very Unionism made them fierce opponents of anti-slavery movements, and it made them Union soldiers when the issue was narrowed down to the dread alternative of disunion or war.

INSUFFICIENT DEFENSES.

While our navy has been disappearing and our coast defenses have been falling into decay we have from time to time tried to borrow some consolation over the defenseless condition of the country by hoping that possibly in the hour of danger some new resources might render all the might of the enemy powerless. We have particularly looked to two defenses which promised great possibilities, and which had the additional advantage of being very cheap. These were the torpedo and dynamite.

The papers have been full of accounts of the dynamite gun which has succeeded by air pressure in throwing heavy dynamite charges a mile or so with great accuracy and effect, but the recent experiments with dynamite itself, when opposed to the ordinary steel plating of a modern armored vessel, show that it can hardly be looked on as more than a mere toy.

The heaviest working charge of dymamite fired in contact with a frame of armor has less effect than a six-inch gun fired at a thousand yards. No charge of dynamite fired from any gun that has just been invented could reach a modern first-class armored vessel. If it were fired point-blank at a thousand yards it would produce no effect whatever. It is the same with the boasted torpedo. The torpedo blows a little fishing smack or pilot boat into kindling wood, and the country sees a picture of the feat in the illustrated papers, and goes to bed feeling secure against the navies of Europe. But the modern armored vessel is not a wooden schooner. It is a structure which combines the greatest strength with the greatest weight known in mechanics. It is a mass of ten thousand tons, capable of sustaining itself on any two points of its structure. We have no projectile which will penetrate its armor; no explosive force which will rend it.

The subject is a pertinent one now, and we might as well make up our minds that this country is wholly defenseless against any foreign power. We do not speak of the first-class naval powers; we assert that Spain, or Chili or Brazil could lay New York in ruins, destroy our whole foreign commerce, blockade our coast, burn our capital, or land a foreign army under shelter of a navy which we could not resist.

We are not exactly ready for a spirited foreign policy.

A Republican organ is impressed with a gloomy conviction that universal suffrage habitually sets aside our ablest, most experienced and most deserving statesmen, and chooses as Presidents men who are less able, less experienced and less deserving. Therefore our esteemed cotemporary, instead of conceding that our chief magistrates have been wiser than the monarchs of the Old World under the hereditary system; doubts whether our Presidents have averaged greater and worthier than the kings of Great Britain. Just what king of Great Britain ranks above the humblest of our Presidents in brains, intelligence, virtue or patriotism, we do not know, but we do know that not one of those kings is credited by historians with the conception or execution of any of the great policies that made England the free, enlightened and mighty power she is. The nation has wrought out its greatness in spite of its ignorant, brutal, profligate or lunatic Georges, in spite of monsters like HENRY VIII, and in spite of a long line of sceptred fools, tyrants, fanatics and reprobates. Universal suffrage has imposed no such cattle on us. Our Government was made by common people and for common people, and, thank God, it can be safely administered by common people. Perhaps, with more man worship among us and more so called "great" men to rule over us we would not have been the great, happy and prosperous people we are to-day.

THE example of the Fifteenth Ward last night is full of encouragement for citizens everywhere who object to ring rule. The method adopted by the citizens of the ward was not to pass resolutions, not to declare that they were better men in any way than their fellow-citizens, but to set to work with vigor, energy and enthusiasm to maintain the principle that while the army of the machine was compact and well organized, it was inferior in numbers to the citizens whose interest in politics was unselfish and patriotic. On a test of strength it turned out that the real citizens of the ward, those who were not professional politicians, were in the majority. We believe this is the case in every ward in the city. If we could get such work done as was done in the Fifteenth Ward it would go far towards solving the problem of municipal government, and would relieve St. Louis of the local scandals which have recently been heavy and thick upon us.

MEN OF MARK.

THERE is still talk about offering President Arthur the presidency of Union College.

MR. JOHNSON, the London correspondent of the Paris Figaro, has paid a £1,000 costs and damages in the Weldon libel suit.

CONGRESSMAN SETH L. MILLIKEN of Maine employs as his private secretary his daughter, Miss Maud Milliken, who assists him in Milliken the Treasury cow.

MR. CHAS. GODFREY LELAND, the author, in a letter to a friend in England, announces his intention to leave Philadelphia and take up his residence in England.

THE Dean of Westminster declined to allow the remains of Sir Bartle Frere to be buried in Westminster Abbey on the ground that the abbey was not big enough.

JAY GOULD is said to have given his yacht Atalanta to his son George as a birthday present. The public ought to be glad that he didn't give him the earth for a present.

THE Toronto Methodist Conference passed a resolution and ordered it to be telegraphed to Philadelphia offering loving tribute to the memory of the late Bishop Simpson and mourning his loss.

JUSSICE MILLER of the Supreme Court of the United States and his family have started on a long summer trip over the Northern Pacific Railroad to Oregon, and probably the journey may be extended to Alaska.

MR. EDWARD ATKINSON has written a letter advocating the construction of one-story factories. He claims that his plan is cheaper, lessens the risk of fire, decreases the rate of insurance, reduces the number of overseers, cuts down the gas bills, and is cheaper and more convenient in every way.

CAPT. J. GOLDBOROUGH BRUFF, an old West Pointer, now nearly eighty, still works without spectacles as a draughtsman in the Treasury Department. He is in the best of health and has been all his life an enthusiastic enjoyer of double-can rum and the strongest and best Virginia tobacco.

IN 1849, Thomas Walling of Muncie, Ind., went to California, leaving a wife and three children. He forgot to come back until thirty-five years afterward, when, the other day, he startled his wife, children and grandchildren by appearing among them. His wife, in the meantime, supposing him dead, had twice married, both husbands dying.

THE object of the tattooed Maori, King Tawhiao, and his leading chiefs, Te Tuhi, Topia Turoa, Hori Rapiha and Major Te Wheora—a native member of the House of Representatives—in visiting England is to appeal from the Colonial Government to the Imperial Government of Great Britain and so try to get the civilized Britishers in New Zealand to do the native justice and not break all the treaties they make with the wicked savages.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE Courier-Journal says that "Louisville girls are so sweet that they drive a young man to insanity."

DR. HOWARD CROSBY says: "If all young ladies were what they should be we'd never see a dude nor a dog cart."

PRINCESS LOUISE is engaged on a statue of the Queen, which is to be placed in one of the niches of the newly restored west front of Lichfield Cathedral.

MRS. W. K. VANDERBILT'S children have all their medicine administered to them in the form of candy. None but the rich enjoy this life.

THE Crown Princess Victoria of Denmark has become the happy mother of a son. This is the second son, the first having been born November 11, 1882.

KATE FIELD has left Salt Lake City and is wending her way Eastward, lecturing in cities along the route, mainly on Dickens, and reserving her Mormon experiences for her threatened sensational book.

A NEW YORK ice cream manufacturer claims to be able to make ice cream keep a year in just as good a condition as when first made. He will have to keep it out of sight of the young ladies.

MARIE TAGLIONI received many gifts of gems and gold from monarchs and nobles, but the treasure which she prized most was a little brooch of lead made of a bullet which wounded her son in the Franco-Prussian war.

SARAH AMELIA SCULL of Washington, author of a text-book on Greek mythology, and connected with Mount Vernon Seminary in that city, last week received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the Ohio Wesleyan Female College.

THE other day Queen Maria Pia of Portugal did a great stroke of business as a vender of flowers at a stall of a bazar held at Lisbon for the benefit of poor children. The Queen's stall, a small wooden booth, was crowded, while all the other stalls around it were deserted.

FLOWERS can be sent by post now in England in pretty little baskets that fasten by a padlock, both sender and receiver having keys, but as no lady has ever yet been able to find a key when she wanted it the experiment is rather risky.

MRS. WARREN, wife of Bishop Henry W. Warren of Denver, has donated $100,000 to the Denver University for the establishment of a department of divinity, to be known as "The Iliff School of Divinity," on the condition that the others endow a single professorship.

THE WABASH.

A Number of Petitions Filed by the Receivers To-Day.

They Ask for Instructions on Several Important Points—The Orders Granted by the Court—Railroad News.

The receivers of the Wabash Railway filed to-day in the United States Circuit Court a petition in which they pray for the advice and directions of the Court concerning such suits as they found pending against the company at the time of their appointment. The petition is signed by the receivers, and was prepared by W. H. Blodgett, their attorney, from the records and reports on file in his office. It recites that when they took possession of the road there were a large number of suits pending against the company in the courts of Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, New York, Kansas, Nebraska, Massachusetts and Wisconsin. That many of said suits, and especially those in the courts of New York, Kansas, Nebraska, Massachusetts and Wisconsin had been commenced by the attachment and seizure of property of the company, and that they ought, in the opinion of the receivers, be defended or compromised in order to save the property from being lost to the company and its creditors; that action of said suits originated out of the construction of the lines of the company in the States of Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Michigan and include all appeals from the awards of Commissioners in proceedings for the condemnation of rights of way and depot grounds, and that they ought to be defended or compromised that the receivers may lawfully retain possession of the property for the use of the road; that action of said suits arose under contracts for construction, and are for the enforcement of mechanics' liens; that others are for the recovery of taxes, which the receivers are informed and believe have been illegally assessed, while others still are for the recovery of certain damages and penalties for which liens superior to mortgages are given by statute on the property of the company; and that the remainder are on account of alleged injuries to persons and property, and are such as generally accrue in the operation of railroads. The petition then gives the number of suits in each State and the amounts involved, as follows:

States.	No. of suits.	Claimed.
Missouri	267	$379,804 30
Iowa	142	239,981 13
Illinois	266	700,958 42
Indiana	121	214,909 02
Ohio	13	196,585 94
Michigan	2	109,615 98
New York	2	5,162 50
Massachusetts	2	14,100 00
Kansas	1	1,900 00
Nebraska	1	86,838 42
Wisconsin	1	500 00
Total	818	$2,042,745 71

The receivers further state in this connection that while the aggregate amount of damages claimed in the foregoing suits is large, that nevertheless it is their opinion that when properly defended or judiciously compromised it will not take more than from $100,000 to $150,000 to satisfy all said claims, which amount is certainly very small and really insignificant when it is remembered that the road is over 3,000 miles in length, and that it extends through six of the most populous States in the Union and into or through all their most principal cities and towns.

It is stated that the company has no longer any income or funds wherewith to pay the witness fees, court costs and attorney's fees necessary in the defense of said suits, but that in the opinion of the receiver it will be for the best interests of the company and all its creditors that the same be defended; wherefore they pray for the advice of the court in the premises, and that it make such order concerning the payment of witness fees, court costs and reasonable attorney's fees out of the incoming rents and profits of the property as may be thought proper.

Another petition filed by the receivers pertains to the judgments that have been rendered against the company in courts of original jurisdiction in the States of Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, and that are now pending in appellate courts of said States. With the petition is filed an exhibit, in which they give the names of parties in all said judgments, the counties in which they were rendered, the dates thereof, the amount of appeal bond given therein, the names of sureties, the courts in which the appeals or writs of error are now pending, and the amount of each judgment, exclusive of interest and court costs, from which schedule it appears that the aggregate of said judgments is $347,478 07, of which amount the receivers state they are advised the sum of $158,439 01 is on account of judgments which constitute liens upon said property, or parts thereof, superior to any mortgage or other incumbrance placed thereon by the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway Company since the date of its organization; and they pray for the advice and directions of the Court in the premises, and that the Court make such order concerning the payment of such judgments, or such of them as may, from time to time, be affirmed, and also concerning the payment of proper court costs and reasonable attorney's fees therein as the Court may deem just.

Another petition was filed, asking that the receivers be empowered to adjust legitimate claims for damages to either person or property, so as to save the expense of litigation to both the receivers and the claimants.

Still another was filed asking that the receivers be empowered to order new equipment and the right to repair all motive power and rolling stock at present in an unserviceable condition.

A petition asking for an order to pay Alexander White, trustee of the Wabash Equipment Company, for 7 locomotives, 11 passenger coaches, 4 baggage cars, 1 postal car, 774 box cars, 50 box freight cars (Red Line), 100 box freight cars (Gold Line), 100 stock cars, marked "Wabash Equipment Company, 141 platform cars, 75 coal cars. At the time of purchase they paid White on account $56,000. He was secured by chattel mortgage for the payment of a number of notes, all of which have been paid, except one falling due July 1, 1884, of $110,480, of which $4,480 is interest on the principal. The petitioners state that from the incoming rents and profits of said property, they believe they can pay the said interest, July 1, but they cannot pay the principal sum of $112,000 then due. The receivers recommend that the interest be paid White at Maturity, as they deem it best for the company as well as the creditors, that this be done. They propose to the court to take up the original paper, with notes bearing interest, at a rate not exceeding 7 per cent, and to run not less than four months nor more than one year. In this petition the Judge refused to make any order for the present.

Another petition asked for power to employ counsel along the line of the road. The court declined to make an order and ordered the petition filed.

THE ORDER.

The court also made the following order: "Ordered that all petitions and intervening petitions and other demands against the receivers and the property in their possession be referred to Edmond T. Allen, special master, as the same are filed."

The receivers were also ordered to defend suits pending; also to adjust all claims not exceeding $3,000.

The Coal Pool.

There has been much talk and little work in connection with the reorganization of the Coal Pool, but at last matters are beginning to take shape. Commissioner DePew arranged yesterday for a meeting to be held to-day to see what could be done. H. W. Hibbard, G. F. A. of the Vandalia, is out of town, J. N. Culp, general traffic manager of the L. & N., could not be on hand, and the Gould people didn't care to do anything until Col. Hoxie's return, which is looked for to-morrow, and not later than Thursday. In view of these obstacles, it was decided to put the meeting off until to-morrow or Thursday. Every official the POST-DISPATCH reporter met this morning was not only willing, but anxious, to reorganize the pool, for the reason that no one is getting any good out of the present disastrous rates of freight. The one fighting point is that the Wabash must put a stop to the ruinous and infamous switching charges on this side of the river.

Louisville and Nashville Railway.

NEW YORK, June 24.—A meeting of the directors of the Louisville and Nashville is in progress this afternoon, at which W. J. Whitehouse represents the English stockholders not present. There was a discussion of the plan of reorganization which shall relieve the present financial embarrassment of the road.

Notes and Personals.

The first day the Belt trains of the Wabash were run last Sunday 925 passengers were hauled, not a bad beginning.

J. J. Frey, superintendent of the Iron Mountain, came up from Little Rock this morning.

R. B. Tyle, purchasing agent of the Gould lines, returned from a trip to Chicago. He didn't buy up all the supplies in the country.

Solon Humphreys and Thos. E. Tutt, receivers of the Wabash, held a long conference on the petition question, and as a result decided to file quite a number asking for restrictions.

G. W. Ruggles, G. P. A. of the Michigan Central, and his assistant, Mr. F. Whitney, are advertising the "Falls Route" liberally. They are old hands at the business.

Yale Alumni.

NEW HAVEN, June 24.—At a meeting of the Yale Alumni addresses were made by Gov. Hoadley of Ohio, Wm. M. Evarts, Ex-President Woolsey, President Porter and others. At the ceremony of the unveiling of the statue of the late Prof. Benjamin Silliman, President Andrew D. White of Cornell delivered an address on the life, character and services of Silliman.

Gov. Hoadley delivered an address on codification in the United States, before the Law Department this afternoon.

CRIMINAL CASES.

Trial of Charles Sanders Continued—A Sick Juror—Pleas of Guilty.

Judge Van Wagoner and a jury were sweltering to-day in the Criminal Court in the trial of Charles Sanders for the murder of Officer Charles Prints in 1879, when Juror Charles Kistermacker was taken suddenly sick at his stomach. Dr. Nidelet was called in and pronounced the juror too sick to continue on the trial. The court accordingly discharged the jury and continued the case until the July term.

The docket of the Court of Criminal Correction was soon disposed of this morning, continuances being taken in each one.

The following pleas were accepted in the Criminal Court this morning: Joseph Briggs pleaded guilty to a charge of mayhem, having bitten off Stephen Peterson's ear. He was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

Frank Collins pleaded guilty to an indictment for breaking into Wm. Burke's dwelling and was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

Joseph Long, who stole a watch from Gen. Edgarton, was arraigned, but sentence was deferred as his minority was offered in evidence with his plea of guilty.

For an assault on Dave Rugan with a knife Della Holmes was fined $100, and sent to the Work House in default.

For breaking into T. P. Dyer's house Monroe Hill, who pleaded guilty, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

James Mullen gave bond to-day to answer a charge of cruelly beating a mule, preferred by Special Officer Holmes of the Humane Society.

A NEW PASTOR.

The First Presbyterian Church to Have One Who is Much Admired.

A meeting of the First Presbyterian Church and congregation was held in the chapel of the church last evening to call a pastor. Dr. Edward Cooper presided, in accordance with a rule of the church requiring the presence of a minister belonging to the Presbytery. The meeting was well attended. A committee appointed by the session, consisting of Elders John H. Johnson, James Richardson and W. C. Wilson, Messrs. A. A. Paton and William McMillan from the Board of Trustees had made a report recommending to the session the name of Rev. Geo. E. Martin of Brockport, Mass. The session adopted the report and referred it in this meeting to the congregation. Other preferences were felt by a few people, but the vote was so nearly unanimous that without the slightest dissent it was made wholly so with the utmost heartiness.

Rev. Mr. Martin is a young man 33 years old, who has been in the ministry about seven years. He is a graduate of Yale College and Divinity School, where he made an excellent record in scholarship. For about three years during his collegiate studies he was a teacher of elocution, and of his accomplishments in this respect give him a great advantage as a public reader and speaker. It is not at all to his disadvantage that he is a musician, for several years an organist of recognized ability. His wife was born in India, the daughter of a missionary who spent nearly forty years in that country. It is thought Mr. Martin will accept the "call," and be here in September to begin his work in St. Louis.

SAID TO BE EMBARRASSED.

Mr. Edwin Harrison States That He Has Met All His Obligations.

It was quite currently rumored on 'Change to-day that Mr. Edwin Harrison of the Chouteau, Harrison & Valle Iron Company, a capitalist engaged in various large business concerns, was financially embarrassed. Although known by a number of his business associates, the facts were concealed by his friends and it seemed this morning as though every effort was being made to assist him in pulling through without publicity.

Mr. Harrison was seen this afternoon by a POST-DISPATCH reporter at the office of the St. Louis Smelting Company, of which he is the president. In reply to a general inquiry, he said: "Whatever statements are obtainable outside, the world is welcome to have, as I do not think that the condition of my affairs warrants any statement from me."

"Are your affairs at all entangled?"

"In reply to that I can only say that I have not as yet failed to meet a single obligation, and that of itself, in my opinion, should be a sufficient and satisfying rejoinder."

BERNER'S CRIME REPEATED.

Another Mysterious Murder at Cincinnati for Money—The Victim.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, June 24.—A mysterious murder for robbery was discovered this morning. The body of a young man was found lying under the Cincinnati and Newport Bridge, on the Cincinnati side, his head resting on one hand on the mud drum of a steamboat, as if asleep. The only wound was on the under side of the left jaw, and his neck was broken. The theory that he had fallen from the bridge is disproved by his easy position, and by the absence of injuries that a fall of 60 feet would produce. He was well-dressed, 5 feet 10 inches high, about 25 to 60 years old, sandy hair, light mustache and very high forehead. No money or papers were found on his person. The young man was drinking last night in several saloons, and displaying much money, and at last started to go across the bridge. The supposition is that he was killed, robbed, and placed under the bridge to give the appearance od an accident.

HAY INSPECTION.

Petition to Have State Law Repealed Circulated on 'Change.

An attempt is now being made by the commission merchants of New Orleans to have the State law governing hay inspection in that market repealed. Charles E. Slayback & Co., of New Orleans have taken an active part in this move and through their efforts the following petition was circulated on 'Change and signed by the shippers of hay from St. Louis:

"In answer to your several interrogations covering hay inspection and the law governing same in your State, we beg leave to state that we consider the law a great burden on shippers of hay from this market. We think no good is accomplished by it in any form whatever and think the law should be at once abolished as an unnecessary tax on the commerce of our city, and allow hay to be sold on its merits. There is no inspection of hay here or in any other market, except New Orleans, in this country, that we are aware of. Hay is sold here entirely on its merits and the personal inspection of the buyer."

SHOT IN THE HEAD.

Rising Waters—Struck by Lightning—Drowned—Teachers' Convention.

LEXINGTON, Mo., June 24.—Ed. Tolbert, colored, shot Will Hunter, colored, in the head. Hunter will die. The river is rising here rapidly and serious encroachments are being made in the Ray County side.

John Shelley was struck by lightning and fatally injured yesterday.

PARIS, Mo., June 24.—Richard Jones, a fisherman, was drowned here yesterday.

HIGGINSVILLE, Mo., June 24.—James Campbell, working on the C. & A. construction train here, was cut to pieces by a freight train yesterday.

SWEET SPRINGS, Mo., June 24.—The Missouri State Teachers' Association open their twenty-second annual convention here to-day.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 24.—Mrs. W. H. Stanton, wife of a Philadelphia attorney, left here mysteriously last Friday and has not been heard of since.

MET A SWITCH ENGINE.

Frightful Collision on the Shamokin Railway—The Killed and Injured.

SUNBURY, Pa., June 24.—The passenger train which left here this morning on the Shamokin Railway collided with a freight engine. Wm. Malick, train dispatcher; Shultz, the fireman, and a tramp were killed. Engineer Umpelby was badly scalded. Both engines were wrecked. No passengers hurt.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The butcher-shop of Henry Rieckart, in the rear of 2700 Madison street, was damaged $30 by fire at midnight. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The National American Association will celebrate July 4 with a picnic and reunion at O'Fallon Park.

The mother of Officer Wm. Gestys of the Fourth District died last night at her residence, 1417 Pentroe street, after a lingering and painful illness. Deceased was 70 years of age.

POOLING ON POSITIONS.

How the New York Democracy Differences Can be Settled.

Mr. Cleveland Will Take the Presidency, Mr. Flower the Governorship of the Empire State and Tammany can Name the Next Mayor of New York—Tips on Our Commerce.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The more the action of the New York Convention is studied the less your average politician is able to determine what it means. Even the warmest friends of Cleveland and his strongest supporters begin to doubt whether New York will be able to indorse him at Chicago with such strength as to render his nomination probable. Those who have studied the situation from a Saratoga standpoint admit that his leaders did not play fair at the convention, or, at least, that if they intended to do that which was best for him, their judgment was sadly at fault. The general impression seems to be that there ought to have been a square fight for him, and a demand that the convention indorse him unanimously and instruct for him. The indorsements of Cleveland coming from other States materially strengthen him, but it is very evident that his nomination against the wishes of John Kelly would be suicidal so far as the State of New York is concerned. "There is only one way," said a prominent New Yorker talking to your correspondent on the situation," that Cleveland can be nominated at Chicago and supported by the united Democracy of New York."

"What is that?"

"By the agreement between the two wings of the New York Democracy which will give the Governorship to Flower and the Mayoralty of New York to some man that

TAMMANY MAY SELECT.

If they do that Kelly will support Cleveland, if they don't, the Presidential nomination will go neither to Cleveland nor Flower, possibly to Dorsheimer; if not, to some one outside of the State."

"How much actual strength has Cleveland in the New York delegation to Chicago?"

"He has thirty-one votes."

"How many has Flower?"

"Thirty-two."

"And the remainder?"

"The remainder are unpledged for anybody, but are pledged against Cleveland. They are the eight votes from Kings County and one of the delegates at large. They probably may not be for Flower, they certainly will not be for Cleveland. There is only one way that Cleveland can get the support of New York State at Chicago and be nominated, and that is by his managers agreeing that Flower shall be the candidate for Governor and Tammany shall have the naming of the candidate for Mayor of New York."

THIS GENTLEMAN'S ANALYSIS

of the situation seems a pretty correct one. So far as it can be gathered it tells the story pretty well and it would not be surprising if the programme hinted at, by which Flower would be bought with the Governorship of New York, would be carried out. The more the other candidates are discussed the stronger grows the belief that they are not available. Every few days something comes to the surface in the record of Senator Bayard which causes those opposing him to renew their attacks upon him. Field is opposed on the ground that he cannot carry his own State either in convention or in the election. McDonald's pronounced free-trade views are acknowledged by nearly all to bar him for first place. There is, just now, a move by those opposing Cleveland in favor of Thurman. It is understood that a strong effort will be made in his behalf at Chicago. Thurman clubs have been organized in Ohio and everal hundred Thurman Democrats have been enlisted to go to Chicago and yell for him in the convention. Meanwhile, however, that other Ohio statesman, Paine, should not be forgotten. It is whispered here that the failure of Cleveland's friends to act firmly and promptly for him at the convention may be traced to Paine's "bar'l" and that there is possibly a plan to throw the Cleveland strength to Paine at Chicago. The general impression is, however, at this writing, that the chances are about two to one in favor of Cleveland that some compromise will be made which shall put Flower out of the Presidential race and give Cleveland the unanimous support of his own State and thus secure his nomination.

CURIOSITIES OF COMMERCE.

The coffee and sugar consuming capacity of this country appears to increase with considerable rapidity. The fiscal year just closing will show that over 2,000,000,000 pounds of sugar have been imported into this country and consumed during the fiscal year, an average of nearly forty-five pounds per head. To this must be added the sugar manufactured in this country, which brings the total consumption of this article to nearly fifty pounds per head per annum. That your average individual should eat one-third his weight in sugar in a year seems novel to say the least. The increase of sugar imported over last year is nearly 500,000,000 pounds.

The quantity of coffee imported during the year just closing is about 5,000,000 pounds in excess of that of last year, the total being over 500,000,000 pounds, or an average of ten pounds throughout the country.

Of live stock for breeding purposes the importations this year have been nearly double those of the preceding year, this being specially true in regard to cattle. For the year which closes next Monday the importations of cattle for the purpose of improving the herds of this country will amount to about $2,500,000.

The unprotected hen labor of this country still suffers from the fact that eggs continue upon the free list. The importation of eggs during the year amount to about 150,000,000 in number.

FOREIGN ARTISTS

don't appear to be reaping so rich a harvest in this country just now as in former years. The values of imported art works, the productions of other than American artists, amount this year to less than $1,000,000, while in the preceding year they were $2,500,000.

It is a curious fact that the importation of buttons alone is more than $3,000,000 per annum, or nearly 50 per cent. in excess of the importations of books, hangings, etchings and articles of this nature.

In spite of "oppressive duty on salt," of which so much is heard in all tariff discussions, the importations of the year have been about 900,000,000 pounds, or nearly twenty pounds per head all around.

In exchange for these articles we have gotten rid of about 400,000,000 gallons of coal oil, which is considerably in excess of our exportations last year, $150,000,000 worth of breadstuffs, $200,000,000 worth of cotton, $100,000,000 worth of provisions, nearly $30,000,000 worth of tobacco and a large number of other productions in smaller articles.

THIEVES' HAULS.

Burglary, Sneak-Thieving and a Game of Pushback Successfully Carried Out.

Early yesterday morning two boys broke a show-window at Lee Meyer's store No. 1301 Franklin avenue, and carried off two pairs of ladies' gaiters valued at $3 50 each.

Some time this morning burglars entered Dosso Allison's room, No. 912 Wash street, and carried off an English-make gold watch and chain, and a coat and vest. After a scrutinizing examination of the premises, a detective reported "no clew."

Mrs. M. Connell, who lives of No. 2736 Franklin avenue, lost $4 in a deal with hucksters yesterday. After purchasing 25 cents' worth of potatoes she tendered a $5 bill in payment, and only received 75 cents in change. A description was furnished the police. The lady will prosecute the huckster if arrested.

The Last Day.

The Secretary of the Fair Association announces that to-morrow will be the last day on which space used at last year's exhibition can be re-claimed and that no exceptions whatever to the rule will be made this year.

SUMMER EXODUS.

Mernie Boyce leaves for Denver, Col., via the C. & A. to-night.

E. Walls, J. J. Frey, Thomas Raymon and E. L. Rouse and wife go to Texas to-night via Iron Mountain route.

Mrs. K. H. Wood, Mrs. Zanes, Mrs. Dr. Love, W. L. White and J. C. Daniels go to Boston to-night via the Wabash route.

J. C. Canall, O. D. Grimes and wife, H. L. Pierce and family, H. Ransome and W. R. Richardson go to New York to-night via the Wabash route.

Mrs. J. C. Anderson, J. C. Cowan and family, E. L. Tooley, John Frances, James Princeton and wife go to Kansas City to-night via Missouri Pacific Railway.

John C. Edwards, James Powers and wife, Frank Reynolds, John J. Temple and family, L. D. Owens, James Frisberg and O. D. Walton go to Chicago to-night via the Wabash route.

J. M. Blanchard, a prominent land agent at Terre Haute, will be in to-night with a party of land buyers. He has a brass band and a special train over the Chicago and Alton for Kansas points.

BROKEN.

The Deadlock Between St. Louis and Cincinnati.

And St. Louis Remains Picturesquely Alone in Fourth Place—Games Elsewhere—Diamond Chips—Sporting Notes and Sundries.

The outcome of the two games yesterday in the American Association series was that the Baltimores—in third place—improved her position slightly and so did St. Louis to the extent that the dead lock that has existed some time between the St. Louis and Cincinnati clubs has been loosened. The standing of the several clubs this morning may be briefly chronicled as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Total.	Average.
1. Metropolitan	26	10	36	.722
2. Louisville	23	10	33	.697
3. Baltimore	22	12	34	.647
4. St. Louis	23	13	36	.638
5. Cincinnati	22	13	35	.628
6. Athletic	22	14	37	.621
7. Columbus	23	15	38	.605
8. Brooklyn	15	20	35	.428
9. Pittsburg	11	27	38	.289
10. Toledo	10	27	37	.270
11. Ind.	9	26	34	.235
11. Wash.	8	27	35	.228

The field it will be seen is now spread out for the first time in a long time and the club have distinctive and separate standings. Yesterday there were two lock-ups and the result of the game in St. Louis altered them, St. Louis going ahead and Washington pulling out, the other way, gracefully bringing up the rear at present.

The St. Louis-Washington Series.

This series is proving to furnish much better ball than was looked for, although the Browns had but little trouble in winning Sunday's game. The Washingtons are not materially different from other organizations, and there is a very decided difference in the games they play with their reliable battery in place, and those in which a man who can be easily batted is doing the twirling.

Yesterday at Sportsman's park the turnstile count show the number of spectators present to be a trifle over 1,000 person. The game opened with a decided lead for the Browns, but the Washingtons were not daunted and went in with a vim on O'Neill, which held the contest in doubt until the last man was put out. The base hits were even but the Washingtons hard, a long majority in total bases on hits; the Browns, however, outfielded their opponents and ran bases in such a manner as to carry the day for them. Ban pitched magnificently and was well supported behind the bat by Humphries.

The clubs will meet to-day for the last time until August 15. The contest will be very interesting, as Davis will pitch for St. Louis, while Barr and Humphries will again form the Washington battery. Play will begin at 4 p. m.

St. Louis vs. Athletic.

This grand series, one of the most important and interesting in the American Association series, will open at Sportsmen's Park Thursday, afternoon. With good weather the battle will attract one of the largest week day crowds ever seen at Sportsmen's Park, and the result of the games (the series will be continued Friday and Saturday) will materially affect the standing of these two great leaders. On Thursday the batteries will probably be McGinnis Beasley for St. Louis, and Atkinson and O'Brien the Athletics.

Games Yesterday.

Yesterday was an off day in the American Association series, the only games played being those in St. Louis and Toledo. The former was won by the Browns over the Washingtons by a score of 6 to 5 and in Toledo, the Baltimores were victors by a score of 6 to 5. Toledo led up to the eighth inning, when Baltimore knocked out four runs and won the game.

In the Union Association series the Nationals beat the Keystones by a score of 6 to 5 at Philadelphia.

In the League campaign the battles yesterday were between the Cleveland and Philadelphias at Cleveland, the score being Cleveland 5, Philadelphia 1; at Buffalo, New York 8; Buffalo 3; at Detroit, Providence 4, Detroit 3; at Chicago, Boston 12, Chicago 5.

The Trouble in Columbus.

A Columbus special to the Commercial Gazette says: "The Sunday base-ball question has been agitated in this city for some time past. A compromise was thought to have been perfected. The club directors claim that the law and order committee promised them, through a citizens' committee, not to interfere with the club before the 1st of July; they agreeing to give them an answer then as to whether permission could be obtained from the American Association to change their games from Sunday to some day during the week. The question culminated in the arrest of three of the Brooklyn and six of the Columbus players on warrants sworn out by Col. R. Burr of the law and order committee before Squire A. H. Fritchey. The arrests were made at the close of the fifth inning, and caused considerable excitement among the people, some of them climbing over the fence and surrounding the officers and arrested players. After about twenty minutes' talk, the officers making the arrests agreed to permit the game to be played out and take the men before the Squire after the game. The players appeared after the game, and each gave bond for their appearance—the Brooklyns on Tuesday and the Columbus men on Wednesday morning. The case has assumed such a shape now as to probably lead to a test in the law, and as both parties have heavy financial backing, both sides of the case are likely to be represented by the best legal talent that money can procure if it ever reaches the courts. The warrant was sworn out under section 7,023, Ohio Laws, volume 78, 1881, and it is rumored that some of the most prominent saloon-keepers will be arrested yet this evening under the same section. Later intelligences comes to the effect that an effort will be made to stop street cars running on Sunday if the base-ball games are stopped.

Cricket Match.

On Sunday morning a cricket match was played between the Thistle and Olympic Clubs. This was the second match of the season and the former club was anxious to wipe out the defeat sustained on June 8. At 9:30 the game was started, the Olympics going to the bat first against the bowling of Schults. Fraser Schults' delivery was so effective that the batsmen were all out for thirty-one runs of which P. Adair made fourteen. With the easy task before them the Thistles went in, but to everybody's astonishment, were dismissed for twenty-two runs only. The Olympics followed on and at the call of time had made eighty-two runs for seven wickets, of which fotal Cruttwell and Jones put together twenty-three and thirty-three respectively.

Diamond Chips.

The Cerre B.-B. C. defeated the Riverside of East St. Louis 12 to 4.

George McGinnis is laying in additional muslin and dry goods for the summer. A boy this time.

The Cincinnatis had 5,280 spectators at their reception game with the Pittsburgs on Sunday.

Stakeholder—The St. Louis Unions played no games with the St. Louis Browns this season.

The Toledo and Stanley nine defeated the Standard Foundry nine on Sunday by a score of 20 to 19.

The Missouri Gymnasium Reserves defeated the Missouri Gymnasium Regulars by a score of 29 to 10 yesterday.

The Walton Express base-ball club crossed bats yesterday with the Mutuals, defeating them by a score of 16 to 8.

Fulmer has resumed his position at short field for the Cincinnatis, and is playing magnificently. It was a mistake even to displace him.

Tom Beasley's brother is playing good ball with the Washingtons. He is a stripling, and when he fills out will be almost as notable a player as his frere.

The Big Dolans defeated the Little McGinnisses Saturday by a score of 22 to 23 in twelve innings. The feature of the game was the catching of Joe Woodlock of the Big Dolans.

The East St. Louis Reds defeated the Standards so badly that the latter nine disbanded. The feature of the game was the good work of Carroll and Geatles, the battery of the Reds.

The Gleasons defeated the Riversides Sunday afternoon by the score of 5 to 3 in five innings. The feature of the game was the fine fielding of McCarthy and Dreckman of the Gleasons.

Harry McCaffrey says, in behalf of the Prickly Ash Bitters, that they will not play any games on the Union Grounds, or cross bats with any club under the auspices of that association.

The Philadelphia Transcript says: "Only the fact that there is no 'home for aged and indigent baseball players' can account for the pertinacity with which some of the Philadelphia men stick to active work."

The games in progress in the American Association fight to-day are: Toledo vs. Baltimore, Columbus vs. Brooklyn, Cincinnati vs. Allegheneys, Indianapolis vs. Athletic, Louisville vs. Metropolitan and St. Louis vs. Washington.

The Louisville-Metropolitan game will not go on record. Its status was fully explained in yesterday's Post-Dispatch. As it was the Metropolitans' victory, and was played under their protest, it cannot be consistently claimed by them now.

Various estimates were made on yesterday's crowd at Sportsman's Park yesterday. Some went under 1,000 and a Union stockholder said 1,500. When the 1,000 figures were announced it was a surprise. But 1,000 is a big crowd of people.

The Young Taylors will challenge any players under 15 years. Send challenges to 2014 Cass avenue. The nine is: W. Daily, c.; T. Daily, p.; O. Welch, 1 b.; H. Lane, 2 b.; W. Tracy, 3 b.; J. Meyerscof, s.s.; J. Corklin, l. f.; J. Bergan, c. f.; J. Wilcox, r. f.

DeWitt Ray of the Chicago Herald, will get a reputation second only to the late Southern as a practical joker if he keeps on. The impression prevails that the "roll" he offered one-armed Daly was in bills on "The Bank of Love" vs. Wahoo Bitters."

A very interesting game of base-ball was played Sunday, back of the Fair Grounds, between the Mounds and Comets, which resulted in the defeat of the latter, after a hard contest of four innings, by the score of 1 to 0. The game will be resumed next Sunday.

"Got to pitch again to-day" remarked Billie Taylor to Gross, on Sunday. "Don't you ever rest?" asked Gross. "Rest" replied Billie with his eyes wide open, "why when I talk about rest, they say, 'You big duffer, you ought to be pulling a street car,' and silence reigned.

The Morning Glory Base-Ball Club has been organized with the following nine: C. C. Gavin, 1 b.; J. McClure, 2 b.; J. Burmeister, 3 b.; J. Darra, s. s.; W. Cockeral, r. f.; G. Osburn, l. f.; C. Knight, c. f.; J. Alcisa, p.; Henry Ensler, c. Challenges may be sent to Wm. Casey, Kane, Ill.

Mr. Lucas' remarks, regarding contract-breaking, had no reference, of course, to the St. Louis Club. Several of his men are anxious to get away, but no inducements have been offered to them from Mr. Von der Ahe. He agrees with the Union President that contracts should be respected.

The Parks, consisting of H. Bauer, W. Mosby, H. Fabicins, T. Rosenthal, G. Low, L. Gottschalk, O. Fath, Jansen and L. Low, defeated the Fourth National Bank nine at the Union grounds Sunday morning by a score of 6 to 5. The victors would like to hear from other clubs. Address L. Gottschalk, 1732 Missouri avenue.

John Kelly is a popular umpire. Yesterday Peoples muffed a third strike while two men were on bases, and succeeded in making a double play. Kelly would not allow it, and a dissatified few cried to hiss him. The effort was shouted down, and was followed by a burst of hearty applause, which must have done Kelly's heart good.—Enquirer.

Another version of the Daly business is received from Chicago: "In a long letter printed in an afternoon paper Hugh Daly, the pitcher, charges that an attempt has been made to bribe him to leave the Chicago Unions. Daly, who has been pitching to empty benches here and has grown crankier than ever asserts that the sporting editor of the Herald offered him $1,000 to jump his contract with Henderson. No one believes the yarn but Daly. His hallucination to-night is that some one wants to kidnap him. It is a sad case of swelled head."

Johnny Ward's persistency won the twelve inning game in Boston, June 17, a. m., for New York. When nine innings had been played, Manager Price repeatedly requested Captain Ward to withdraw his men and forfeit the game so that they could take the Providence train. Ward and Ewing kept asking for one inning more and promising to win the game. Captain Price was as anxious as his men that they should win and yielded inning by inning until the twelfth, when he told Ward that it was to be the last, no matter what the result. Strange enough Ward won the game himself in this inning by scoring the winning run.

An Exchange informs us that a manufacturer at Columbus, Ohio, called together his 900 employes and announced to them that the factories would shut down at 3 p. m. every Saturday, without reduction of wages, if each workman would refuse to attend base-ball games on Sunday. The men gladly accepted the proposition, and Sunday base-ball playing at Columbus is not as popular as it was. This will not hurt the Columbus Club in the least, as these workmen will now have an opportunity of going to the games on Saturday instead of Sunday. The object of Sunday games mainly is to give the hard-working classes, who cannot see the game, which everybody loves, during the week a chance to appreciate its beauties on the only day when they are at leisure.

Sporting Sundries.

The American cricketers are now engaged with the Leicestershire eleven in England. Yesterday the Americans closed their first inning for 360 runs.

The time of the college races has been definitely fixed. For Harvard-Columbia freshmen race, Wednesday afternoon; for Yale-Harvard race, Thursday afternoon.

At Chicago yesterday Strickland beat nine other starters in the 1¼ mile for 3-year old colts and fillies, time 2:08¾. In the club purse for all ages: Bob Miles beat the favorite April Fool, making the 1¾ miles in 3:15¼; there were six starters. In the ¾ mile heats, Finality, the favorite, won in 1:18¾ and 1:18¾, beating Pearl Jennings and Shady. The last race was a 1¼ handicap, in which Boz Sedam was the victor, beating Obermeyer and Ballard.

Muldoon and Ross will make another match. A dispatch from the sporting editor of the Cleveland Herald, says: "Duncan C. Ross has just deposited with me a check for $250 as forfeit money in a match with William Muldoon, and stipulates Friday, June 27, as the day. The check is payable to H. M. Weldon, sporting editor of the Enquirer, and has been forwarded to-night." The Enquirer adds to this: "The check will arrive to-day, and will be immediately covered by Mr. Jere Dunn for Muldoon. Mr. Dunn was at the Enquirer office last night ready to cover Ross' deposit had it arrived. Articles of agreement will most probably be signed to-day."

COCOAINE will be found a certain and speedy cure for dandruff and other scalp diseases.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Fitz John Porter bill went to the President Monday.

Advices from the Vatican announce the death of Cardinal Falloux.

The proposed arrangements for Egypt's future are well received at Cairo.

Gen. Lew Wallace, United States Minister to Turkey, has arrived in New York.

Wm. Fetue and James Clark were overcome by the heat at Indianapolis, Monday.

Moody closed his London mission Monday night with a large reunion at Temple Hall.

The steamship Faraday is laying the eastern shore end of the first Bennett-Mackay cable.

Seventeen tenements, occupied by 200 Hungarians, were burned at Shenandoah, Pa., Monday.

The President has signed the patent transferring the Pueblo lands of San Francisco to that city.

The London Standard says the vote on the motion for censure will be postponed till after the conference.

A terrific wind and rain storm struck Fort Madison, Iowa, Monday afternoon, doing considerable damage.

A large deposit of natural gas has been struck by the drillers at the Jefferson Iron Works, Steubenville, Ohio.

Joseph Palmer, accomplice of Wm. Berner in the Kirk murder at Cincinnati, has been convicted and will hang.

The Attorney General reproaches the Senate for not providing for the pay of the special counsel in the Guiteau case.

Intense discontent prevails among the Liberal Independents in regard to Gladstone's explanation of Egyptian affairs.

The bridge over the Vistula, at Warsaw, which cost $10,000,000, was swept away by a flood, and twenty persons were drowned.

Because of the cholera 8,000 people left Toulon Monday. The Ministry of Commerce pronounces it sporadic and not Asiatic cholera.

Seventeen thousand acres of school land in Clay and Archer Counties, Texas, were sold at auction Monday, and brought $4 per acre.

Articles of impeachment have been preferred against Mayor Chase of Omaha, Neb., charging him with neglect of duty, bribery and conspiracy.

Sergeant Brindle of the Third Missouri Regiment, who remained at Dubuque to look after the baggage, fell from a wagon and broke two of his ribs.

The National Rifles, who recently participated in the drill at Dubuque, were given a rousing welcome home upon their arrival at Washington, Monday night.

The sundry civil appropriation bill, as it passed the House Monday, provides that the District Attorneys and United States Marshals shall be paid stated salaries.

James Burns, a safe blower, and three desperate characters, attempted to escape from the jail guards at Little Rock, Monday. The other three were captured and Burns killed.

The Leavenworth, Kas., Bridge Company was formed Monday, with the following officers: President, Senator Caldwell; vice-president, L. T. Smith; secretary, Paul C. Havens; treasurer, M. H. Insley.

The verdict of the coroner's jury in the Jasper-Wheaton poison case at Dallas, Texas, was that deceased came to his death by poisoning, but whether by his own hand or another's could not be determined.

At the Budget Committee meeting, the first he has attended in twelve years, Bismarck said that Germany has formed no plans for the establishment of colonies, but would protect her colonists all over the world.

Mrs. Horton, a divorced woman of Aurora, Ind., suspecting her husband of intimacy with a Mrs. Owens, got three companions to go with her to Mrs. Owens' room, where they stripped her and poured tar over her. They will all be arrested.

Gladstone in the Commons Monday said that the conference would decide about the Egyptian finances, and that the neutralization of Egypt would be defined till English troops were withdrawn. No decision of the conference would be of force until Parliament should give its assent.

Under Sherman's leadership Monday, the Republican Senators bolted the Chicago platform and voted with the Democrats to defeat Ingalls' pension amendment by 26 to 38. Subsequently an amendment was adopted granting a pension to invalid sailors and soldiers of the war of the rebellion who saw three months' service, and to dependent widows and children of deceased pensioners.

Not a majority merely, but the whole people attest the wonderful cures of St. Jacobs Oil. Every house should have it.

THE Board of Health condemns well water for drinking purposes as being impure and injurious to health, but its officers delight in using Enno Sander's pure sparkling waters when and wherever they can get them.

BAKING POWDERS CONTAINING LIME.

Why "Royal" is Absolutely Pure.

Analysis shows the presence of Tartrate of Lime in several brands of Baking Powder placed upon the market.

"PRICE'S" Baking Powder contains Tartrate of Lime.

"PEARL" Baking Powder contains Tartrate of Lime.

"GROFF'S SNOW-FLAKE" Baking Powder contains Tartrate of Lime.

"DE LAND'S" Baking Powder contains Tartrate of Lime.

All BULK Baking Powders contain Tartrate of Lime.

The presence of this substance in the above-named Baking Powders results from the use of inferior Cream of Tartar in their manufacture. The Cream of Tartar of the market, from which they are made, contains Tartrate of Lime in amounts varying from six to ten per cent., and hence these powders contain this impurity as a foreign substance to a corresponding extent, which is of no value, but a positive detriment in any powder in which it is found.

The Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar specially refined and prepared for its use by patent processes by which the tartrate of lime is totally eliminated. This highly important result has been attained only with great care, labor, and expense. In money alone a quarter of a million dollars has been invested in patents, machinery and appliances by which the crude cream of tartar, being procured direct from the wine districts of Europe and subjected in this country to these exclusive processes, is rendered entirely free, not only from the objectionable tartrate of lime, but from other foreign substances. This adds greatly to the cost of manufacturing Royal Baking Powder; but, as all its other ingredients are selected and prepared with the same precise care, and regardless of labor and expense, an article is produced that is entirely free from any extraneous substance, and absolutely pure in all respects. No lime, earth, alum, or impurity of any kind can, by inadvertence or by the use of adulterated articles or otherwise, be introduced into the "Royal," and it contains no ingredients except those certified by the most eminent chemists necessary to make a pure, wholesome, and perfect baking powder.

It costs more to manufacture the Royal Baking Powder than any other, but it is, as shown by chemical analysis, the only "absolutely pure" baking powder made.

TRUCKING FOR THE TAIL.

Governor Hoadly Making Friends With the Tammanyites

It is Said That the Buckeye State Governor Wants to Play Vice to Mr. Cleveland's President—Mr. Hoadly Very Reticent but Evidently on the Alert.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 24.—All the politicians of big and little note strayed by some chance into the corridors of the Gilsey House yesterday, where Governor Hoadly of Ohio is stopping. They stood up by the hotel clerk's desk and discussed politics in every phase under the sun. The visitors began to arrive at 8 o'clock, and from then until evening there flowed a constant stream by the clerk's desk.

"How many visitors has the Governor had?" was asked of the hotel clerk.

"About one a minute," was the reply, as he sent up a card and turned to answer a new inquirer.

In the lobby and reception rooms of the hotel the conversation ran upon the merits of the Ohio candidate, and it seemed to be the general opinion that he is fairly in the race for either the first or second place on the ticket. The Governor himself was not visible until late in the morning, when he came down stairs, and with his quick, light step, entered the reception room to greet an acquaintance who had been kept waiting for some time. As he walked across the lobby he seemed the picture of health and buoyancy. He was clothed in a modest suit of gray and nervously twirled his spectacles as he stood and talked. Those who conversed with Governor Hoadly found him very reticent upon political matters, though when questioned he disclaimed having any serious thought of a nomination. He said he was not solicitous to define his own position, which the public may view as they see fit to regard it. When asked his opinion regarding the strength and availability of his particular candidates, he invariably declined to express an opinion, though referring to all,

PARTICULARLY TO GOVERNOR CLEVELAND,

in complimentary terms. To a correspondent for the Post-Dispatch he said that he had no political business whatever in the East, having come on with his family to attend the commencement exercises of the Yale law school, where he is to deliver an address to-day, and also to pay a visit for a few days to his maternal uncle, ex-President Woolsey of Yale College.

"Will you see Mr. Tilden while you are here?" asked the reporter. "I probably shall do so upon my return from New Haven."

"Do you still think it the duty of the Democratic party to nominate Mr. Tilden despite his declination?"

"I think, as I have always thought, that the nomination of Mr. Tilden would be by far the strongest that the party could make. I have always been a Tilden man, for the 'old ticket,' and it is true, as it seems to be, that the 'old ticket' is entirely out of the reach of the Democrats no one can regret that fact more deeply than I."

"Can you consistently give the Post-Dispatch your views of the political situation, and of the duty of the party as regards the platform to be adopted at Chicago?"

"You must excuse me. I should prefer to say nothing at present. Ask me a question which is not so very delicate and I will try to answer," he added, smiling.

"What are the prospects of the Democrats in Ohio?"

"I believe they are good—or rather I may say that I think they were never so good in a Presidential year as they are now, and I will add that I think this opinion will be emphasized by the work of the convention, for I cannot see how the party with so many admirable candidates to choose from and so much excellent platform material can

FRITTER IT'S CHANCES AWAY.

"Yes sir, we shall carry Ohio in October, mark what I say."

"You leave this afternoon for New Haven?"

"I did intend to do so," said Gov. Hoadly, "but I have changed my mind and will remain until to-morrow."

The report circulated that Mr. Mooney, John Kelly's secretary, was to have a political interview with the Governor was not verified yesterday. Mr. E. J. Leverich, the lawyer, called on the Governor.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

STRUCK BLIND.

End of the Decatur Murder Trial—Illinois Saengerfest—Shot the Marshal.

VANDALIA, ILL., June 24.—Ines Seely, a young lady of Centralia, Ill., was struck with blindness at Rev. J. B. Thompson's residence yesterday.

DECATUR, ILL., June 24.—John Adams was found guilty of manslaughter, the punishment being fixed at eleven years in the penitentiary.

JOLIET, ILL., June 24.—The Illinois Saengerfest held their annual banquet here yesterday evening.

BELLEVILLE, ILL., June 24.—Rev. G. W. Wilson, the famous revivalist of the Southern Illinois Conference, has opened a series of meetings at the First M. E. Church in this city.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 24.—The United States Circuit Court yesterday issued a mandamus against the city of Quincy, requiring the City Council to provide for judgments amounting to $15,360 recovered against the city by A. A. Jackson, Isaac H. Arthur and Charles Moran.

PARIS, ILL., June 24.—Ex-City Marshal J. A. Wosencroft, shot Acting City Marshal John Logan in the County Jail. Josie Schmidt was sunstruck here yesterday, but recovered.

RUPTURE, pile tumors, fistulas and all diseases of lower bowel (except cancer) radically cured. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and enclose two (3 cent) stamps for book.

The Eastern Star Excursion.

The lady Freemasons of Tuscon and Venus Chapters celebrated St. John's Day with an excursion forty miles down the river on the steamer Charles P. Chouteau. The steamer was elegantly decorated, and swung out from the foot of Elwood street (Carondelet avenue) with 3,000 ladies and gentlemen aboard. The steamer will return to the wharf at 7 o'clock this evening.

HOUSEKEEPERS should insist upon obtaining Burnett's Flavoring Extracts, they are the best.

PALACE sleeping coaches St. Louis to New York without change by the Ohio and Mississippi Railway, by morning and evening trains.

GENTS' LOW SHOES

Cheaper Than Ever.

BUY

Where they have One Price. Keep the Best Goods. Have the Largest Assortment. Give Perfect Fit. Guarantee Satisfaction, and are Headquarters for Gents' Shoes.

ABER'S,

217 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

PICTURES, FRAMES AND ARTIST MATERIALS AT LOWEST PRICES.

REDHEFFER & KOCH,

The Leading Art Dealers, 1000 OLIVE STREET.

RAZORS!

BEST QUALITY.

AUGUST KERN.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES AND STEAM GRINDING.

926 NORTH SIXTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

VANE, CALVERT & CO.'S READY MIXED PAINTS.

Absolutely Pure. Guaranteed to be the Best Paints in the United States. For Sample Card and Price-List address VANE, CALVERT & CO., 617 N. Main St.

Keep Your Eyes Skinned! McNichols' Refrigerator is the Boss!

My Mary is as tough a lass
As any good dame in the town,
And mebbe I warn't scared to see
Her jaw tied up and down.
Her head was in a flannel bag,
Her eyes were red as wax;
And cross!—jewhillikins, but she
Snapped like my old meat-ax!

"Why, Mare," I says, what's the row?
You look as sour as pickles."
It's my eternal death," says she,
"From that chest of McNichols'.

The baby's ears are both frostbit,
The cat has lost his toes.
I had to chop the butter loose,
And now the dinner's froze."

A happy thought; I struck a flame—
I am a lucky cove—
I started up a roaring blaze
In Mac's new parlor stove.
The Arctic pole is in the chest,
The stove's a tropic coast,
And that sets matters pretty straight
When things get in a muss.

Yes, sir, that works like a charm. The ice-box freezes the pie plates to the cupboard and settles a white frost on the cellar steps like winter; but I turn the throttle loose in that little cheap gasoline stove, and the temperature equalizes at once. Dinner is cooked in a jiffy without scenting up the lace curtains in the next room at almost no cost at all, and Mary does the day's ironing as well as ever she did when that expensive big stove ruled the house. There are some things even a poor man can do without. Our stove and refrigerator both are indispensable to us. We are eternally grateful to McNichols, whose installment plan made it possible for us to enjoy such luxuries, which we could not have paid for all at once. He was so willing to trust us—gave us such excellent articles, and did not take advantage of our poverty—until we now feel that we owe all our comfort and pleasant little home to him. He's the right man in Market street, near Eleventh; let me tell you that. Go and make your wife happy. If you have not saved up money, leave it to Mac; he will fix you out. It will put new life and courage in you, and by and by you will own all your pretty things—lock, stock and barrel.

1022, 1024 MARKET STREET.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

ROGERS—Suddenly, on Monday, June 23, MARGARET WISE, infant daughter of Clifford B. and Jennie S. Rogers.

TAYLOR—On June 23, BENJAMIN TAYLOR, aged 71 years. Funeral at 10 a. m. on Wednesday, June 25, from his late residence, 1311 Morton street.

DOYLE—At 2 a. m., June 24, MARY C. DOYLE, daughter of L. S. and K. M. Doyle, aged 4 months and 4 days. Funeral from residence, Goode av. and North Market st., at 3 p. m., June 25, 1884.

DO YOU LIKE

GOOD BREAD?

See that this Label (with the horse) is on every Loaf you buy.

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY

ATTENTION, SMOKERS!

All contestants for the 25 premiums aggregating above amount, offered by Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co., must observe the following conditions on which the premiums are to be awarded: All bags must bear our original Bull Durham label, U. S. Revenue Stamp, and Caution Notice. The bags must be done up securely in a package with name and address of sender, and number of bags contained plainly marked on the outside. Charges must be prepaid. Contest closes November 30th. All packages should be forwarded December 1st, and must reach us at Durham not later than December 15th. No matter where you reside, send your package, advise us by mail that you have done so, and state the number of bags sent. Names of successful contestants, with number of bags returned, will be published, Dec. 22, in Boston, Herald; New York, Herald; Philadelphia, Times; Durham, N. C., Tobacco Plant; New Orleans, Times-Democrat; Cincinnati, Enquirer; Chicago, Daily News; San Francisco, Chronicle. Address,

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., DURHAM, N. C.

Every genuine package has picture of Bull.

See our next announcement.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Fortify the system. All who have experienced and witnessed the effect of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters upon the weak, broken down, desponding victims of dyspepsia, liver complaint, fever and ague, rheumatism, nervous debility, or premature decay, know that in this supreme tonic and alterative there exists a specific principle which reaches the very source of the trouble, and effects an absolute and permanent cure. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

TO-NIGHT and during the week FORD'S OPERA COMPANY In the PRINCESS OF TREBIZONDE. The entire week to be given to the Sisters of Charity. In preparation, Nell Gwynn. Seats reserved at Balmer & Weber's Music Store and Southern Hotel News Stand.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS. I am making contracts for steamers CHARLES P. CHOUTEAU AND HELENA for excursions during the summer months. Apply to 12 a. m., at Southern Hotel or address W. B. THORWEGAN.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John O. Brinckmeier (now more than nine months deceased) and Elise his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 31st day of May, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 610, page 338, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lots number one (1) and two (2) in block number thirty-one (31) of Union addition, city block No. 1030, said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred feet (100 ft.) on the north line of Benton street, by a depth of one hundred and eleven feet five inches (111 ft. 5 in.) to an alley, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid: now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, A. D., 1884, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in said City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notice and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

I. Q. HALTEMAN & CO.

(Established 1857.)

MANUFACTURERS

Steam Engines and Mill Machinery. COOK'S Flour and Bran Packers, with Williams' Pat. Registers.

AGENTS

Rickerson's 6-in. Noiseless Roller Mills. Geo. T. Smith Middlings Purifier. Smith Centrifugal Reel. Richmond's Grain Cleaners and Bran-Dusters. 1011 TO 1015 SOUTH 3RD ST., ST LOUIS.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

	Cleaning.		Dyeing.
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00

W. SUMMERS, North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

PAINTING!

House and Sign Work.

MULLEN & HOPPIUS,

Telephone No. 351. 114 Olive st.

HOTEL BROWN,

(Formerly Ives House), Corner Twelfth and Olive sts., St. Louis, Mo., one block from new Exposition building. New management.

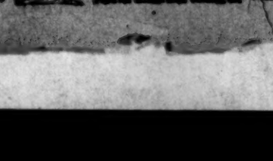
RATES $2 PER DAY.

Renovated, repainted and newly furnished throughout. Take Blue Line cars at Union Depot to 12th and Pine sts.

MO. SCHOOL OF MINES,

ROLLA, MO.

A school of practical science and engineering. Full courses in chemistry, mathematics, engineering, etc., leading to the degrees of civil and mining engineer. Fall term September 15. Tuition $30. Address CHAS. P. WAIT, Director.



LODGE NOTICES.

ATTENTION!
KNIGHTS OF HONOR

OLIVE BRANCH LODGE, No. 812, will hold a special meeting at their hall, corner Broadway and Benton street, Wednesday evening, June 25, 1884, at 8 o'clock sharp, at which Gen. Frank D. Sloat, Supreme Dictator, will be present and address the lodge; also Judge W. C. Jones, Jay L. Torrey, S. C. Bunn, W. M. Kinsey, grand reporter, and others. All members, visitors, and members of sister lodges are cordially invited to attend. By order of
GEO. W. KURTZEBORN, Dictator.
E. S. HILL, Reporter.

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 9, A. F. & A. M., will hold a regular communication at Masonic Hall, cor. 7th and Market sts., this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited. 133 P. J. HEUER, Secretary.

STELLA COUNCIL, No. 14, Legion of Honor, will meet every Wednesday at Union Hall, corner of Broadway and Benton st. All members of the order are fraternally invited.
A. W. SMITH, Chancellor.
C. H. PELLEY, Recorder. 133

IRVING COUNCIL, No. 2, L. of H., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, corner Lafayette ave. and Washington ave. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. All members urgently requested to attend.
JOHN BUCHANAN, V. C.
RICHARD HANLON, Recorder. 133

OAK LODGE, No. 100, K. of H., will hold a regular stated meeting at the new hall, 620 Locust st., on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are fraternally invited.
M. HIRSHBERG, Dictator.
ED. T. COOKE, Reporter.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Situation by young lady as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper or cashier; have a thorough knowledge of books. Ad. H 15, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A situation to travel on the road by an experienced salesman; best of ref. furnished. J 19, this office. 37

WANTED—By an accomplished salesman, a situation in some wholesale dry goods house; has had 10 years' experience; best refs. given. Address B E, this office.

WANTED—By a young man of considerable experience, situation as clerk in railroad office or wholesale house; best of references furnished. Add. W 24, this office. a37

WANTED—Position by a first-class clerk in grocery store; can furnish good city references. C 34, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Work by a practical house painter; understands stage work. De Witt, 2106 S. 3d st. 138

WANTED—By a young man, situation to learn the carpenter or millwright trade; has experience; strong, willing and reliable. N 36, this office. 138

WANTED—Employment of any kind; can use carpenter's tools, paint brush, etc.; not afraid of work. G 37, this office. 139

WANTED—A good baker and cook wants a situation; best ref. Ad. B 39, this office. w36

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced coachman; best city reference. Ad. E 39, this office. w39

WANTED—A first-class colored coachman wants a situation. L 38, this office. w39

Stenographers.

WANTED—By a stenographer, writing 125 words per minute, a position. Ad. R 40, this office. 41

Boys.

WANTED—A widow woman desires a position for her son either as errand boy or any kind of work. Ad. C 38, this office. w42

WANTED—By boy, situation to do chores around house. 3023 O'Fallon st. w42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by young married man, in city or country; experienced barkeeper and hotel clerk; willing to work. F 38, this office. w43

WANTED—Married man desires a position of any kind; good penman and figurer; not afraid of work; speaks English and German. Ad. F 39, this office. w43

WANTED—A young man desires a situation to take charge of country paper; good rererences. H 38, this office. w43

WANTED—A young married man wants work of any kind; strong and willing; don't want big wages. M 38, this office. w43

WANTED—Young man of 23 wants situation in private family to care for horse and buggy; good home more than salary. T 38, this office. w43

WANTED—Situation by a practical and energetic business man, 30 years of age; strictly temperate, willing and active; will work in the interest of his employer in any capacity, or as general help; reference from last employer. N 37, this office. a43

WANTED—Young man wants situation in private family to take care of horse and cow and be generally useful; ref. A 37, this office. 143

WANTED—Employment to attend to and care for horses, and to be generally useful about the place; good refs. C 35, this office. 143

WANTED—Situation as time-keeper or foreman by middle-aged man; understands hard work and also book-keeping. G 36, this office. 143

WANTED—By 1st of July, by experienced short-hand correspondent, type-writer, operator and book-keeper a situation. Speak and write French and German; best of references from present employer; own type-writer. Address A 38, this office. 143

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Employment Association 410 Olive st. We can place people of all nationalities, in all manner of positions as book-keepers and assistants, reliable accountants and collectors, shipping and bill clerks, salesmen of all kinds; also watchmen, coachmen, bartenders, porters, janitors, engineers, machinists, conductors, etc. Parties in quest of desirable steady positions can be greatly benefited by applying direct to us. Business houses wanting help send orders to above Association., No charge. 34

WANTED—A shipping clerk and stock keeper, one thoroughly posted on carriage hardware preferred; also one smart and active office boy. Apply in person to Milburn Manf. Co., 8th and Cass av. w34

WANTED—Immediately, on salary or commission, two energetic men. 1006 Olive st., 3d story, front. 134

The Trades.

STOVE-PLATE moulders; cheap fare; apply at once. Commercial Employment Agency, 23 N. 4th st., rooms 4 and 5. w38

WANTED—Men and boys to sell the Superior sticky fly paper; very salable; average profit $2 50 per day. 1012 Locust st. 138

WANTED—Carpenters. I want six good finishing hands on 19th and O'Fallon. Call to-morrow morning. m38

WANTED—Two printers for stamp portraits; mechanical work; no more than $6 paid per week. C. H. Toundorff, 1546 Chouteau av. 138

WANTED—A plasterer. 2949 Wash st. 138

WANTED—Ten good millwrights; they must be No. 1 men. Apply right away at Wilson's, 716 Morgan st., city. 138

Laborers.

WANTED—Twenty teams and men at Collins st., and Franklin av.; brick for sale. Callahan & Greefield.

WANTED—Forty men on Compton av. and Olive st. by R. Brown. 139

WANTED—Forty teams and 40 men on Grand av. and Broadway, and 30 men and 10 teams on 12th and Gratiot. Thomas Whelan. w39

Boys.

WANTED—Boys to sell sticky fly paper; sells like hot cakes; big profit. 1012 Locust st. 161

WANTED—A boy to attend a cigar and lunch stand. Apply at Baldwin's Turf Exchange. 161

WANTED—An industrious boy who has had experience to work in drug store; refs required. Apply Southern Hotel Drug Store, 9 o'clock a. m. 161

WANTED—Immediately, 500 or 1,000 boys to sell the Evening Chronicle on street for themselves or by the week. Apply to Cowan at the Chronicle office, 14 N. 6th st. 161

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Men to handle ice. Apply at 14th and Gratiot sts. Creve Coeur Ice Co. 162

WANTED—Feeder for Liberty Press. J. C. Somerville, 1009 Olive st. 162

WANTED—Immediately at room 4, 508 Pine st., a man who thoroughly understands the care of horses. 162

CLEAN, airy lodgings, 10 and 15c; single rooms, 25c; meals, 10 and 15c; baths, 10c. Friendly Inn, 1224 old Broadway. 162

WANTED—Good cutter on chevlot shirts. Call from 1 to 2:30 p. m., 1454 O'Fallon st. 162

WANTED—Colored man who understands care of horses and will make himself generally useful. Apply at 17 N. Main st. w62

WANTED—Fifty men at Galt House, 410 Spruce st.; single beds 15c; rooms 25c to 50c. 162

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper or cashier; have a thorough knowledge of books. Ad. H 15, this office. 32

WANTED—For farm help, man and wife without small children, man to attend to cows and general farm work, woman to assist in butter-making and general house work; man and daughter or woman and son will do; a nice home and everything furnished. Inquire at 113 Franklin av., st. cars. w33

WANTED—Men to sell sticky fly paper; used in every household and offices; big profit. 1012 Locust st. 162

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—By a refined and educated young lady, position as companion to a young girl or elderly lady; no objection to leaving the city; excellent reference. H 35, this office. 37

WANTED—A young lady of fair education would like position as companion to invalid lady; no objection to traveling. L 37, this office. 37

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Situation by young lady as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper or cashier; have a thorough knowledge of books. Ad. H 15, this office. 36

WANTED—Young lady would like position in a store as saleslady; would work for small payment. E 36, this office. 144

WANTED—Young lady wishes a situation as clerk in an office; plain writer and well advanced in arithmetic. Call at 211 S. 15th st. 144

WANTED—A young lady of good education, writes a plain hand, good accountant, would like work in some office; willing to leave city. T 37, this office. w44

WANTED—Situation by a good young lady handwriter in an office or store. C 41, this office. w44

WANTED—Lady wants position in an office as copyist or correspondent; a swift and good writer. G 40, this office. w41

Stenographers.

WANTED — Position as amanuensis by competent stenographer and type-writist. Address L 5, this office. 41

WANTED—Position by competent lady stenographer and type-writer; best city refs. L 60, this office. 45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Dressmaker wishes work in family by the day. E 37, this office. w46

WANTED—First-class dressmaker would like dressmaking in families; good references. P 38, this office. w46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—An educated and respectable widow, a good cook and seamstress, desires to keep house for a widower or bachelor. G 39, this office. w47

WANTED—A young widow wishes a situation as housekeeper for herself and child. 2023 O'Fallon st. w47

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by girl to do housework or assist in general housework. 2812 Division st. 148

WANTED—A young German girl wishes a situation as house girl. Call at 934 N. High st., (old 13th). 148

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do up-stairs work or assist in general housework in a respectful family. Please call at 1409 St. Charles st. 148

WANTED—Situation as house girl. 2220 Olive st. 148

WANTED—Girl wants place to do housework and come home at night. 820 Targee st. 148

WANTED—A situation in a small family for general housework; no washing. 919 N. 11th st. w48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in small family; no washing. 900 Biddle st., upstairs. w48

WANTED—A place by a girl to do housework. 1231 Gay st., upstairs. w48

WANTED—A good, plain cook wishes a place in small family; no objection to small washing. Ad. or call at 1407 N. 12th st. w48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl of 17 for housework, or general housework in a family of two or four; no washing. Call at 2816 Locust st. w48

WANTED—A good girl wishes situation for housework, or to assist with general house work. Please call or send postal corner Newstead and St. Ferdinand sts.

Cooks.

WANTED—Steady woman wants permanent place as cook only; positively no boarding house; no objection to country. Ad. new No. 1317 Carr st. m49

WANTED—Situation by an experienced cook; also house girl; best city refs. Apply n. e. cor. 16th and Market sts., entrance on 16th st., up stairs. w49

Nurses.

WANTED—By an experienced German nurse girl, situation with family. Traveling North. Apply at 1621 Wash st. 150

WANTED—By colored girl, a situation as nurse or house girl in small family. Ad. 50 Targee st. 150

WANTED—Situation as nurse; no objection to travel; by young lady. Ad. F 37, this office. 150

WANTED—A girl of 15 wishes situation as nurse and to assist in light housework; is very fond of children; no postals answered. Ap. 823 Wash st. w50

WANTED—Situation as nurse by a girl 13 years old. 1230 Benton st., in rear. w50

Laundresses.

WANTED—A situation by a widow to take home washing by the day. Call at once at 1504 Poplar st. w51

WANTED—A woman wants washing to do at home. Ad. postal card to 1220 Benton st., in rear. w51

WANTED—Laundress wants work in a private family by the day. Call or address 1127 Locust st. w51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation by a plain shirt ironer. G 33, this office. w32

WANTED—Situation by a splendid shirt ironer. F 38, this office. w32

WANTED—Situation to do upstair work, by young girl. Call at 122 Mound st. w52

WANTED—Lady telegraph operator wishes position; just learned. Ad. 2129 Gratiot st. 152

WANTED—Situation by a good strong boy to work in stable. H 37, this office. 142

WANTED—Situation by a young lady to lable. Ad. H 37, this office. 152

WANTED—Situation by young lady as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper or cashier; have a thorough knowledge of books. Ad. H 15, this office. 32

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

ST. LOUIS WRITING ACADEMY, 1700 Chestnut street. Afternoon session for ladies only. Call or send for circulars. 48

General Housework.

VISIT L. MOHR'S
ICE-CREAM GARDEN
AND CONFECTIONERY.
Families, Picnics, Churches and Restaurants supplied at LOWEST PRICES.
Telephone No. 2353,
Corner of Fifteenth st. and Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework; must understand cooking. 1936 LaSalle st., city. 166

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 3246 Olive st. 166

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 1909 LaSalle st. 166

WANTED—Ladies' finishing headed jackets made to order to call at Home Fancy Work, 702 Olive st. w66

WANTED—A woman to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 2727 Stoddard st. w66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, etc., at 1220 Vandeventer av.; wages $15 per month. w66

WANTED—A neat, quick colored girl for general housework. Apply at 1823 Olive st. 166

WANTED—A neat colored girl for general housework; refs required. 2717 Morgan st. 166

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 2624 Olive st. 166

WANTED—A girl for housework; no washing. Apply at 1542 Chouteau av. a66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; must be good cook, washer and ironer; no outside work. Call at 3820 Delmar av. Car fare returned. w66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 2502 Hebert st.; new number. 166

WANTED—A girl to do general housework for a small family. Inquire at 1106 N. Park place. 166

WANTED—At once, good cook and general housework girl; good wages. Apply at 1328 St. Ange av. w66

WANTED—German girl for general housework in family of two; references. Call 9 to 12 a. m. at 2327 Market st. 166

Laundresses.

WANTED—A good girl to do washing and ironing. Apply between 8 and 11 a. m. at 615 Locust st. w67

WANTED—A laundress to wash a lot of blankets in the house. 1726 Mississippi av. 167

WANTED—Good ironers and a good No. 1 washerwoman at New York Laundry, 818 N. 8th st. 167

Cooks.

WANTED—A No. 1 cook, washer and ironer wishes a home to work in private family; children no obstacle; wages no object; a good home preferred, as she is a stranger in the city. Address for five days B 38, this office. 168

WANTED—A cook, at 733 S. 5th st. 168

WANTED—A good woman cook; wages $20 per month; to assist in restaurant. Delmonico Park, Union and Olive st. road. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Dressmakers and apprentice girls, at 2732 Olive st. 169

WANTED—A good dressmaker. Call at 2687 Olive st. 169

Nurses.

WANTED—A girl 14 to 16 years old to take charge of children. Call at 1015 and 1015 Franklin av. 170

WANTED—A nurse from 12 to 13 years old. Apply at 2616 Lafayette av. 170

A WELL recommended woman going east can secure free passage to Boston by nursing baby en route. Call at 2726 Clark av. 170

WANTED—A girl of 16 years of age to mind a child and help to do housework; two in family. Ap. at 2726 Madison st. 170

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Respectable dining-room girl; also a good girl to work in the kitchen, at 2112 Olive st. 171

WANTED—Good chambermaid at 709 Christy av. 171

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A chambermaid at Metropolitan Hotel, 12 N. 7th st. 171

WANTED—Good steady girl to wash dishes. Bridge Restaurant. 171

WANTED—Good cutter on chevlet shirts. Call at 1454 O'Fallon st., from 1 to 2:30 p. m.; female. 171

WANTED—A girl 13 to 14 years of age for pantry work during the day at the Cottage Cafe. 1515 Olive st.

WANTED—A good dishwasher at 414 Market st. 171

WANTED—A girl to go to the country. Call at 1003 Morgan st. 171

WANTED—A dish-washer, at 733 S. 5th st. 171

WANTED—Girls on light, pleasant work at home; steady employment. Home Fancy Work, 702 Olive st., 3d floor. 171

WANTED—First-class lady retoucher, who must also be a good spotter; state salary per year and when at liberty for engagement. Address, with samples, Latour, Sedalia, Mo. 171

LADIES shopping should drop into 616 Morgan st. for refreshments; ice cream, 5c; strawberries, 5c; strawberry short-cake, 10c; everything else in proportion. 71

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Plain sewing or dressmaking to take home Ad. 18 S. 11th st., city. 172

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen in city or country, to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes; $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 73

BLAINE'S LIFE will be profitable to agents. Prospectus now ready. Send 50 cents. Tyler & Co., Detroit, Michigan. 173

WANTED—Canvassers for Industrial Insurance; special terms to live men. P. Smyth, 1309 N. 14th st. a73

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By quiet couple, room with board for lady in a quiet locality; with parties who have no other roomers preferred; no ref. N 40, this office. 120

WANTED—By single gent, nice front room, so. exp., with board; state terms, location, etc. Ad. B 40, this office. 120

WANTED—By a young couple a nicely furnished room, in private family, with board for wife; location 12th to 20th, Pine to Franklin av. D 40, this office. 120

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—In first-class, quiet neighborhood, by refined party, several rooms, well and completely furnished; the right party may secure desirable occupants; no reference. J 39, this office. w21

WANTED—Single room and board in private family by single gent, where the comforts of home can be enjoyed; best of references given. Ad., stating terms, W 35, this office. a21

WANTED—By man and wife, three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; with stabling for two horses and buggy; state distance from 4th and Chestnut sts. Box 288, Carrollton, Ill. 121

WANTED—House, 8 or 9 rooms, centrally located, hall, gas, bath, yard. Ad. F 40, this office. 121

WANTED—Fur. room, bet. Franklin av. and Market st. and west of 14th; no refs. and where there are no other roomers. Ad. K 39, this office. 121

WANTED—Two rooms and kitchen, unfurnished, by man and wife, below 19th st., first or second floor. Ad. O 20, this office. 21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A female partner; must understand first-class confectionery and store business; must furnish $150. Address J 38, this office. w23

WANTED—A partner in the commission business by a party well and favorably known on 'Change; must be able to attend to the office work and the finances with about $3,000 capital; best of references given and required. Ad. N 38, this office. 123

SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT—I will sell to active men who will devote their time to the business, one-half or part of the capital stock of the Belleville Pottery Company. The company is nearly ready to start business, and is making now in small quantities white front brick. The same in all colors, enameled and glazed for building inside and outside work. The company will make floor tiling and tableware of every description in a short time; material in company's hands; money is wanted to strengthen the business. M. J. Dobschuts, President, Belleville, Ill., or apply to Joseph Duffy, Vice-President, 614 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo. 123

WANTED—Partner with $150 in a good paying business; well established. Apply at 815 Pine st. 123

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange, 60-acre farm four miles northeast of Lamonte, Pettis County, Mo. No land selling for less than $35 per acre; this farm at $2,500 and $2,500 cash for West St. Louis property or a good stock of goods. Ad. Chas. Allen, Sedalia, Mo. 29

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow, $4,000 at 6 per cent for 3 years on a large, 3-story brick house and lot on Chestnut st., near 12th st.; title perfect. Call or address F. W. P., care of 708 Pine st. a25

EDUCATIONAL.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S St. Louis Short-hand Commercial and Penmanship Institute. All branches. Elevator in Building, 506 Olive st. 29

EDUCATION—Miss Owens, graduate of the National School of Elocution and Oratory, Philadelphia, will conduct summer classes in elocution at 2607 Lucas av., St. Louis. 129

SHORTHAND.
The Bryant & Stratton Business and Shorthand School, corner Fifth and Market streets, offers unequaled advantages for learning the machine and pencil systems of Shorthand. Send for circular. 29

McDOWELL'S Elocution School, 1310 Olive, open all summer. 29

Shorthand and Business College, **MARTIN'S** 618 and 620 Olive street. Est. 1876. Catalogue.

STORAGE.

FURNITURE packed and shipped; moving done at low rates. 1008 Morgan st. 82

STORAGE—Cheapest, best, dryest and most convenient in the city for furniture, pianos, trunks, boxes, etc. An itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced on same; packing and shipping household goods a specialty; moving done with care at low rates at our large fireproof warehouse. Wm. O. Langan & Co., 1008 and 1010 Morgan st. 82

STORAGE—Clean, cheap, dry and free from vermin, a fire-proof warehouse of Brandon & Co. Call on themlf, you want to save money; packing and shipping a specialty. 1516 Franklin av. 4

STORAGE for furniture and goods; clean, dry and low rates; moving, repairing, packing and shipping.
82 JOHN W. SPARGO, 305 N. 8th st.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 609 Pine st. 84

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—Small, neat, good paying drug store in city Address, stating price, location, etc., W 34, this office. a3

WANTED—The agency for the sale of some article in every day demand, in connection with my present business. J. T. Mason, 312 Olive st. a3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

A THOUSAND statements for $1.
4 HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 810 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Good route situated in southwestern part of the city and on morning paper. Inquire at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—One route, centrally located and in A1 condition. Apply at once at circulation department of this paper. 4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Post-Dispatch route in Carondelet good reason for selling. Apply at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Creve Coeur Lake Hotel and 3 acres; a rare chance. James M. Loring, 322 Chestnut st. 4

FOR SALE—Millinery business at a sacrifice; parties leaving city. Inquire at 711 N. 4th st. 4

PATENT for sale; patent for a useful household article for sale very cheap. Sample 15c. Henry Seele, Rolla, Mo. 4

$300 will buy a grocery, bread and milk stand with fixtures; rent only $12; 3 rooms; store room and cellar; good stand in good location. Call at 1819 N. 9th st. a4

FOR SALE—Millinery and ladies' furnishing goods establishment in one of the most flourishing towns in Southwest Missouri; good stand, large trade, well established and paying. For information apply to Rosenheim, Levis & Co., 5th st. and Washington av., St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—A good corner saloon cheap. Inquire s. e. cor. 8th and Christy av. 4

A TINNER business, with store, is to be sold under extraordinarily good terms; at the sale will be given satisfactory explanation. Ad. D 36, this office. w4

FOR SALE—Good bakery, with well established trade; price only $600. Duffy & Co., 614 Olive.

FOR SALE—First-class saloon and restaurant with lease and cheap rent, doing a good business; price only $600. See Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st. 4

FOR SALE—$250 will buy a half interest in a good paying light manufacturing business. This is a positive bargain. Apply at once. Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Coal, wood and ice yard; 9 years' lease; doing a big business; a great bargain. See Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st. 4

FOR SALE—Good corner grocery and saloon selling 14 kegs of beer a day; also a big grocery trade; must be sold at once; price only $750. For particulars see Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st. 4

FOR SALE—Millinery store; established 4 years and has a first-class trade; owner leaving city; rent cheap; must be sold at once; easy terms to purchaser; will sell or trade; price only $1,000. See Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Restaurant—The best bakery and restaurant and boarding house on Olive st. Lease for five years; six furnished rooms; low rent; price $1,500. See Duffy & Co., 614 Olive st. 4

CHAS. KUHN, real estate and business exchange, 720 Pine st. 4

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

PERSONAL—If the lady who addressed a communication to a gentleman on Olive st., signing herself "Teaser-By," will again communicate with him, giving her real name and address (already suspected), he will be happy to communicate to the aforesaid lady some important truths, evidently unsuspected by her, and calculated to be of benefit to her for all time to come. G 35, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Wanted, the acquaintance of an intelligent American young lady or widow, not over 25, by Eastern gent. K 38, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Wanted, the address of a young widow not over 30 by a young man of 32; must be jolly and can spend evenings out. O 38, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Will the young lady in buggy Sunday, 22d inst., 5 p. m., who noticed gent on Olive st. car, again on 6th and Olive and drove north on 6th st., and bowed to gent, please answer through this column. W 37, this office.

PERSONAL—A discreet lady of 25 years would like to hear from a gentleman of means that would prove a true friend. D 33, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Agie: I arrived all right; all are here; I think it would do you good to come; please write and come. Yours, J. H. B. 41

PERSONAL—Gent in buggy who noticed two ladies on 8th and Washington av. and again on 9th st. Monday about 4 o'clock, would like to make acquaintance if agreeable. Please send letter to C 39, this office. w1

PERSONAL—A young, discreet lady wishes the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman as a friend. D 33, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Would some kind gentleman assist a young German lady to a small business; in return would be a true friend. Ad. W 38, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Will Blondes that made engagement for music store, later opposite park, send address or make engagement so we can explain? H. Allen, Lindell Hotel.

PERSONAL—O 28: Letters in this office for you; Edith has not forgotten you. 41

PERSONAL—Two gents who inserted personal in Post-Dispatch some time ago still desire the acquaintance of blonde and brunette on rat chase, Olive between 6th and 7th sts. Please address R 39, this office. 41

PERSONAL—If the two gentlemen who were on the verandas at T. Faust's Monday evening care to meet the young ladies who were devouring raspberries and cream at that time, please mention in personal what afternoon and where. Raspberries and Cream. 41

PERSONAL—Two stylish young ladies of strict respect ability, fond of amusements, excursions, etc., desire the acquaintance of two stylish gentlemen. Address for three days M 37, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Two young girls desire the acquaintance of two lively young gents, willing to take them to picnics, excursions, etc. Ad. S 39, this office. 41

PERSONAL—The acquaintance of two respectable girls by two gents of respectability; none others need apply. Ad. H 39, this office. 41

PERSONAL—The acquaintance of a handsome lady of refinement, blonde preferred, by a gentleman of means. Ad. J 40, this office. 41

PERSONAL—Rob. H. Hildebrandt, send your address to Mr. Stewart. K.

PERSONAL—Mildred Leona:—I have written two letters; will this do? Answer. 1874. 41

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED—From 2624 Sheridan av., two black ponies 15 and 14 hands high; will pay $10 for them. Mrs. Stewart. 130

LOST—A small dog; mouse-color; answers to the name of "Sport," had on license No. 2459. Please return to 2307 Jackson st., and receive liberal reward. 130

LOST—On Sunday, June 22, a black and tan female dog; had on leather collar, edged and lined with red; answers to the name of "Judy." Reward will be paid if delivered to 1228 Washington av. 130

LOST—A wave of hair, Friday, June 27; by returning same to F. DeDonato, Sixth and Olive streets, liberal reward will be given. w30

LOST—A child's gold enameled ear-ring with small red set. Please return to Mrs. Sonberg, 1427 N. (new) 18th st.; reward given. 130

FOUND—Plain gold ring, with initials inside. Owner may get same by paying for this advertisement and proving ownership, at 1418 N. 19th st. a30

LOST—A gold dollar, the name Lulie on one side. Please return to 1340 (new), 12th st., and receive reward. a30

LOST—Party who picked up pocketbook containing new five dollar bills and nickels will please leave it at Zumeth's saloon, Clayton and Manchester road. w30

LOST OR MISLAID—St. L. El. and W. R. receipts, No. 21,216 for 458.40 lbs, and No. 21,296, for 460.50 lbs No. 2 red wheat, issued to Doling & Langenberg; receipts have been cancelled and are of no value; a small reward will be paid by returning to Camp Spring Mill Co. 130

ANY ONE returning mocking bird to 709 Christy av. will receive $5 reward. w30

LOST—Friday evening, between 19th and 23d sts. on St. Louis av., heavy plain band gold ring, engraved J. B. S. to M. A. F. The finder will receive a liberal reward by returning to J. B. Schlinger, 2623 N. 19th st., or J. M. Polack's, 213 Broadway, as it is a ring highly esteemed. 30

NOTICE is hereby given that my certificate of membership in the Merchants' Exchange, of St. Louis, bearing date of May 9th, 1882, and marked 3827, has been lost or destroyed, and that I have made application for a duplicate hereof. JAMES A. ROBINSON.

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan: bookseller, 4th and Washington.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—Carleton House, furnished rooms; southern exposure; with bath; cheap rent; also rooms for light housekeeping. 113

9 N. EIGHTH ST.—Two unfurnished rooms. m13

9 N. EIGHTH ST.—Two unfurnished rooms. a13

31 S. LEONARD AV., bet. Laclede av. and Manchester road—Two rooms and kitchen; water in kitchen.

121 N. SEVENTH ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; with gas. w13

207 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Two fine large parlors, unfurnished, for light housekeeping; also one handsomely furnished 2d-story front room, with alcove, s. exposure. w13

208 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Desirable furnished large and airy front room, with privilege of bath. a13

224 S. TWELFTH ST.—Handsomely furnished front room, opposite park; cheap. 113

620-1 N. FIFTH ST.—Airy front rooms, each have large window; 25c and 50c. 13

900 PINE ST.—Wanted, at Golden Era, 9th and Pine, 50 men to rent good, clean beds from 75c to $1 50 per week; single rooms $2 to $5; transients accommodated. f13

1007 PINE ST.—Two small furnished rooms. 113

1010 PINE ST.—Front parlor, furnished, and other rooms for rent. f13

1118 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; also hall room. a13

1120 OLIVE ST.—For rent—First floor, furnished, to nice parties: call. a13

1220 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms; cool; for gents only. f13

1308 CHESTNUT ST.—Two unfurnished rooms; parties without children preferred. w13

1529 CARR ST.—Nicely furnished front room; so. exp.; suitable for two gents; private family; home comforts; good neighborhood and convenient to car line. 13

1627 WASHINGTON AV. — Very pleasant, finely-furnished rooms, southern and eastern exposure; all conveniences; terms reasonable. 13

1705 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for rent. s13

1706 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely fur. front room, 2d floor, with bath. w13

1709 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; southern ex.; gents only. s13

1803 CARR ST.—Furnished, two large front rooms; $20; single rooms $8; fine location; convenient to cars. 113

1806 CARR PLACE—Two rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; also, handsomely furnished front room with piano, suitable for two persons.

1922 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. and unfur. rooms for rent. w13

2101 WASHINGTON AV.—Three rooms; also 605 N. 21st st., three rooms. Keeley & Co., 708 Pine st. a13

2128 EUGENIA ST.—An elegant, 2d-story furnished room; gas and bath; facilities for light housekeeping if desired. 113

2204 OLIVE ST.—Cool, delightful rooms; city and country combined; comfort and reliability; private family. a13

2334 OLIVE ST.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished; also basement. a13

2603 HICKORY ST.—Have nice room to rent for 2 or 3 gents; is in southern exposure; private family; can board if like. s13

2909 PINE ST.—A nicely furnished room. a13

3137 CLARK AV.—Pleasant front room; southern exposure; private family; suitable for two gents or man and wife. w13

3408 LOCUST PLACE—Nice front room; furnished or unfurnished. a13

3441 OLIVE ST.—Flats, corner, 2 floors. S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 13

PARTY going to take a furnished house, in a splendid locality, would like some nice roomers; will also give board. E 40, this office. 113

NEWLY fur. room, so. exp., central location, to quiet lady; no refs. req. Ad. H 40, this office. 113

FOR RENT—Two suites of unfurnished rooms, 2d and 3d floors; also back parlor bed-room; ref. required. O 39, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Cars av. flats, 2 rooms and kitchen; completely furnished for housekeeping; water in kitchen. S. E. cor. 19th and Cass av. w13

FOR RENT—In nice locality, room and board for two ladies at $25 per month; also room at $15 for gentlemen. D 41, this office. a13

FOR RENT—A nice furnished room for lady. Ad. M 35, this office. 113

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

2303 WALNUT ST.—Furnished house; would board with party; or half house furnished or unfurnished. w13

2331 RANDOLPH ST.—Small furnished house; large yard; cheap for summer.

MUSICAL.

PIANOS
HALLET & DAVIS
Are used and endorsed by Louis Aptommas, Strauss, Gottschalk, and other great masters. Sold at
H. KOERBER'S, 1103 Olive St.

5 OCTS PER COPY } Music full-sheet size—"Don't Bury Me Deep Papa," "Dude-Dude," "Only a Pacout the Window," "Sweet By-and-Bye Via," "Mocking Bird" any of above sent for 5c; catalogues mailed free. Address Jett's Music Store, 807 Olive st., St. Louis. a27

WANTED—Band leader who plays violin, E flat cornet; also barytone, double in orchestra; fare advanced; answer quick. Jas. T. Johnson Circus, box 11 Neosha Falls, Kan. w27

Wanted--Second-Hand Pianos.
The highest prices paid for good second-hand pianos in cash or exchange for new ones. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. Agency Henry F. Miller Pianos. 37

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

$15 PER MONTH—Six-room houses, cor. Norfolk and Mt. Vernon av., end of Market street line; public School and churches very close; inquire on premises, 1259

1129 ARMSTRONG AV.—Near Lafayette Park, a new corner dwelling of nine rooms, comfortably furnished, with hall, bath, laundry, modern improvements, southern and eastern exposure. f14

2626 RANDOLPH ST.—A six-room house in good order. Inquire next door, 2628.

2732 GAMBLE ST.—Six rooms and stable for rent. w14

2913 CHESTNUT ST.—Ten room detached stone front, modern built house. Call and see. 114

2925 LUCAS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms, Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

3003 CASS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, etc., $40 per month. D. G. Cook, 507 N. 3d st. 14

FOR RENT OR LEASE—Two-story frame six-room house, with 50 feet of ground and stable; on the north side of Swan between Park and Boyle avenues; at reasonable terms. Inquire on premises, McGree, city, or inquire at 1107 Jefferson av. a14

FOR RENT OR SALE—One of those most desirable 8-room, separate modern houses, near Lafayette park; no part of city more desirable; terms to suit buyer; if tenant chooses to buy, what he has paid in rent will be credited on purchase. Wm. S. Pope, st., 414 Olive st., room 8, 2d floor. 14

FOR RENT (on Watson av.)—New 3-room frame house, with stable and garden; $8 per month. Enq. at Southern Hotel. William Halpin. 114

FOR RENT.

1421 WEBSTER AV.—6-room brick house in good order; bath and water; can be seen at any time. Call and examine. $25

FISHER & CO.,
714 Chestnut St.

WANTED—A young lady room mate; desirable home; ref. required. E 32, this office. a13

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—At Kirkwood, on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, five minutes' walk from depot, an 8-room house, just finished. Apply first house south of new house for ref. a16

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

417 PINE ST.—One large office room on 3d floor of the Ferguson Building, corner Broadway and Pine sts. L. S. Brotherton, 417 Pine st. 17

DESK ROOM—For rent—In cigar store, S. E. cor. 5th and Olive; light and pleasant. 17

FOR RENT—Desk room in room 4, 2d floor, southeast corner 5th and Olive sts. a17

FOR RENT—Or Lease—The house with store southeast corner 6th st. and Clark av.; will rent separate or together. Wm. C. Richmond, 410 Market st., room 217

FOR RENT—Elegant store-room, No. 818 Pine st.; two large rooms on 3d floor, suitable for offices, etc., and two rooms on 3d floor; will be rented separate or together

SCARRITT FURNITURE CO.

Prior to Our Semi-Annual Inventory SEE THEM

WE WILL MAKE EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS IN

CHAMBER SUITS PARLOR SUITS

AND EVERY ARTICLE of FURNITURE Such an opportunity will not occur again.

609, 611, 613 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

ALL SORTS.

$4.50 TO ORDER.

English Walking Shoes. Perfect fit guaranteed. Invisible patches put on and rubber goods repaired equal to new. John Lotterjh, 818 N. 6th st. 26

CORNS Extracted without pain, 25c each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skillful manner by DR. N. KENISON & SON, No. 923½ Olive st., Near Barr's

F. J. SWAINE, manufacturer of moulds (glass), dies, models, experimental and practical, small machinery, 1004 Chestnut st. 32

WIGS AND TOUPEES—Call or send for circular. Burge, 109 Franklin av., St. Louis, Mo. 32

P. REYNARD'S celebrated insect powder. 35 years of uninterrupted success a guaranty of its superiority. 329 Olive st. 32

RICHARD T. BROPHY, Secretary Pensioners' Benevolent Union of Missouri, Dep't Commander of Union Veteran Army, Dep't of Missouri, Pension Claim Attorney. Certificates in lieu of lost discharge, original and increase Pension Claims a specialty. Bounty Claims and land warrants for soldiers entitled, promptly and faithfully attended to. Office, 819½ Chestnut st., room 10, St. Louis, Mo. Blank forms for sale. 32

PRESERVATION OF WALLS. Stone fronts cleaned and disintegration prevented. New brick-work kept close and mortar joints preserved; old brick-work renovated and made to look new; damp walls permanently cured. St. Louis Brick and Stone Preservation Co., 413 N. 12th st. 32

VASEL & CO., 1317 Franklin av., invite the attention of the public to their world-renowned "Swiss Health Bitters." They also keep a full line of the finest wines and liquors, at wholesale and retail, to be found in the city. Give them a call. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, pet and mule gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Buhne, 823 Olive st.

WATCHES, clocks and jewelry sold on time payments. D. W. Buerger, 1611 Franklin av. 652

WANTED—Genteel and ladies' household washing done to order, and goods delivered. H. W. Stredder, 2205 Olive st. 152

WIRE SCREENS for doors and windows, at 32 J. L. ISAACS', 1210 Olive st.

A THOUSAND business cards for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 816 Olive st. 32

ALL the newest and most artistic designs in paper hangings, window shades, lace curtains, pictures, etc. Cheap at Stephens', 914 N. 5th st. 32

D. STRAWBRIDGE, pattern and model maker; wood and metal. 411 Morgan st., city.

IMPROV'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

3700, 3702, 3704 COOK AV.—West End—Three elegant new stone-front houses for sale or rent; all improvements made; hard wood finish. Apply 3710 Cook av. 17

FOR SALE—A 13-room house on Olive, bet. 14th and 15th sts. Call at 814 Olive st. 17

FOR SALE—On time payments, a 10-room stone-front corner house, detached, at $6,300; also two six and seven-room stone front, detached houses, having every modern convenience, situated on N. 25th st., between Salisbury and Farrar sts; also three three-room frame houses, detached, on Clingett av. near Lamblin av., for $1,400 each; for particulars inquire of F. H. Goss, 608 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—A six-room brick on Taylor av.; a 7-room brick on Goode and Garfield. Fifty vacant lots. Houses on monthly payments. Bernard, No. 4101 Easton av. 7

FOR SALE—Handsome two-story brick, 6 rooms; bay windows; lot 50x118; owner leaving city; great bargain; $4,350; easy terms. Apply soon on premises, 4117 Easton av., near Water Tower. Bellefontaine cars pass house. 27

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

For Sale!

House and Lot No. 1730 N. 11th st, The lot is 40x130 feet,

This property will be sold VERY Low if applied for at once. Terms half cash, balance on time with 6 per cent interest.

CARR & DAVIS, Real Estate Agents, 720 Chestnut St.

F. NOHL, REAL ESTATE and GENERAL AGENT, Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for New York, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Colorado, Arkansas, Arizona, Texas, California and New Mexico. Room 320 Granite Building, s. w. cor. Fourth and Market sts.

FOR SALE—One lot of ground 23x125 on Iowa av., No. 2144, cheap; three blocks west of Benton Park. 32

FOR SALE.

Twenty fine houses and 4,000 feet of ground between Laclede and Pinney ave., near Grand av. JAMES M. CARPENTER & CO., 320 N. 5th st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FERGUSON.

FOR SALE—One of the finest locations and best-improved property in this place, containing ten acres of land, all under hedge, with all kinds of fruit; house contains 9 rooms; just from the painters' hands; all of the rooms re-grained, whitened and re-papered; all windows and doors have wire screens; house stands just 300 yards from railroad depot, railroad accommodations not to be excelled. The village of Ferguson is now rapidly improving, and is destined to be "the" place for a healthy country home. For further information inquire of Oscar Reid, 29 South 8th st. 26

FOR SALE—Handsome 6-room cottage, cellar, stable, carriage house, 2 acres ground with bearing fruit of all kinds; on the Denny gravel road, south of South Kirkwood. Price $1,800; at the land title office of R. M. Sternberg, No. 5 N. 7th st. 29

FOR SALE OR RENT—Desirable suburban home on railroad. J. R. Perry, 400 N. 4th st. 9

REAL ESTATE.

AT AUCTION!

ON THE PREMISES,

To-Morrow, at 3 P. M.,

25 CHOICE LOTS

ON

Easton and Marcus Ave.

(Formerly St. Charles Road and Papin Av.)

LANHAM & SUTTON, Auctioneers,

613 Chestnut Street.

T. E. DILLON, AUCTIONEER. Bankrupt stocks sold daily at wholesale. Store Auction House, 19 E. Broadway, St. Louis. Special attention given to the sale of stocks of goods, merchants' furniture, etc.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere.

Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

Office Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Impurities and Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores, Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain and Surgical Cases.

Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to the Society of Females, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., etc., treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without hindrance to business; safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express free from observation.

It is self-evident that a physician paying attention to a class of cases attains great skill, every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages are used. A whole house used for office purposes, and all are treated skillfully. Knowing what to do, no experiments are made.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

260 Pages. Illustrated in cloth and gilt binding, 50c, money or postage; same paper covers, 25c. This book contains all the curious, doubtful or inquisitive want to know; large additions, 10,000 each, sold every five months. Health, Beauty, Happiness are promoted by its advice. Paper covers, 25c. By mail, securely sealed, or at office.

Dr. JACQUES,

705 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

(Between Seventh and Eighth streets.)

A REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life long experience, practical method of treatment, and pure medicines, insure speedy and permanent cures. Consultation free. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m. No Fee Until Benefited.

Dr. Jacques' specialty (ESTABLISHED 1857), all diseases caused by Abuse, Excess, Exposure, NERVOUS DEBILITY (with its attendant dreams), Loss of NERVOUS POWER, failing memory, weak eyes, downcast look, self-distrust, stunted development, lassitude, impoverished blood, pimples, impediment to marriage, etc., permanently, safely and privately cured.

BLOOD & SKIN Diseases in all its forms and complications, eruptions, blotches, falling hair, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, mouth, tongue, ulcers, old sores, effects of mercury, etc., cured for life.

Discases contracted abroad also in all their forms. Immediate attention. Business strictly confidential. Medicines sent anywhere. Charges reasonable. Cures Guaranteed.

MARRIAGE GUIDE, 144 pages. Illustrated. All about Manhood, Marriage, etc. Full, curious or thinking persons wish to know. Price 10 cents, or stamps. Sent sealed.

Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

HORSE SHOEING.

JNO. M. GOMES, 1410 Clark Ave.

The cut represents the proper proportions of the foot of a perfect foot. C to T ought to be as long as from T to H. Q is the quarters.

In shoeing, care must be taken to bring the feet to its proper proportions; broad as long and the other face as the cut represents. He who can pare a foot right can shoe a horse properly. The frog should be retained in its full strength. I employ only the best workmen, and can assure a good job. All I ask is plenty of time to do it.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA,

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

JOHN MAGUIRE, REAL ESTATE AGENT, NO. 619 WALNUT ST., BET. 6TH AND 6TH.

Electric-Light SOAP

IS THE BEST. Inquire of your Grocer. ELECTRIC SOAP M'F'G CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

TIRED OF THE TIE.

Another Big Batch of Divorce Seekers To-Day.

Matrimonial Misery Ventilated in the Circuit Court—Husbands and Wives Who Prefer Single Blessedness—Some Very Curious Stories.

Judge Adams called his last default docket this morning until the fall term of his court. There were about a dozen divorce cases set for trial but owing to the high breeze prevailing in political circles to-day counsel in some of them failed to put in an appearance and the cases either went over or were dismissed.

MARIA'S MISERY.

Maria Loecher told the same old story against her husband George. Married in 1869 they struggled along with gleams of sunshine and shadow in their lives until George took to drink and then the pall fell over their little home.

ROBLE'S BLUNDER.

Frederick Roble was a great admirer of Josh Billings and considered him quite a philosopher on all subjects except love. He did not believe with Josh that courting like strawberries and cream "should be did slow to git the flavor" so when he first met his present wife, Emelia, at a Sunday-school picnic he was so fascinated with her jaunty air that he concluded to make her his own before the forests put on their autumnal colors. Accordingly on the 24th of September, 1878, he bade adieu to bachelor life and rigged out a bark for two. It was a very cold winter and the blossom of love froze in Emelia's heart the next summer, and which might have bloomed a full-blown flower the next spring, was nipped in the bud by the sudden frosts of matrimony, and on the 7th of January, the following year, just three months and a day after she had become a bride, Frederick was left a widower. She went he said to Judge Adams, he knew not whither, and after waiting five long years for her return without avail, he now longs to try it again—act on Josh's advice and go slow next time.

HOOVER'S HARD LUCK.

If Wm. E. Hoover had been content to pass the remainder of his days in old Tennessee it is more than probable that he would not have been in court to-day. In his sunny youth he loved Laura J. Dickson, and she in turn showed her confidence in him by becoming Mrs. Hoover on the 24th of January 1876. He was a rover and she was not so when in the spring of 1879 he made a proposition to her to move their little home to the great city on the Father of Waters, she said she was not a migrating bird and preferred the warm air of the sunny South. So he set out alone and came to St. Louis. Becoming lonely, he went back to his old home and implored her to come once more and new ties of his love, but she would not have it. Again he left her and returned to St. Louis. Negotiations pended for a long while working to a happy reunion until finally Williams grew weary of the monkey business and hired a lawyer to get the connubial knot untied.

GOODALE'S MISTAKE.

Dexter C. Goodale said that he and his wife Hattie lived happily together for three years after their marriage in 1878, and that he really loved her until he had reason to suspect that she was unfaithful to him, when his blood boiled, and he left her. Hattie told him he had better come back or she would make it hot for him, but he heeded her not, and just kept along in his old every-day life, until one blustering day in February of this year a deputy from the Four Courts told him that Judge Noonan wanted to interview him on the subject of abandoning his wife.

HE DID NOT KNOW.

Frederick Manthei, a man of few words, completely stumped Judge Adams by his abrupt "No" to every question asked. He said he was married in 1877, and his wife, Mary, left him in March, 1881.

"Do you know why she left?"

"No!"

"Did you quarrel?"

"No!"

"Didn't you have any words with her?"

"No!"

"Do you know where she went?"

"No!"

"Have you seen her since?"

"No!"

He was equally lucid on all other points. The witnesses introduced to prove his character and relations with his wife knew no more than Mr. Manthei so Judge Adams continued the case with directions for counsel to produce more definite testimony at the next trial.

KISSED AND MADE UP.

On the 10th of June, 1876, William H. Hill and Alice J. were married man and wife, and six years afterward William fled from home, abandoning his pretty young wife to the tender mercies of a world which never fully appreciated the hardships of grass-widowhood. After waiting in vain for a couple of years Alice filed a bill for divorce. This morning, however, when the case came up for trial neither the lawyer, nor the lady, nor the defendant, nor the witnesses were in court, and consequently it had to be dismissed for want of prosecution, the reasonable supposition being that William H. has returned home again and been allowed to resume the tender relations with Alice J., so happily inaugurated in the sunny June days of 1876.

WENT TO BE A COWBOY.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Herrington started housekeeping on New Year's day, 1883, in Titusville, Pa., and the blessings of heaven began showering upon them in the shape of Frances, now aged 15; Josephine, 13; Harold, 11; Grace, 9, and Charley 7. This beautiful ladder of love would have continued to grow had not Mathew contracted the evil and engraving habit of drinking to excess, which led to family troubles, whose culmination occurred October 1, 1883, when, just as fair week was beginning, he started from home and settled down to a cowboy career in Harris County, Texas. Here a summons to attend the divorce case instituted by Mrs. Herrington was handed to him by a deputy sheriff, but as it was not accompanied with a first-class ticket to St. Louis with stop-over privilege and the wherewith to patronize the dining car en route, Matthew decided that he had better let the case go by default. This he did and this morning Mrs. Herrington got her divorce, with the custody of her five mementoes of the earlier and happier days of her married life.

Corrupted Bread.

A reporter detailed by a St. Louis paper to interview leading physicians of that city on the effects of ammonia in baking powders, visited among others Dr. Charles A. Ware. The following is the concluding passage in an opinion approved by Dr. Ware:

"Ammonia is a medicine" (i. e. internally used), "and in baking powder, in bread, its action would be that of medicine without the presence of disease, and so not only void of benefit by nutrition, but attended, if long continued, by injury to the stomach."

The baking powder pointed out by Professor Doremus and United States chemists as charged with ammonia is the "Royal," which has stood quite well on some of our markets until this most unpleasant discovery. The brand particularly referred to as *not containing ammonia*, and which appears at the head of the list in the official report of Professor Kedzie of Michigan, to the National Board of Health, Washington, D. C., is a Chicago manufacture—that of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

By Default.

John R. Jennings obtained judgment by default this morning in Judge Adams Court against E. F. Rice for $5,853 34 on debts growing out of the contract of letting the Park-wink Theater to Rice two summers ago.

Now's Your Time to Buy Underwear.

Men's summer underwear was never offered cheaper than you can now buy it of T. B. Boyd & Co. Having purchased for cash several large lines at less than it costs to manufacture them, they will close them out this week, at least 25 per cent less than these goods were sold for last year.

SUSPENDED TO-DAY.

One of the Oldest New York Banking Houses.

Matthew Morgan's Sons Surprise the Street—Probable Cause of the Failure—No Statement as to the Amount of Liabilities or Assets—Suicide of an Ex-Broker—Vanderbilt's Offer.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Matthew Morgan & Sons have suspended. The announcement of the failure of Matthew Morgan & Sons caused a depression in the market, but it recovered steadier. The firm was an old one. Morgan & Sons were not members of the Stock Exchange. They are known as the merchant bankers. They withdrew from the Exchange, and dealt in securities not on the stock list. Their suspension is attributed to the shrinkage in values of railroad bonds, principally Denver and Rio Grands, of which they are large, holders, at high prices. Edward Morgan is expected from Europe in a few days. Their liabilities are mainly due on the Exchange, but they have no liabilities on the Stock Exchange. The members of the firm are large real estate owners, the New York Hotel being one of their holdings, and it is believed their inability to realize on real estate is the immediate cause of the suspension.

Morgan & Sons have been in business in this city thirty-five years, and came originally from New Orleans. They have always been correspondents of several London houses.

THEY WERE RATED

at $1,000,000. The suspension is due to a shrinkage of values at the Stock Exchange. The firm was identified with the Denver and Rio Grande and the C. C. & I. C. R. R. Companies. Henry Morgan was formerly a director in the Denver and Rio Grande. The house gained considerable notoriety for its opposition to the Pennsylvania Company some years ago in the C. C. & I. C. litigation. Eventually the firm sold its holdings in the C. C. & I. C. bonds, amounting to $400,000, at 120, after it had cost them 100. This transaction was the talk of the street at the time. The house dealt extensively in exchange.

THE POST SAYS:

"Great surprise was created on Wall street this morning by the announcement that the banking house of M. Morgan's Sons, at 39 Wall street, had suspended. The house is one of the oldest banking firms in the city, having been founded by the late Matthew Morgan fifty years ago, and was formerly known as Matthew Morgan & Sons. Through a brother of Matthew Morgan, it began with an extensive New Orleans connection, which was always retained. The firm did a general banking business, and were interested in other enterprises, including, it is said, the cotton trade. Their standing in business circles was always very high. At the office of the firm no statement could be obtained in regard to the cause of the suspension or the amount of assets and liabilities. The failure had little effect on the stock market, which, independent of Emelia's heart throbs, had been very feverish and excited throughout the morning. Messrs. Edward and Henry Morgan, members of the firm, are individually large owners of real estate in this city and it is believed their inability to realize quickly upon real estate in order to make good losses upon stock has been the cause of the suspension.

NOT LIKELY TO RESUME.

At the office of Morgan's Sons, information regarding the failure was hard to obtain and an interview refused. It is stated, however, that the failure was due to the general shrinkage of values, and the prospects for their resumption are light.

THE FRIENDS OF MORGAN'S SONS say the suspension is a good deal like Garfield's assignment, that is, their assets will exceed their liabilities. The suspension was mainly due to a decline in securities. The firm was a large subscriber to the Mexican National Construction Company. It is understood it held quite a number of Mexican national bonds, Denver and Rio Grande issues, Kansas Pacific consols and various New England securities.

The assignment was made to protect all their creditors equally. The correspondents of the firm are the Union and City Banks in London, and A. M. Heine, Marcuard, Andre & Co. and Hallenger & Co. in Paris. They had correspondents also in all parts of Europe.

THE SOCIAL CONNECTIONS

of the members of the firm are very high, a daughter of Edward Morgan being the wife of August Belmont, jr., and Henry Morgan is connected with the family of Mr. Brown of Brown Bros. & Co., by marriage.

Woerishoffer Talks.

NEW YORK, June 24.—C. F. Woerishoffer, prominently identified with the bear interests, was interviewed to-day regarding the situation on Wall street, and said: "I regard the failure of Morgan & Sons as very serious. It was an old house and greatly respected. I do not think it will have a very great effect on the stock market. It is more of a commercial disaster. I do not anticipate any more failures at present although I think stocks will go lower."

Regarding Gould's condition he said: "Gould cannot fail. He has lost a great deal of money, but he has plenty left. Anything may happen, Gould may go under, this house may tumble down, but I am taking my chances on it. I do not intend to move." The market, Woerishoffer said, looked bad, and he acknowledged he felt blue.

Denied by Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, June 24.—A correspondence between Cyrus W. Field and Wm. H. Vanderbilt under this date is published, in which Vanderbilt denies the rumor that he has become a bear since his return from Europe, and offers $1,000 to each share of any kind he is connected with as a director that has been sold within six weeks.

Lumber Dealer Insolvent.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The insolvent schedule of Thomas J. Crombie, a lumber dealer, was filed to-day. Liabilities, $98,000; nominal assets, $117,000; actual assets, $75,000. The principal creditors are: D. C. Coney, $30,000, no security; Max Danziger, $14,000, no security; the National Bank, $25,000; Mount Morris Bank, $8,000.

Left the Laborers Unpaid.

WILMINGTON, DEL., June 24.—Joseph Johnson, president of the Newark, Del., Brick company, has absconded with $5,000. The company has made an assignment to the Newark National Bank. Johnson left the laborers unpaid.

Shot Himself.

NEW YORK, June 24.—J. W. Burnham of Hotchkiss, Burnham & Co., shot himself dead this morning, in consequence of depression caused by his recent failure.

WILSON MUST HANG.

The Court of Appeals Affirms a Judgment in a Murder Case.

The Judgment of the Criminal Court in the case of Charles Wilson convicted of the murder of Mr. David, the mate of the Fanny Tatum, in July, 1882 was affirmed. After reviewing the points upon which the defendant's counsel heard his application for an appeal the Court says: "The uncontradicted evidence (if we exclude defendant's own testimony) shows a cruel and cowardly assassination in cold blood and with every element of deliberation and premeditation to constitute murder in the first degree. If the defendant's testimony is to be believed the homicide was in lawful self-defense. The jury believe the other witnesses and disbelieve the defendant. The evidence has been carefully read throughout and the record examined with due care and we see no ground whatever for disturbing the judgment. The judgment is affirmed with the concurrence of all the judges."

Knights of Honor.

Gen. Frank D. Sloat, Supreme Dictator of the Knights of Honor is in the city arranging matters relative to the removal of the Supreme Lodge to this city. He will visit Olive Branch Lodge tomorrow (Wednesday) for which a special meeting has been called, and will be accompanied by Judge Jones, Jay L. Torrey, S. C. Dunn, W. M. Kinney and others, and any Knight of Honor wishing to spend an enjoyable evening will do well to attend.

Will Retire From the Bench.

CHICAGO, June 24.—State Judge Drummond of the United States Circuit Court has forwarded his resignation to take effect July 1. It has been rumored for several years the venerable jurist was contemplating retiring from the bench. He succeeded Judge David Davis as Circuit Judge.

An Elegant Lawn Party.

A very unbounded lawn party, in aid of the new Free Hospital for children, will be given next Friday evening on the grounds of the Cuendet residence, corner of Washington and Grand avenues. The lawn will be brilliantly illuminated and entertainments of various kinds will be given. Refreshments will be served by a corps of society ladies, and everything that can be done to please those who attend will be accomplished. There will be no admission fee charged. The charity is a most worthy one and it is to be hoped that all will take advantage of the fete to pass a cool, delightful evening.

LOGAN LATHERED.

The Republican Candidate for Vice-President Notified of His Nomination.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Chairman Henderson and the members of the committee charged by the National Republican Convention with the duty of formally notifying the candidates for President and Vice-President of their nominations, met at noon to-day and proceeded to the residence of Gen. Logan, and were ushered into a large parlor. The General stood in the middle of the room with Mrs. Logan at his right hand, and was introduced to the members of the committee by the chairman. When this ceremony was performed, the company arranged themselves in a circle around the room to hear the address. Chairman Henderson then read the formal notification of the nomination of Senator Logan as Vice-President, to which

GEN. LOGAN REPLIED:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee—I receive your visit with pleasure and accept with gratitude the sentiments you have so generously expressed in the discharge of the duty with which you have been entrusted by the National Convention. Intending to address you a formal communication shortly, in accordance with the recognized usage, it would be out of place to detain you at this time with remarks which properly belong to the official utterances of my letter of acceptance. I may be permitted to say, however, that though I did not seek the nomination for Vice-President I accept it as a trust reposed in me by the Republican party, to the advancement of whose bread policy on all questions connected with the progress of our Government and our people, I have dedicated my best energies, and with this acceptance I may properly signify my approval of the platform and principles adopted by the convention. I am deeply sensible of the honor conferred on me by my friends in so unanimous a manner tendering me this nomination, and I sincerely thank them for this tribute. I am not unmindful of the great responsibility attaching to the office, and if elected, I shall enter upon the performance of its duties with a firm conviction that he who has such unanimous support of his party friends, as the circumstances connected with the nomination and your own words, Mr. Chairman, indicated, and consequently with such a wealth of counsel at his command, cannot fail in the proper way to discharge the duties devolving upon him. I tender you my thanks, Mr. Chairman, for the kind expressions you have made, and I offer you and your fellow-committeemen my most hearty thanks.

When General Logan had concluded the chairman stepped forward and shook him by the hand, as did other members of the committee, and mutual congratulations were exchanged. Mrs. Logan warmly thanked Gen. Henderson for the sentiments expressed in his address. The members of the committee then took their leave, with the exception of a few, who engaged in conversation with Gen. Logan and his wife.

BELLEVILLE.

Three Negro Desperadoes Sent to the Penitentiary—Other Matters.

Alexander Anderson, Frank Lewis and George Freeman, colored, were arraigned for trial in the Circuit Court this morning on charges of murder, burglary and larceny. The defendants boarded a Cairo Short Line train near Belleville about three months since and commenced breaking open boxes containing fruit. Afterwards, a posse, which was sent out, effected their arrest, but while doing so Alderman Greer was shot in the knee and he died later from the effects of the wound. Anderson and Lewis pleaded guilty this morning, and were sentenced to fourteen years each in the penitentiary. Freeman pleaded guilty to burglary and larceny, and received ten years in the penitentiary.

The testimony in the McCracken-Soucy quo warranto proceedings was all submitted in the Circuit Court last evening and uncovered an immense amount of corruption. The case was taken under advisement and when decided will most likely be in favor of McCracken.

The residence of David Morgan at Caseyville took fire last night and was completely destroyed. The loss amounts to $1,800 with $700 insurance.

Frank Holleman and Patrick Cassidy were arrested for being disorderly and fined $5 and costs each.

HOME AGAIN.

Return of the St. Louis Light Cavalry from the Encampment.

The St. Louis Light Cavalry returned home this morning on the steamer Pittsburg from their week's encampment at Dubuque. They were treated royally by Capt. Kelleu and the officers and crew under his command, and before leaving the boat the company expressed their obligations in suitable resolutions. Lieut. Abadie was obliged to come home by train, and the company returned under command of Sergt. Picot. From hints dropped by members, it would not astonish them if several members of the company made another visit to Dubuque quite soon, with other than military conquests in view. Dubuque has many dangerously handsome girls, and Sergeant Price, Troopers Wm. Mason and A. B. Glover and Trumpeter Primm are all badly wounded, it is said.

THE GAS FIGHT.

The Gas, Fuel and Power Co. Can Lay Pipes for Heating Purposes.

The motion for a rehearing in the case of the St. Louis Gas Light Company against the St. Louis Gas, Fuel and Power Company, was denied by the Court of Appeals this morning, but the restraining order granted in the case last Tuesday was so modified, as not to interfere with the Gas and Fuel Company's right to lay pipes for heating purposes, as confessed by a municipal ordinance of the city. This still restrains them, however, from laying pipes for illuminating purposes.

FOUND FLOATING.

The Dead Body of a Young Man who was Murdered.

EAST SAGINAW, MICH., June 24.—The body of a young man supposed to be named Zwerk, was found floating in the river this morning. His head was crushed and bore other evidences of foul play. He was the son of an old German grocer in this city. An investigation is in progress.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued today: Jacob Merritt, Minneapolis, Minn., to Eliza B. Nichol, 2818 North Twenty-second street; Hugh E. Thompson, 2837 South Broadway, to Jennie B. Gere, 1897 Madison avenue; Vinzens Englert, Pestalozzi street, to Rosa Von Burg, 1807 Dillon street; Karl Frank, 1344 Columbus street to Mrs. Kate Bumb, 1354 Columbus street; William Webb, 2004 North Seventh street, to Nettie Gaskill, Dodier street and Jefferson avenue; Chas. E. Brooks, 514 Locust street, to Genevieve I. Brauzean, 1817 shields avenue; Edward F. V. Ritter, Lindell Hotel, to Frances B. Stone, 3756 Pine street; Joseph F. Schutter, 1226 Sullivan street to Annie Oberscheidt, 1513 Warren street; Alfred E. Flager, 1023 Autumn street, to Ruth Daniels, 1811 S. Twelfth street; John J. Thees, 1308 Mallinckrodt street, to Sophia Rittenstein, Montgomery, Ill.; John H. Neef, Fort Wayne, Ind., to Mrs. Martha J. D. Spencer, 301 South Twenty-first street.

Pittsburg Oil Market.

PITTSBURG, PA., June 24.—There was some little improvement in the oil market to-day and prices were steadier, trading, however, being only fairly active and no disposition manifested to invest largely. In a few instances parties were reported as buying certificates outright with the intention of holding for an advance. There was no excitement on 'Change this morning. The market opened at 58 and quickly broke to 56½ upon rumors of the failures in New York and bearish field news. But a reaction set in at 11 o'clock, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon prices recovered to 58¾.

Arkansas Democratic Convention.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 24.—The Democratic State Convention meets here to-morrow. Most of the delegates are already on the ground at work for the favorites. The principal interest centers in the Governorship, where the contest is close and the feeling red-hot. Fletcher, Hughes and Trolich, the leading candidates, stand in about the order named as regards instructions. Their friends are making an earnest fight. The probabilities, however, are that Col. John U. Fletcher will be the next Governor of Arkansas.

EDWARD HARD, who reported that a gold chain and locket had been stolen from him at Scott's bath-rooms, No. 208 Morgan street, on Sunday night, now finds that the articles were only mislaid.

BACK TO THE CONVENT.

Little Laura Doyle Turned Over to the Sisters of Loretto.

A Most Affecting Scene in Court Between the Child and Her Mother by Adoption, Mrs. Conn—A Very Important Decision.

The announcements in all cases had been made except one and a deep silence fell upon the Court of Appeals. "Ex parte Laura Doyle!" said Judge Bakewell, "child delivered to petitioner." It was deathly still, and a score of faces turned to the spot where the little girl sat beside Mrs. Conn, her adopted mother. It lasted but a moment. She was told the result, and with a wild, piercing shriek, jumped from the chair and threw her arms around her adopted mother's neck, "No! no! no, mamma, don't let them take me!" and she wept as though her little heart would break. Mrs. Conn, clasping the child to her breast, dashed a tear from her eye and strived hard to conquer her feelings. The dark-hooded Sisters of Loretto who had petitioned for the child, and to whom she was given by the decree of Court, hung their heads, the Judges looked uneasy and several lawyers anticipating the scene that was to follow, left the Court-room hurriedly.

"My God! it is a burning shame," said one attorney. "I would as soon see an infant torn from its mother's breast!"

"I don't see how they will ever separate them in court," said another.

Meanwhile the mother by adoption and child clung madly together. Mrs. Conn had lost all control of herself and was sobbing hysterically over the trembling form of the little girl. Neither said a word, and for a few minutes nothing could be heard except the shrieks of one and the sobs of the other, as they rocked to and fro in

A VAIN ENDEAVOR

to smother their grief. Mr. Garesche, counsel for the Sisters, and Mr. Talty, of counsel for Mr. and Mrs. Conn, were present, and both seemed not to know what to do. Mr. Conn and Mr. Lodge, his attorney, were not present, and all wished that Mrs. Conn, too had remained at home. The first attempt to separate the two was made by the little sister of Laura, who has been with the Sisters since her mother's death, and who now approached Laura and caught her arm. She pulled away in fright, and, with louder scream, clung closer to Mrs. Conn. Then Mr. Talty and the aunt of the little girl approached and told Mrs. Conn that she must try to control herself and reconcile Laura to leave her. The throng stood around gazing at the group, many of them giving vent in muttered tones to their indignation, while others, whose sympathies were with the Sisters of Loretto, said the scene was rotten up for effect.

One or two of the first named class approached Mr. Talty and said they would subscribe $50 to have the case taken to the Supreme Court. Mrs. Kelly, the aunt, had by this time succeeded in getting Mrs. Conn and the child separated, and, taking the latter almost exhausted in her arms, she carried her crying convulsively from the room. A lady relative of Mrs. Conn who had all this time, between her own tears, been endeavoring to console her now took her by the arm and with Mr. Talty's assistance led her out into the open air. The little sister Maggie, led by Sister Mary Simeon, the petitioner in the case, followed and soon nothing was heard in the court except the faint echo of the little one's wail as she was borne away by her aunt to her new home in the Academy of the Sisters of Loretto. The facts in connection with the case have been published so often that a brief mention of them will suffice to explain the scene that occurred this morning. About four years ago Mrs. Doyle, the wife of William Doyle and the mother of Laura, died, leaving four children, two of whom were little girls of tender years. One of them, Maggie, was taken by the Sisters of Loretto and the other, Laura, was put into St. Bridget's Half-Orphan Asylum in this city by her aunt, Mrs. Kelly, who took charge of both of them after the mother's death, because the father was at that time addicted to drink and incapable of doing anything towards their support. In October, 1883, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Conn, who have no children of their own, concluded to adopt one, and going to the orphan asylum obtained the child Laura Doyle on the strength of a letter of recommendation given them by a Catholic clergyman. A few months ago Sister Mary Simeon, Mother Superior of the Order of Loretto, instituted proceedings in the Circuit Court, to obtain the custody of the child on the grounds that Mr. Doyle had two sisters in the order, and wished his child to be brought up a Catholic. Besides Mr. and Mrs. Conn had obtained the child from the asylum on the representation that Mrs. Conn was a Catholic and it would be brought up in the Catholic faith. Judge Thayer heard the testimony in the case, and in a long written opinion dismissed the petition of Sister Simeon and remanded the child to the custody of Mr. and Mrs. Conn. Mr. Garesche, the attorney for the Sisters then filed

A NEW PETITION

in the Court of Appeals where the same evidence was offered and the decision of the court this morning was the result. Judge Bakewell delivered the opinion of the court and after reciting the facts in the case as adduced by the testimony says: It is a general rule applicable to cases of this kind that in proceedings by habeas corpus directed to private persons, to bring up infants, the court is bound to set the infant free from any improper restraint, but is not bound to deliver the child over to any particular person. This is discretionary with the court. The benefit of the child is the first thing to be looked to in any order we may now make. We cannot determine in this proceeding the question of guardianship and the question of custody is purely discretionary to be exercised on general principles of justice. The question of religious belief does not enter prominently into this case. The laws of this country recognize no one particular creed as distinct from another. But there is a law in this State which forbids the appointment of a guardian for a minor of a different religious belief than that of the last surviving parent of the child. It is manifest that anything which interferes with the natural right of the father to direct the religious education of his child, strikes a blow at the family which in the last analysis is the foundation of the State. The child is at an age when impressions made are deep and permanent. The present custodians are confessedly indifferent in matters of religious belief, and beyond teaching her a prayer or two the child received no religious instruction from Mr. and Mrs. Conn. She has been permitted to receive instruction in a Protestant Sunday-school. There is no assurance that this state of things will not continue, and in the event of a Catholic guardian being appointed at the solicitation of the father, the separation in after-years would be more painful. It might be better for the child to be brought up in the house of an honest mechanic than be taken to an institution where she will be taught not only those things which are useful, but also a number of frivolous accomplishments such as often unfit our young women for the sober duties that they must perform as wives and which in many cases are unsuited to the state of life in which they come into the world and in which they are to be established in it. But, on the other hand, she will be with her kindred, will be taught the religion of her kindred and in her natural position. At the Loretto Academy she will be taught such things as will enable her on attaining her majority to earn her own living. It would be a temporal disadvantage to her to be brought up in a religion which would tend to separate her from those of her own blood, who, on both the father's and the mother's side are all Catholics and Irish Catholics—that is to say, Catholics of the very strongest hereditary faith.

The Court said that the father's fitness to assume the guardianship of the child must be decided by the Probate Court.

The opinion further states that as the trial before Judge Thayer was an independent proceeding that is not to be presumed to be a review of the judgment given by him. Judge Thompson did not sit in the case.

Seventh Congressional Committee.

The

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
Removed to the new and elegant establishment
Twelfth and Washington Av.
Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

13 lbs Granulated Sugar, $1,
ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 108 N. Fifth st.

DR. CONZELMAN'S Cough Syrup for Whooping Cough the only specific cure, and for Croup, Cough and Colds unsurpassed. Physicians prescribe it.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No. 1,922.
BOWMAN & CO.,
218 and 220 Morgan st.

RAILWAY TICKET RATES REDUCED,
To Chicago, Kansas City, Denver, Omaha, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, Nashville, Buffalo and 500 other points.
J. W. Stoekbridge, Jr. R. Ticket Broker,
605 WASHINGTON AVENUE (under Lindell Hotel).

CITY ITEMS.

THE justly famous "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 294 and 296 Olive street.

BATHING and Pozzoni's Powder are the most efficient beauty preservers of the day.

SMOKE J. I. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickle Cigar. One agent (dealer only) wanted in every town in America. Sales, 12,000,000 annually. Write
J. I. MAYER & Co., St. Louis.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
222 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut street.

OLD Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Safe medicines; consultation free. Marriage Guide, 256 pages, sent sealed to any address, 50 cents, or at office. Call or write.

FRENCH CLARET by the gallon, also in quart and pint bottles by the bottle or case; Ginger ale, lime juice, bottled beer, Bass' ale and Guinness' stout; also extract of malt. JAMES H. GIBSON,
No. 700 Market street.

CITY NEWS.

While wrestling with a friend George Rensick had his leg fractured yesterday at No. 900 South Eighth street.

Buff & Rau's seltzer wagon was wrecked yesterday at Soulard and Ninth streets by the horses running away.

L. D. Baker, an old resident of this city, dropped dead at Sixteenth and Market streets yesterday of cerebral apoplexy.

Caspar Boedecker was prostrated by the sun yesterday, and taken to the Dispensary, where the doctors revived him.

A bottle of boiling water upset yesterday morning at 116 Russell avenue, and severely scalded a little child of Julia Bodeens.

Charles Robecker turned on a false alarm of fire yesterday from box 176, at the request of some unknown person who disappeared.

Wm. Burnes was arrested last night in the Third District on a charge of stealing a dozen brooms from John Kelly's grocery.

Mrs. Stanton, who was burned with sulphuric acid by her husband, is in destitute circumstances, at the corner of Broadway and Carr street.

Stonemasons' Unions Nos. 1 and 2 met last night at Central Turner Hall and received letters and advice to hold out for the strike's objects.

The lands and leasing committee decided to select a site for Rock Springs School House west of its present location. A new building was recommended for Carr School.

John Fletcher, a barkeeper at White Carroll's place, Sixth and Elm streets, beat up Belle Phillips yesterday, and was arrested later in the evening while driving in Forest Park.

At a meeting of the teachers' committee of the School Board last evening, two additional rooms for Blair School, and larger desks for the Branch High School were recommended. The committee adjourned until August 25.

An unknown man, about 45 years of age, jumped from the Carondelet ferryboat, Dr. Hill, last evening and was drowned. After striking the water he made a desperate effort to save his life, but was carried under by the current.

At the meeting of the congregation of the First Congregational Church last evening it was decided to invite Rev. George E. Martin of Brockton, Mass., to fill the pulpit of that church, made vacant several months ago by the removal of Dr. Ganse to Chicago.

The St. Louis Society of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons met last evening at the Lindell. Last night $1,200 additional subscriptions, $1,000 from Mrs. Wm. Barr, were reported for the proposed children's hospital. Dr. Parsons will go to Minnetonka and take the children with him for the summer.

Ike Preston, alias Ike Jones, was arrested in this city yesterday on a charge of robbing N. H. Allen's store at Kirkwood. As the store is also the Post Office of the village, Preston will have two prosecutions to answer. Marshal Berry of Kirkwood has been in pursuit of Preston for several months, having followed him to New Orleans and back.

The man who was arrested and taken to Newton County by Deputy-Sheriff Al. Collins on Tuesday last, to answer to a charge of grand larceny was Moses W. Clay, president of the St Louis Invention American Manufacturing Company, and not J. W. Clay as then reported. The charge was the theft of a gold watch, and the gentleman was bound over to answer before the grand jury.

Origin of Ammonia.

Ammonia is obtained in large quantities by the putrefaction of the urine of animals.—*Encyclopedia Britannica.*

Every housekeeper can test baking powders containing this disgusting drug by placing a can of the "Royal" or "Andrews' Pearl" top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Alum, Lime, Potash, Bone Phosphates. Prove it by the above test. It is prepared by a Physician and Chemist with special regard to cleanliness and healthfulness.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

F. S. Perkins and wife, Lowell, Mass., are at the Laclede.

W. L. Boyd and wife, McHenry, Tex., are at the Southern.

C. A. Carlsen and wife, Minneapolis, are at the Planters'.

A. R. Kalmes and J. J. Welsh, New York, are at the Lindell.

Miss Jennie W. Clair, St. Joseph, is registered at the St. James.

J. A. Poor and H. P. Ferguson, San Francisco, are at the Lindell.

Judge Xenophon Ryland, Lexington, Mo., is at the Hotel Barnum.

W. B. D. Mather and Winslow Judson, St. Joe, are at the Southern.

A. H. Joplin and Theo. Maxfield, Batesville, Ark., are stopping at the Southern.

D. S. Homshell, Cincinnati, and Jas. Abbott, Milan, Ind., are at the Planters'.

W. W. Minnay, Buffalo, and John H. Lemon, Cleveland, are at the Hotel Barnum.

G. M. Shaw, Pittsburg, and W. W. Davis, Lawrence, Kan., are at the Laclede.

H. H. Haynes, Wichita, Kan.; Geo. B. Kelly, Moberly, and H. Goodwin, Columbia, are at the St. James.

C. Black, Chicago, Ill.; N. P. Buck, Waverly, Mo.; W. R. Canada, Beech, Ark., and Judge Wm. Carter, Farmington, Mo., are at Barnum's Hotel.

Ely Oppenheimer, Knoxville, Iowa; A. C. Bowman and wife, Carrollton; G. H. Baxter, Kansas City, and W. B. Korgane, Hillsboro, Mo., are at the Everett House.

Hon. W. M. Hunter, Lancaster, Mo.; F. M. Russell and Geo. T. Edmisson, Conway, Mo.; J. H. Wheeling and J. C. Maclay, Cuba, Mo., and S. T. Buddick, Steelville, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague and other Intermittent Fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by CARWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and convalescents recovering from

EAST ST. LOUIS.

That School Trouble—Meeting of the Council—Other News.

Prof. McQuillren states that the trouble at the Broadway school yesterday was caused by Prof. Driscoll, who interfered with the examination without authority. Mr. McQuillren also states that the published account was wrong, but as the information was furnished by Mr. Driscoll, the affair resolves itself into a question of veracity between the two professors.

Charles Gettio was arraigned before Squire Dragon this morning on a charge of larceny, and was bound over for the Grand Jury in the sum of $100. Mr. Gettio has been employed at the East St. Louis Livery Stable, and contracted the habit of appropriating the other employes clothes and money whenever the opportunity presented itself. He was unable to furnish the required bond, and was sent to the Belleville jail.

The Town Board met this morning, but transacted no important business.

Burglars attempted to enter Mrs. Jenger's residence in the Second Ward, but were discovered after cutting the shutters and frightened away.

The City Council met this morning, all the members being present. Mr. Stephens objected to approving the minutes of the last meeting on the ground that they were inaccurate. An ordinance was passed to grade and macadamize a street in the Third Ward, the Cairo and Narrow Gauge Railroad to furnish the rock and the city the labor. Mr. Sullivan denounced the action of the Mayor and four of the Council in very strong terms for what he referred to as their ignorance and bull-headedness. A communication was received from the Western Union Telegraph, informing the council that an injunction was in existence which restrained the city officials interfering with any of their polls, erected previous to 1877 and if any erected since obstructed the streets they would be removed as soon as located by the officials. The communication was referred to a committee with power to act. On nearly every question brought before the meeting, four of the councilmen voted in the affirmative, four refused to vote and the Mayor decided the motion carried. The meeting was tame and unimportant and was a great disappointment to the crowd assembled to hear the wrangling expected among the members.

Landborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Landborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Landborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Landborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.

WIFE ABANDONMENT.

Fifteen Cases now Docketed for Trial in the Court of Criminal Correction.

In the mid summer, the unhappily mated female's fancy turns to thoughts of a persecution for abandonment or a divorce proceeding. "Yesterday was a banner day for abandonment cases," said Deputy Clerk Johann of the Court of Criminal Correction. They poured in on us all day long. Our docket looks like a divorce day docket. There are fifteen cases docketed for the next fortnight. This morning the following cases were entered up: Griffin Foster, charged with abandoning his wife, Lizzie. He will have a trial July 2. John Hunt failed to furnish bond, and is in jail awaiting a hearing on a charge of leaving his wife, Anna, without just cause or provocation. A warrant charging John Foley with abandoning his wife Mary, was withdrawn by the prosecutrix to-day, the husband having since returned penitent. Mrs. James B. Noell called on the Prosecuting Attorney to notify him that she did not desire to prosecute the charge of abandonment entered against her husband.

ACCIDENTS.

A Little Girl Receives an Ugly Wound—Fatal Burns—Bitten By a Dog.

Ernest Daupel, a young man who boards at Mrs. Healey's, No. 3122 Rutger street, was cleaning a 32-calibre revolver last night when the hammer slipped and the ball was discharged into the calf of the leg of Mrs. Healey's little daughter. As it was purely accidental, the mother refused to allow the young man's arrest. Dr. Pirtle, on making an examination, said the wound was not dangerous.

Absolom Mene, aged 8 years, died at the City Hospital to-day of burns received on the 21st instant at No. 3317 North Seventh street by the over-turning of a kettle of water.

Mike Flaherty, a boy, living at No. 1137 Foster alley, was severely bitten by a dog yesterday. The canine is owned by John Higgins, of 1112 North Sixth street.

$1 50 Buys a Suit of Fine English Balbriggan Underwear.

You can buy a suit of fine English Balbriggan underwear of T. B. Boyd & Co. this week for $1 50 that is worth every cent of $3. Try it.

BURIED IN A TUNNEL.

Four Men Fatally Injured and Five Others Badly Hurt.

PITTSBURG, PA., June 24.—A Steubenville Ohio, special says; A portion of Goulds' Tunnel, on the Panhandle Railroad, west of here, which was nearly completed, caved in this morning burying eight men and one boy. Four of the party are thought to be fatally injured. The others are badly, but not seriously hurt. The names are unknown. They were mostly Italians.

To the Consumptive.—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided Consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "*Wilbor's Compound of Cod Liver Oil and Lime,*" without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the Oil as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

A Small Fire.

A small fire, of unknown origin, was discovered in Henry Rueckart's butcher shop in the rear of 2700 Madison street, about 1 o'clock this morning. An alarm was turned on from box No, 319, and the flames extinguished before much damage was done. Loss, $35; insured.

The Best $1 Shirt in the World.

The firm of T. B. Boyd & Co., successors to Wilson Bros., make the finest shirt in this country to sell for $1. Try them.

Pittsburg Gas Well.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 24.—The new natural gas well at the Jefferson Iron Works was lighted last night. An immense crowd was present, and the event was celebrated with the firing of cannons and the playing of bands. The well will save 40,000 bushels of coal per month for the company alone.

"My kingdom for a horse!" cried Richard the III., and many a poor sufferer has exclaimed "I would give worlds, were they mine, for a remedy that would cure Piles!" and the only cure we know is Dr. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment. White's Cream Vermifuge the best worm killer.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

The Carondelet Gun Club will go to De Soto July 4 and shoot for a $25 prize.

Rev. A. Jump of the M. E. Church held his picnic to-day at Carondelet Park.

The ball given by the K. A. S. C. Club last Saturday night was a grand success.

John Keetly, for living idle, was fined $100 this morning and sent to the Work House.

The meeting on organization, held last night at Turner Hall, was postponed until Thursday evening, as it was not known that there was to be a meeting, consequently there were few present.

Big Bargains in Men's Underwear.

T. B. Boyd & Co., who carry the largest assortment of men's underwear in America, are closing out several lines this week at exceedingly low prices. The fine English Balbriggan underwear they offer at $1 50 per suit is the finest garment ever offered in this city for the price.

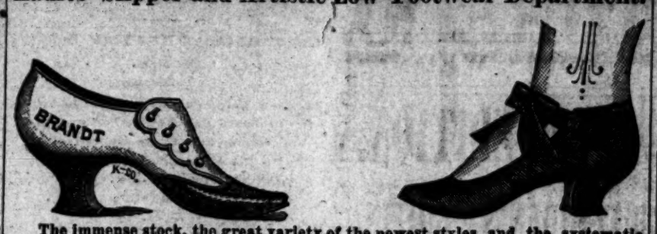
THE THEATERS.

"The Princess of Trebizonde" is a splendid attraction at Uhrig's Cave, and is drawing crowded houses this week. Every evening until the close of the week the Sisters' Charity Hospital will be interested in the receipts.

The Stubbs-Indian combination will begin their afternoon exhibitions at the Fair Grounds Thursday afternoon.

AZLER'S Brain Food botanical extract strengthens the Brain and positively cures Nervous Debility, Nervousness, Headache, unnatural losses and all Diseases of Generative System; it never fails. $1 a box; 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Azler, 15 First avenue, New York City.

Ladies' Slipper and Artistic Low Footwear Department.



The immense stock, the great variety of the newest styles, and the systematic grading of our stock from a good, cheap article to the very finest in the market justly entitles this department to the claim of being without a rival in St. Louis. PRICES RANGE FROM 65c to $4. This department also embraces a full line of specials for Old Ladies and those wishing to dress the foot in something specially comfortable, cool and easy.

J. G. BRANDT 504 and 506 Franklin Avenue

TRADE SUPPLIED BY J. I. MAYER & CO., St. Louis, Sole Proprietors.

J. I. MAYER & CO'S. THE BEST IN THE LAND V FINE SUPERFINE 5¢ CIGAR

NEW NICKEL CIGAR

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Special Bargains for This Week.

Elegant Furniture, beautiful Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mats and Rugs, Lovely Lace Curtains, Magnificent Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs, Rockers and Bed-Lounges, Marble Top Tables, Library Tables, Extension Tables, Wardrobes, Folding Beds, Pier Glasses, Painting, Toilet Sets, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Cook Stoves and Gasoline Stoves. Together with everything needed for housekeeping. Greatly reduced prices; for cash or on easy payments.

Staley House Furnishing Co.
SEVENTH AND MORGAN.

BOSTON Art-Furniture.

PARLOR SUITS!

WALNUT. | EBONY. | MAHOGANY. | ROSEWOOD.

8 Pieces for $40, $50, $60, $70, $90, $110, $130, to $750, consisting of 1 Sofa, 1 Patent Rocker, 1 Easy Chair, 2 Reception Chairs, 2 Parlor Chairs, 1 Marble-top Table, made to order in from 3 to 5 days. Furniture was never so Cheap.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 500 N. Fourth St., St. Louis.

GUERNSEY Furniture Co

90 IN THE SHADE!
AND GOING UP!!!

WE CAN COOL YOU AT
FAMOUS
Thin Outfittings for the Million.

1,000 Linen Crash Suits,	-	$5 00 and $6 50
2,000 English Seersucker Coats and Vests		3 50
1,000 East India Seersucker Coats & Vests		8 50
3,000 Thin Coats & Vests in sets,		$1 50 to 10 00
5,000 Thin Coats, 1,000 styles,		75c to 10 00
5,000 Thin Vests, white and fancy,		75c to 5 00
Two Tons Gents' Low Shoes,		$2 to 6 00
Thin Underwear in Suits,	-	40c to 10 00
Straw Hats for the Million,		50c to 3 50

Soda and Mineral Waters from the Great Arctic Fountain. Coolest Store in America.

FAMOUS.

TOWERING!
HIMALAYA-LIKE, OVER ALL COMPETITORS!
SUPREME in the POPULAR HEART,
WE PURSUE THE EVEN TENOR OF OUR WAY.
GLORIOUS NEWS FOR THE PUBLIC.

Excursion and Picnic Suits and Single Coats in Choice Variety.

Simply read the following and then benefit from your reading by coming to our store and dealing:

Imported Serge Suits, rolling collar, regular tailor-made, only	$22 00
Fine "Norfolk" Suits, same as worn by royalty's progeny	20 00
English Mohair Suits, skeleton, cool and elegant	15 00
Domestic Mohair Suits, skeleton, cool and durable	10 00
Pure Flax Suits, plain, only	8 00
Pure Flax Suits, in stripes, very stylish	9 00
Handsome Worsted Suits, skeleton	$18 and 17 00
English Checked Mohair Suits, elegant	14 00
Seersucker Suits, cool	7 00
House and Lounging Coats	$1 to 7 00
Silk Coats and Vests	13 00
Seersucker Coats, good ones	1 00
Seersucker Pants (you ought to see 'em), only	30

Extra size Thin Clothing, Dusters, India Seersucker Suits (in stripes and checks), Summer Vests, Underwear, Neckwear, etc., etc., at prices that will induce you to buy.

Our $18 All-Wool Suits for $7 50 will interest all those who look for value. Well-made and good-fitting Trousers from $2 to $6 50.

Children's Clothing in every style and price.

Our inducements are not alone in the Best Goods and the Lowest Prices—for the Best Goods—but we are

Giving Away--Until the 4th of July--Most Valuable Presents!

F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
The People's Clothiers, Broadway, Corner Pine St.

SPEAKING OF LIFE INSURANCE
reminds one that before taking out Life Insurance in any company or upon any plan, that it is to your personal interest and will save you money by calling or sending postal for our plans and rates.

The TRAVELERS will be your choice. Something new--"Coupon Annuity Endowments."

Travelers Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn
ARTHUR A. MOSHER, State Agent for Missouri, Arkansas & Texas
Walnut and Broadway, Southern Hotel, St. Louis. Telephone No. 130

HURST'S EUROPEAN HOTEL,
Cor. Fourth and Locust Sts., St. Louis, Mo.
The most central location in the city. ROOMS 75 CENTS TO $1 50 PER DAY.
First-class Restaurant attached, where reasonable prices prevail. Very convenient for Ladies shopping. Street cars pass the door for all the Parks and Gardens.
Nearer the Bridge than any hotel in the city.
JAS. H. HURST, Proprietor.

BLANKE & BRO.
CANDY CO.,
608, 610 and 612 Market St.
Pure Goods, adapted to the finer retail trade a Specialty.

FRITSCH FURNITURE and STOVE COMPANY,
1502, 1504, 1513 and 1515 South Broadway.
The largest stock in the city of bedroom furniture, parlor suits in hair, cloth, plush, etc., bed lounges, carpets, mattresses, wardrobes, cylinder bookcase, sideboards, M. T. center tables, springs, cookstoves, and, in fact, everything needed to housekeeping, will be sold for the next thirty days cheaper than any house of the kind in the city can sell on weekly or monthly payments, or for cash will give 10 per cent off. Please take notice of the place and call if in need of anything in our line and you will be convinced that we do as we advertise—sell cheaper on the time-payment plan than any house in the city for cash. The reason why: NO RENT.

$32 Will buy an elegant Parlor Suit of Seven Pieces.
$25 Will buy a Full Marble Top Chamber Suit with Swinging glass.
A full line of Household Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Etc. We will furnish your house complete at prices that cannot be competed with by any house in the West. We will sell you a Sideboard for $12, which for beauty of design and finish cannot be excelled.
BRANDON & CO., 1516 Franklin Avenue.
Agents for the Twin-Burner Gasoline Stoves.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PARK.
Will be let during the summer on favorable terms for picnics, fetes champetre, military exercises and encampments, pacing and running matinees, bicycle races, pedestrian contests and all legitimate outdoor sports. For terms, etc., apply at the office of the club, 521 Walnut street.

UNION SAVINGS ASSOCIATION, St. Louis, June 23, 1884.—The directors of this association have this day declared a dividend of four (4) per cent on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable to stockholders on and after July 1.
PETER NICHOLSON, Pres.
JAMES R. TRUE, Cash.

OFFICE OF THE M. EISENSTADT JEWELRY CO.—The annual meeting of the stockholders will be held on the first of July next, at the office of said company, for the purpose of electing five directors for the ensuing year.
E. ACHARD, Secretary.
St. Louis, June 21, 1884.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS of the Mound City Street Railway Company—This company has determined to defer the exercise of the option to pay off the bonds heretofore issued by it. And notice is hereby given to the holders of such bonds that the interest thereon will be paid on the first of July next, on presentation of the coupons at the Laclede Bank of St. Louis.
CLEMENT M. SEAMAN, Sec.-Treas.
June 21, 1884.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a perfectly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in tins only (¼ lb and lb) by Grocers, labeled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists,
London, England.

B 4 U BUY
Go See the
Elevator Refrigerator.
Has more Improvements than any other.
G. KOONS Refrigerator Co.,
1733 Franklin Avenue.
OPEN

Anti-Monopoly Drug Store
S. W. Corner 6th and Market Sts.
Drugs and Medicines, Fancy and Toilet Articles and all articles usually kept by Druggists.
Patent Medicines 10 to 20 per cent less than at any other place in the city.
Physicians' Prescriptions a specialty at lowest rates.
SPECIAL:
Commencing Monday, June 23, and continuing for one week only, Benton's Hair Grower will be sold at 60c per bottle.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE
Will purify the BLOOD, regulate LIVER and KIDNEYS, and RESTORE THE HEALTH and VIGOR of YOUTH. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power. Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.

HARTER'S LIVER PILLS Only Anti-Constipation Pill in the World. NEVER GRIPE, SICKEN OR LEAVE BOWELS CONSTIPATED.
Persons suffering from TORPIDITY of the LIVER, or Inactivity of the Bowels, will find a permanent CURE by the use of these Pills. No medicine should be taken without first Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels with a dose of HARTER'S LIVER PILLS. Sample dose Sent Free on application by postal.
(Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DREAM BOOK." Full of strange and useful information, free.)

FURNITURE!
TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL.
And to those that have got bit by the time-payment houses in particular:
We sell exclusively for cash. Compare our prices with what you pay to the aforesaid T. P. H. and govern yourselves accordingly.
Goods shown with pleasure and lowest price asked at the Low Tariff Furniture Exchange.
MELLIS, 808 & 810 Morgan St.

SAINT **JAMES HOTEL.**
5TH & WALNUT ST. LOUIS.
BEST $2.00 HOTEL.
IN THE WEST
RATES $2 per day / $2 per day
THOS P. MILLER. PROPRIETOR.